St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

VOL. XXXIV. ST. LOUIS, WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 23, 1885. NO. 77.

A WORD IN SEASON!

—ON—

BLANKETS

AND

BED COMFORTS!

—BY—

D. CRAWFORD & CO.

Who are now showing (see octagon window on corner) the LARGEST, FINEST and CHEAPEST STOCK of

BLANKETS AND BED COMFORTS

IN THIS CITY.

Prices Away Below Those of Last Year!!
Buy Now, while the Prices are Away Down!!
Always the Headquarters for Dry Goods, and more especially so for

BLANKETS AND BED COMFORTS!

NOTE THE PRICES AND WADE IN:

Bargains for Everybody!

375 pair 9-4 White blankets at $1 00; auction price $1 22.
200 pair 10-4 heavy White blankets for $2; cheap at $2 60.
300 pair 10-4 extra heavy White blankets only $2 75; well worth $3 50.
165 pair 10-4 super. White blankets at $3; price elsewhere $3 85.
210 pair 10-4 extra super. White blankets for $3 75; agent's price to-day $4 12½.
135 pair 10-4 superfine White blankets only $4; a great bargain at $5 25.
215 pair 11-4 fine White blankets for $3 75; sold elsewhere at $4 50.
240 pair 11-4 most serviceable White blankets only $4; considered cheap at $5 25.
180 pair 11-4 White blankets, superior quality, for $5; a bargain at $6 50.
168 pair 11-4 heavy and fine White blankets at $5 50; same brand last year cost $7 25.
144 pair 11-4 White blankets only $6 50; agent's price to-day being $7 75.
100 pair 11-4 White blankets, Australian wool, for $8; cheap at $10 50.
165 pair 12-4 White blankets, fine and heavy, for $6 50; a bargain at $8 25.
125 pair 12-4 White blankets, superfine quality, at $8; last year's price $10 50.
65 pair 12-4 White blankets, Australian wool, only $9 50; a plum at $12.
75 pair 12-4 White blankets, superfine and a load to carry; for $12 50; regular price $16.

Gray Blankets.

250 pair Gray blankets at $1 10, worth at least $1 35.
185 pair Gray blankets for $1 65, a bargain at $1 90.
200 pair Gray blankets, only $2, cheap at $2 75.
224 pair Gray blankets, large and heavy, at $3 50; well worth $3 25.
165 pair Gray blankets, extra quality, $3 75; a bargain at $3 50.
180 pair Gray blankets, very fine, only $3 50; cheap at $4 75.
146 pair Gray blankets, super and heavy, $5 00; agent's price to-day $6 25.

Scarlet Blankets.

Scarlet and Blue Blankets, positively all wool and best dyes.

240 pair Scarlet or Blue all wool blankets at $3 50; worth $4 75.
230 pair Scarlet or Blue all wool blankets for $4 50; a bargain at $5 75.
235 pair Scarlet or Blue extra fine blankets at $5 50; price elsewhere $7 00.
200 pair Scarlet or Blue, superior in weight and finish, for $6 75; cheap at $8 50.

Bed Comforts.

Bales upon bales of Bed Comforts at prices unknown heretofore, varying in price as follows 65c, 85c, $1 00, $1 50, $2 00, $2 50 and $3 00 each—a liberal discount allowed to purchasers by the dozen.

Every De partment in this

GREAT TRADE CENTER

Is now Overflowing as Never Before with all the

SEASON'S NOVELTIES

—IN—

Dry Goods, Notions, Boys' Clothing, Cloaks, Mantles, Millinery, Shoes, Books, Stationery, Music

—AND—

TAILORING!

The only really full and complete Bazaar on the Continent!! Entitling this firm to the PROUD DISTINCTION of being termed

"Universal Providers."

D. CRAWFORD & CO.,

BROADWAY AND FRANKLIN AVENUE.

S-I-L-K-S-!

Positive Reductions on Silks of 15 to 25 Per Cent During Rebuilding.

See our New Stock. The Extent and Variety will Surprise You. Think of These Numbers when you Buy.

15 pieces Colored Silk Rhadzimers, 75c; Good value at $1.
19 pieces Pure Silk Satin Duchess, all new Fall shades, 95c; well worth $1 25.
12 pieces 22-inch All-Silk Black Brocades, 75c; regular $1 goods.
8 pieces Alexander Giraud's Black Gros-Grain Cachemire Silk, very durable and good black, 65c and 75c; worth 85c and $1.
16 pieces "Long Branch" 22-in. Black Gros-Grain Silk, very elegant goods and pure dye, 95c and $1 23. This is decidedly the best Silk for the money in this city.
Handsome Plushes, all new shades, $1. A big bargain.
Best 20-inch Plushes, every color, $1 25; worth $2.
New Brocaded Silk Velvets, black and all colors, $1 35.
A grand assortment of Plain Velvets, every shade, in all widths, 16, 19, 20 and 22-inch, at $1, $1 25, $1 50 and $2.
Best Woven Brocaded Silk Velvet, $2 and $3.

PENNY & GENTLES,

S. W. Corner Broadway and Franklin Av.

Neuralgia

CAN BE CURED WITHOUT THE USE OF OPIUM OR MORPHINE!

The *Medical Brief*, published at St. Louis, says in the June, 1884, issue: "Many have become victims to the use of opium or morphine, from the use of those drugs for the relief of Neuralgia. It is gratifying to observe that such dangerous consequences may be averted by the use of TONGALINE, which is almost a specific in the acute form of Neuralgia."

"Used Tongaline in a case of Neuralgia of 12 or 15 years standing, which had resisted all treatment. This was six months since and the patient has enjoyed perfect freedom from her complaint."
E. L. ROWE, M. D., Centerville, Mo.

"Have given Tongaline a fair trial in Neuralgia. To use my patient's own expression, "It's the medicine for that disease." J. P. RINKEL, Brighton, Ill.

"I consider Tongaline the best preparation for Neuralgia I have ever tried."
C. V. DUVAL, M. D., Pinsville, Mo.

Tongaline IS HIGHLY RECOMMENDED BY PHYSICIANS

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS. PRICE ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE.

A. A. MELLIER, Sole Proprietor, 709 and 711 WASHINGTON AVENUE, ST. LOUIS.

10c Tetlow's Perfume on Thursday and Friday

Regular Price 25c.

AT THE

Wonderful 5c Store, 417 Washington Avenue.

CHARTER OAK STOVE

Perfection in Roasting and Baking is only attained by using these Stoves, with Wire Gauze Oven Doors.

CHARTER OAK STOVE

EXCELSIOR MFG. COMPANY.

GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878.

BAKER'S

Breakfast Cocoa.

Warranted *absolutely pure Cocoa*, from which the excess of Oil has been removed. It has *three times the strength* of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is therefore far more economical, *costing less than one cent a cup*. It is delicious, nourishing, strengthening, easily digested, and admirably adapted for invalids as well as for persons in health.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

HOTEL BARNUM,

Sixth and Washington Av.

BEST LOCATION IN THE CITY.

EUROPEAN PLAN.

Interior and Exterior new and supplied with Hoffman's Improved Elevator.

First-Class Restaurant on Parlor Floor.

Cuticura

A Positive Cure for Every Form of Blood and Skin Disease from Pimples to Scrofula.

DISFIGURING HUMORS, Humiliating Eruptions, Itching and Burning Skin Tortures, Loathsome Sores, and every species of Itching, Scaly, Pimply, Inherited, Scrofulous, and Contagious Diseases of the Blood, Skin, and Scalp, with Loss of Hair, from infancy to old age, are positively cured by CUTICURA RESOLVENT, the New Blood Purifier, internally, and CUTICURA, the Great Skin Cure, and CUTICURA SOAP, an exquisite Skin beautifier, externally.

ECZEMA CURED.

I was afflicted with Eczema on the Scalp, Face, Ears and Neck, which the Druggist, where I got your remedies, pronounced one of the worst cases that had come under his notice. He advised me to try your CUTICURA REMEDIES, and after five days use my scalp and part of my face were entirely cured, and I hope in another week to have my ears, neck, and the other part of my face cured.
HERMAN SLADE,
130 E. 4th St., New York.

SCABS AND SORES.

I have been afflicted since last March with a skin disease the doctors called Eczema. My face was covered with scabs and sores, and the itching and burning were almost unbearable. Seeing your CUTICURA REMEDIES so highly recommended, concluded to give them a trial, using the CUTICURA and CUTICURA SOAP externally, and RESOLVENT internally, for four months. I call myself cured, in gratitude for which I make this public statement.
MRS. CLARA A. FREDERICK,
Broad Brook, Conn.

CUTICURA REMEDIES are sold everywhere. Price, CUTICURA, 50c; RESOLVENT, $1 00; SOAP, 25c. Prepared by the POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO., Boston, Mass.

Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases."

PIMPLES, Blackheads, Skin Blemishes and Baby Humors, use CUTICURA SOAP.

"CRICK IN THE BACK," stitch in the side, cramps, shooting and sharp pains, rheumatic, neuralgic, and sciatic pains, and every external pain and ache soothed and expelled with wonderful celerity by that new, original, elegant, and speedy anti-dote to pain and inflammation, the CUTICURA PLASTER. Warranted the perfection of elegant external remedies, and vastly superior to all other plasters. At druggists, 25c.; five for $1 00. Mailed free. POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO., Boston.

M. EHRET, JR. & CO.

W. E. Campe, Agt.

PREPARED ROOFING.

CHEAP & DURABLE.

9th & OLIVE STS. ST. LOUIS MO.

THE MAN DIED.

He was not very sick, only a little out of sorts had a bad taste in his mouth when he rose in the morning; felt as tired in the morning as he did at night; could not eat with a relish; got so he couldn't eat at all for days together; grew sullen and morose; finally death ended his earthly career. If he had taken Smith's Iron Tonic when he first noticed his ill-feelings he might have been alive to-day. Only 50 cents at Williamson's Drug Store.

Dr. R. J. Williamson's office in Drug Store, Franklin avenue and Main street.

JUMBO.

The Remains of the Great Elephant at Barnum's Home.

Keeper Scott Tells How the Gentle Brute Died After Bravely Saving the Life of Tom Thumb, the Little Clown Elephant—A Monument to Jumbo, the King of Elephants—The Epitaph.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

BRIDGEPORT, CONN., September 23.—The great Jumbo car belonging to the Barnum show reached here yesterday morning, via the Housatonic Railroad, from St. Thomas, Ont. On board the car was the famous trick elephant, Tom Thumb, in charge of Mathew Scott, who, for more than twenty years, has been Jumbo's keeper. The car and its valuable passenger were taken immediately to Barnum's winter quarters and run on a side track quite near the main building. Keeper Scott related, with tears, the circumstances attending Jumbo's tragic death and the crippling of the dwarf trick elephant. He said the published reports of the accident were mainly correct, but some circumstances were not generally known. After saving Tom Thumb's life by seizing him and tossing him off the track, Jumbo made a rush toward the locomotive of the freight train and the engine struck the mammoth beast almost squarely in the head. So violent was the shock that both of the elephant's tusks were driven sidewise, actually forcing their roots into the brain. None of his bones were broken, but the skull was fractured by the blow. The engine jumped the track. Every animal within hearing of Jumbo's death bellow gave a prolonged howl. The scene was one of great confusion. As soon as possible ropes and pulleys were obtained and the heavy carcass was drawn to a bank by the side of the track. The people were eager to catch a glimpse of him, and it was found necessary to place guards to keep the crowd away. Scott believes the remains would have been cut up and all taken away for relics if the people had been allowed access to the body. He exhibited a photograph taken on the spot, representing Jumbo lying on his side and lifeless. There is a movement on foot at St. Thomas to erect a monument costing from $35,000 to $30,000 near the spot where the accident took place. Before the car left Sunday, a design had been submitted for a pedestal of granite and a shaft of marble on which should appear these words:

THE EPITAPH.

In memory of
JUMBO,
King of Elephants.
Born in Africa, 1861.
Died at St. Thomas, September 15, 1885.
Aged 24 years.

The pride of thousands and a friend of all,
The pillar of a people's hope,
The center of a world's desire,
Hath borne his faculties so meek, hath been so mild
In his great office that his virtues will plead
Like angels trumpet-tongued against
The deep damnation of his taking off.
If the tomb's secrets may not be confessed,
The nature of their private life unfold
A heart has throbbed beneath that leathern breast
And tears adown that dusky cheek have rolled.
Children have climbed that back and kissed that face,
And asked thy name and station, age and race.

Mr. Scott believes that the monument will be erected. He will return to England after the arrival of the great show in this city, October 25. Mr. Barnum wants him to remain with the show another year, as Jumbo's skin will undoubtedly be stuffed by a taxidermist and transported with the caravan next season. The European trip proposed by Mr. Barnum will be abandoned in consequence of Jumbo's death, as that noble animal would have proved its chief attraction in the country whence he came. The bones will either find a resting place in Barnum's Museum at Tuft's College, Boston, or at the Smithsonian Institute. Tom Thumb was suspended in a swing to enable him to take the journey from Canada in comparative comfort. This contrivance was, however, abandoned after a half day's journey, as the constant motion seemed to irritate the little clown. A large quantity of hay was then spread on the car floor and a bed formed, in which Tom rested with comparative ease. The first work yesterday was to transfer the injured animal to his old stall in the elephant building that he might be near a constant fire. On account of pain, which was apparent, he could only move a few steps without resting, and it took several hours to accomplish a very short journey.

The right hind leg is heavily splintered and the break appears to be between the foot and gambrel joint, and the elephant will not allow even a toe of his game leg to touch the ground. He stands on three legs, but keeps up the swaying motion which is usual with elephants. Several men are constantly near him, that he may not be cast in his stall. On the opposite side of the building are twelve full grown elephants, who seem to sympathize with their companion in his distress. Whether Tom Thumb will recover or not is at present a matter of conjecture.

MADE FREE AND HAPPY.

Mrs. Katherine R. Merwin Granted a Divorce from Her Cold-Hearted Husband.

NEWPORT, R. I., September 23.—Mrs. Katherine R. Merwin, whose sister, Miss Gertrude Wildes of Boston, owns a handsome cottage in Rhode Island avenue, was yesterday freed from the matrimonial bonds that bound her to Arthur Gilbert Merwin, lately residing in Chicago. The young gentleman is, as stated in a recent dispatch, a son of Elias Merwin, an eminent lawyer of Boston, whose wealth enables his family to live in luxury. The evidence taken in the Supreme Court yesterday showed that not only had young Merwin neglected to provide for his deserted wife, but that he had committed many other offenses. The testimony was not very voluminous. The first evidence before the court was that of J. W. Hamilton, a Methodist clergyman of Boston, who married the couple. E. F. Atkins, the passenger agent of the Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne and Chicago Railroad, residing at 155 Twenty-fifth street Chicago, stated that in March last a lady representing herself as the wife of Mr. Merwin, who, she said, was in the East, engaged apartments, and later Merwin arrived and joined her.

HE INTRODUCED HER AS HIS WIFE.

Mrs. R. H. Garland of 3301 Wabash avenue, Chicago, testified that about November 24 a couple called upon her and sought furnished apartments. Her house is said to be in a fashionable quarter. She demanded references, and Mr. Merwin, handing her the business card of his father, the Boston lawyer, said he guessed that was good enough. They informed her they were just married and on their wedding tour.

Mr. Fletcher Griffiths, who is a book-keeper at John A. Lomas' bottling works, Chicago, declared that he was acquainted with Merwin and knew the lady whom he said was his wife. The last testimony was given by Wm. A. Purcell, an attorney of Chicago who had been engaged by petitioner's counsel to serve respondent with the papers in the case. He stated that he called upon Merwin in June at 155 Twenty-fifth street, Chicago, and found him in bed. Merwin laughed when he served the papers and said: "Well, I guess she will have no trouble in proving her case." Purcell had considerable conversation with Merwin and finally obtained from him an admission that the young lady whom he ran away with was from Boston and had friends highly connected. The divorce was granted.

STEVE WELSH'S ELOPEMENT.

The Social Sensation Agitating the Quiet Town of Lyons, N. Y.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

LYONS, N. Y., September 23.—People here are agitated over the reported elopement of Stephen M. Welsh, a well-known railroad man of this place. Welsh left home on Thursday evening last, but his departure was kept secret until yesterday. His wife suspected his unfaithfulness from several notes found in his pocket from a young lady living in an adjacent town. She kept the discovery to herself until neighbors told her that her husband had been seen at the neighboring summer resorts in company with an attractive young lady. She upbraided him and he became angry and said he would leave her to shift for herself. That was two weeks ago. He returned from his duties as car inspector on Thursday evening, and, having donned his best garments, started out customarily for a walk. He did not return. The next day it was ascertained that he had taken the cars for the East, but by changing cars at Syracuse he went West. In Rochester he met the young lady in whose company he was seen at the summer resorts. He has not been seen since, except by a Lyons man, who saw him with the young lady in London, Canada, on Sunday. Welsh is a large, fine appearing man, about 35 years of age. He was a member of the Catholic Church. He leaves an attractive wife and four young children, and, having converted as much property into money as he could, has left his family destitute. His wife accuses herself of having driven her husband from home, and does not blame him in the least. Her father, who lives near Paterson, N. J., is well-to-do, and he is expected here soon. The youngest child is dangerously ill.

FOR THE RIGHT OF WAY.

The War in Philadelphia Between the Pennsylvania and the B. & O.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., September 23.—The fight between the Pennsylvania and the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Companies is likely to give the courts in this city much business. The new Baltimore and Philadelphia Railroad Company, the Baltimore and Ohio's new line, filed another bill in equity yesterday against the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Railroad Company, by reason of the proposed crossing of the latter's tracks by the new company between Fifty-seventh and Fifty-eighth street streets, and between Grays and Paschall avenues in the Twenty-fourth Ward. This bill is filed because an order was made by the court that the bond of $5,000 offered by the Baltimore and Philadelphia to the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore as a guarantee against damages to the latter should not be approved until the question of a crossing should be determined by a bill in equity. The Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore claims to need all of the right of way in dispute for side tracks and wants the court to order the Baltimore and Philadelphia Railroad to make a single span bridge 130 feet long across its right of way, instead of an iron trestle. It also wants the court to order that the same railroad company shall not cross Fifty-sixth street at the grade near its station, as it will greatly endanger the safety of passengers who get on and off at that station. It says that this can be done by lowering the grade 6 feet and raising the track 8 feet, as was the original intention of the company when the consolus passed its charter. In the bill filed by the Baltimore and Philadelphia to have the matter determined it is alleged that the complainant's track

WILL CROSS THE OLD ROAD

at an elevation of not less than twenty feet; that until recently the old road had only laid two tracks and had constructed immediately to the west, at Fifty-eighth street, a bridge which crossed over the road, with abutments only ninety-seven feet apart and with two rows of columns supporting the same. Notwithstanding this fact, however, it objected to the place where the company crosses by means of a bridge of abutments situated outside its lines of right of way and supported by four lines of iron columns running parallel with the center line of the defendant's road and giving a clearance way of six feet. The complainant avers that the defendant company has recently, in order to sustain a claim that the bridge should be constructed with a single span of 130 feet without support, excavated the ground and laid a number of side tracks, some of which are not connected with the main tracks, while none of them can be extended on account of the Fifty-eighth street bridge abutments. The bill further avers that the construction of a bridge with a span 130 feet would be entirely unreasonable. The court is therefore asked to enjoin the defendant company from interfering with the workmen of the complainant in the construction of their bridge upon the plan proposed. The court will probably hear the argument on Saturday.

DELANEY'S DISCOVERY.

Rich Copper Ore Found on a Farm in Pennsylvania.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

HOWESDALE, PA., September 23.—The Delaney farm lies at the foot of the Mossy Mountain range, which divide the Anthracite Coal measures of the Lackawanna Valley from the region lying east of it in Northern Pennsylvania. Although Delaney had lived on his farm for several years, it was only two or three months ago that he noticed the peculiar metaliferous appearance of outcropping of rock at the base of the ridge, a few rods from his house. He chipped out pieces of the rock, which is of a slaty formation, and the extraordinary weight of the specimens thus obtained satisfied him they held valuable mineral. The specimens were shown to parties in this place and Scranton, and the news soon spread that Delaney had discovered a gold mine on his farm. Faith in the value of the discovery was very slight in the community, and the alleged discovery was soon forgotten. Delaney's confidence that there was a valuable mine on his premises was not shaken, and about six weeks ago he induced a prominent business man of this country who was driving through South Canaan to visit his farm, and to look at the outcropping of rock. The gentleman became interested at once, and enjoining secrecy in Delaney, he took a quantity of the rock and sent it to the Government assay office to be tested. The result was the report that the specimens were copper ore, and that the mineral was present

IN UNUSUAL RICHNESS,

65 per cent of pure copper being obtained from some of the specimens. In the meantime John Tobin, a South Canaan blacksmith, took a small quantity of the rock from the Delaney farm and smelted it in a crude fashion and obtained a lump of copper that struck him as being very large, for the fumes of the ore he had tested. Even this test of Tobin's failed to convince the residents of the neighborhood that there was anything worth taking notice of. After the result of the Government assay was received, the gentlemen who had become interested in the matter had an opening made of the other side of the ridge on the Arnold farm, an eighth of a mile from the outcropping on the Delaney farm. The same formation was found and some of the ore was sent to be smelted. The result was the same large yield of copper. These operations were kept so quiet that the most intimate friends of the parties knew nothing of it. The gentleman who caused the tests to be made, in the meantime secured 400 acres of land in the vicinity. Last week the result of the operations on the two farms became known. Previous to the tests mentioned the assayer of a Scranton mining company had taken some of the rock, and, after testing it, reported that there was a trace of gold and silver in it, but that it would never amount to enough to pay for working. At the same time he made Delaney an offer of $5,000 for his farm, much more than it was worth. Delaney's wife advised him not to sell, and he did not. Since then the Mining Company have raised their offer to $30,000, but Delaney, acting under the advice of the gentleman referred to, has declined it.

THE NEPHEW WAS TOO SHARP.

A Negro's Clever Scheme to Make Fat Witness Fees in a Federal Court.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

COLUMBUS, S. C., September 23.—A strange case has just been disposed of in the United States District Court at Greenville. A white boy had been sent by his aunt, who was sick, to buy a small quantity of whisky for her. He got the liquor, and on the way home stopped at the house of an uncle and told his errand. The uncle asked for a drink, but was refused. At last he offered to pay 10 cents for the drink, arguing that the boy's aunt would have enough left for herself. The offer was accepted and some time later the uncle lodged information against his nephew, charging him with being a retail liquor dealer without paying the special United States tax. The nephew was arrested and bound, and the uncle and his two sons were summoned as witnesses. The prisoner understood that the case was a scheme to give his relatives the opportunity to spend several weeks in the city as witnesses at $2 50 a day, and declared that he would "rot in jail" before he would let them profit by the transaction. He therefore advanced to the bar on the second day of the term and pleaded guilty, although he knew he had a perfect defense, and was so assured. The witnesses were therefore dismissed with small witness tickets. The judge was informed of the circumstances and made the sentence light, the prosecutors noted only $3 apiece when their gains would have been $30 to $40 if the case had gone on.

REV. ARNER SWEET and two children are in a destitute condition at the southeast corner of Dock street and Broadway. The wife and mother died recently, and her husband and children are reported by the police as worthy of assistance.

LATEST EDITION.

THE TUG OF WAR.

A Strong Protest From the Porte to the European Powers.

Turkey to Take Efficient Action Respecting the Roumelian Revolt—The Sultan Determined to Enforce the Stipulations of the Treaty of Berlin—Germany Accepts Spain's Apology—The Cholera—Foreign News.

Special Cablegram to the Post-Dispatch.

LONDON, September 23.—A more complicated state of affairs than that at present existing in Eastern politics would be difficult to imagine. In the short period of about forty-eight hours the perplexing conundrums that has bothered Europe for so many years has again been brought to the fore with a sudden, startling crash that has astonished every nation but Russia, and probably Germany. It may safely be surmised that the failure of the British Mission to Constantinople was the match that set fire to the long-prepared train of powder that Russia had placed to the Bulgarian mine. The explosion has come at last, the Russian papers are jubilant, the French are thunderstruck and the English are stupidly astounded. Various and conflicting reports are flashed from city to city and from country to country, all tending to one object, however, and that is to mystify and hoodwink the uninitiated while the work of conquest goes on. The fact that Russia has triumphantly checkmated England and Austria, has taken another step towards Constantinople and has added fresh territory to the Czar's immense dominions, seems to be the general conclusion arrived at. No thoughtful person for a moment imagines that the present revolution would have taken place had it not been for Russian sanction. This work has ostensibly done by Bulgarian secret committees, but the hand of Russia can be traced in every movement. How far the conflagration will spread is

A MATTER OF SERIOUS CONSIDERATION

at present by all the European cabinets, and it can safely be said that few, if any, of these can predict the definite result. Eastern Roumelia and Bulgaria are tributary to territories under the sway of the Sultan of Turkey, and, together with other small principalities in the same quarter, have formed a kind of wall in the center of Europe—a bunch of thorns in the side of everybody—a state of affairs that could not exist forever.

Gradually they must be swept away and the greater Powers will find themselves face to face with foemen worthy of their steel. Then will come

THE TUG OF WAR.

The famous treaty of Berlin created Roumelia and Bulgaria in 1878—in other words, they were created by England under Beaconsfield's directing genius. Now, at a blast, they are coolly swept away by Russia, and England has only to grin and bear it, for retaliation seems almost impossible. One result of this state of affairs, however, may be to throw Turkey once more into the arms of England unless the present revolution was accomplished with England's consent, as a gentle rap over the knuckles for the sick man, to remind him that "England's the friend, you know." With England's support Turkey might resist by force of arms. Will she receive that support after having, but a few days ago, diplomatically snubbed "her best friend?" In any case it seems probable that Turkey, who never exercised the right bestowed on her by the treaty of Berlin, to fortify the Balkans, the wall that must protect her against further encroachments, must now busy herself and take steps to protect her remaining provinces from a similar coup de main. Revenge herself she dare not, for it would mean another war with Russia. I mean that she dare not unless backed by some powerful friend. Germany, meanwhile, contents herself with watching the progress of affairs, the North German Gazette mildly remarking that the revolution is "illegal" and that the union of Roumelia and Bulgaria "is a purely airy structure, lacking foundation in international law."

THE PORTE'S PROTEST.

CONSTANTINOPLE, September 23.—The Porte has issued a circular to the signatory powers of the treaty of Berlin, protesting that the conduct of Prince Alexandria of Bulgaria, in relation to the rising in Roumelia, is a violation of the stipulations of the treaty of Berlin and declaring that the Sultan has resolved on efficient action to carry out the rights of the Porte contained in Article 16 of the Berlin treaty, which provides that in the event of the internal or external security of Eastern Roumelia being threatened, the Porte, after notifying the powers of the exigencies that require it, may send Ottoman troops into the Provinces.

MUSSULMANS DISCHARGED FROM THE MILITIA.

PHILIPPOPOLIS, September 23.—All the Mussulmans enrolled in the militia of Roumelia have been discharged from the service as a precautionary measure against the conveying of military secrets to Turkey. The sympathy of the Mussulmans is undoubtedly with the Porte, and if permitted to remain in the army they would probably fraternize with the Turkish soldiers. Prince Alexander of Bulgaria, declares that he is able to withstand the attack of all the forces the Sultan can rally, to support his claims in Roumelia.

PRINCE ALEXANDER ASKS RUSSIA'S APPROVAL.

Prince Alexander has ordered several Turkish emblems, which were seized during the rising on Friday last, to be restored to their owners. He has also telegraphed the Czar, asking him to favor the unity of Roumelia and Bulgaria, and to grant the united countries the protection of Russia.

DEMONSTRATION BY STUDENTS IN SERVIA.

BELGRADE, September 23.—The students of this city hearing a rumor to the effect that Austria was preparing to annex Bosnia under cover of the present excitement, made a demonstration in front of the royal palace against such a proceeding. The crowd became so noisy that the police dispersed the people.

PREVENT THE INSURRECTION SPREADING.

LONDON, September 23.—The Standard to-day, commenting on affairs in Roumelia, urges the signatory Powers to the treaty of Berlin that, although it may be too late to restore the status quo to Roumelia, they should take immediate measures to prevent the spread of the insurrection to other Balkan States.

A CONFERENCE OF THE POWERS.

Russia has proposed a conference of the Powers on the Roumelian difficulty, but wants the Porte to take the initiatory step in the matter. Austria will await a decision from the Porte before committing herself on the question.

A GERMAN SEMI-OFFICIAL STATEMENT.

BERLIN, September 23.—A semi-official statement is made that the Powers will not look calmly on the breaking of the treaty of Berlin, but will side with Turkey, and if Russia opposes them she will be isolated. Only after the Bulgarians have been restored to common sense can the Powers decide what shall be done for Bulgarian unity.

The Carolines.

NEWSPAPERS PROSECUTED.

MADRID, September 23.—Newspapers here and in the provinces have been prosecuted by the Government for their utterances regarding the Carolines affair.

The Russo-Afghan Trouble.

REGIMENTS LEAVE FOR HERAT.

CABUL, September 23.—Three Afghan regiments, equipped with Martine-Henry rifles, have left here for Herat.

South America.

BLESSED BY THE POPE.

VALPARAISO, September 23.—The Pope has ratified the appointments made by the Government to the vacant sees of Santiago, Concepcion and Chico.

The Cholera.

KING KING SUMMONS.

ROME, September 23.—King Humbert's message of sympathy to the inhabitants of Palermo, where the greatest suffering exists, was received with enthusiastic expressions of gratitude. The epidemic in Palermo is stationary and warmer weather prevails throughout Sicily.

SPAIN'S APOLOGY ACCEPTED.

BERLIN, September 23.—Prince Bismarck has accepted the apology of Spain for the recent insult to the German Embassy at Madrid.

COMMERCIAL CHAT.

The St. Louis grain inspectors who have been investigating the condition of the stock of No. 2 wheat in East side elevators concluded their labors and made the following report to-day:

J. C. Ewald, Chairman Executive Committee—We have made a thorough examination of all the No. 2 red winter wheat in Advance, Venice, East St. Louis and Valley Elevators and report the quality and condition good.

C. O. DUTCHER, president;
J. C. FEARS,
T. W. DANDRIDGE.

The investigation of the elevators on this side will begin to-morrow.

There is one miller on 'Change who will never consign any more flour abroad, or, at least, he says so. He is now engaged in defending a suit for over-draft on a consignment of flour, which was disposed of at 4 and 5 shillings per 280 pounds below the market. The sharp practices of some of the English brethren in this regard have made the consignment business decidedly unpopular.

The man who had a "call" on wheat and failed to realize on it at the opening this morning is condemning everything and everybody in his neighborhood this afternoon. Calls were good property for about half an hour after the opening, but by 1 o'clock they were at great discount.

THE SUGAR INDUSTRY.

Probability That the Belcher Refinery Will Resume December 1.

The Rise and Partial Fall of Beet-Root Sugar—A Crop Three-Quarters of a Million Tons Short—An Advance in Prices During the Past Six Months—The Freight Question.

"The Belcher Refinery will probably resume operations December 1," said Secretary Cunningham yesterday evening. "A force of men will be put at work October 1 getting the works in shape, and if the market will warrant it, we will start up December 1. Recently the price of sugar has advanced and the price of refined sugar has had a heavier advance in proportion. This, of course, leaves us a better margin to work on."

"Is there much money in sugar now?" said the POST-DISPATCH reporter to whom Mr. Cunningham was speaking.

"We could be making money now if we were running. The beet crop of Germany, France and Russia is, I understand, 750,000 tons short. That, of course, helps to strengthen the market. Then, stocks are decreasing all over the country."

"Will not the Louisiana crop be unusually large?"

"That is what we are waiting for—the Louisiana sugar. It is the best for us to work on and it never comes in until the last of November."

"How many men will find employment at the Belcher Refinery when it starts?"

"Five hundred. Of course," continued Mr. Cunningham, "there are a number of considerations to be taken into consideration and we are, therefore, not certain of resuming. I think these matters can be arranged however, before December 1, and if they are, we will start up about that time."

* * *

The resumption of work by the Belcher Refinery means a great deal to the city of St. Louis. The Belcher Company has always been one of the most enterprising in the city of St. Louis, and it was an excess of enterprise in extending their business facilities that brought the stockholders to disaster. The stock of the old company has been wiped out. So with it has been wiped out that discontented element that refused to lend its assistance to the reorganization scheme a year ago. The two propositions submitted by the directors were to all appearances perfectly fair. The refusal of many large stockholders to advance any more money to protect their interest destroyed all chances of maintaining the company, and at the same time absolved the directors from any responsibility for the final break-up. Now, these directors own the works, and, while they lost considerable money on their old stock, they have obtained a very valuable property at less than one-half its cost. Had the stockholders, notably the Ames interest, consented to the plan of reorganization last year the company would have been able to hold its own pretty well, and would now be in a fair way to make money. Under the management of the new company, capitalized, as it is, for so much less than the aggregate of the former stock and bonded indebtedness, there is no reason why it should not realize handsomely for its owners if there is any money in the sugar business.

* * *

The beet-root sugar industry, which seemed in a fair way to paralyze the sugar interests of America a year ago seems to have been run a little too far, and is now experiencing a decided reaction. Germany, it will be remembered, offered a bounty to the exporter of beet-root sugar equal almost to the price of the beet. As the beet product, other than sugar is utilized in various ways and realizes a considerable income for the manufacturer sugar could be shipped abroad at little more than the cost of transportation. The opening up of this industry brought into the field hundreds of manufacturers. All Europe was flooded with beet-root sugar, and cane-sugar fell at a fearful rate. Not only was this noticeable in the wholesale and refining trades, but housekeepers found their sugar was cheapened to one-half the former cost. The state of affairs threatened the annihilation of the sugar industry of Louisiana. Beet-root sugar had been shipped in small quantities to New York, and had there been brought into successful competition with the product of the cane. Sugar dropped lower and lower day after day, and one by one the refiners shut down. Many establishments having large stocks on hand or contracts for supplies of the raw article became embarrassed, and, like the Belcher, went heavily into debt and finally into bankruptcy.

Now, however, to all appearances a healthy reaction has set in. The over-production of last year cut away all the profit there was in beet-root sugar, and manufacturers went out of the business almost as fast as they went in. This year the crop of beets will not be more than three-fourths of what it was last year, and with an increased consumption on account of lower prices stocks will become still more reduced and cane-sugars will come to their own again. At least, while they may not resume quite their old foothold in Europe, they will undoubtedly appreciate in value until they will yield a margin of profit to both the cultivator of the cane and the refiner of the sugar. Refined sugars have probably seen the lowest prices they will ever know until the cost of refining and of transportation is very much reduced.

* * *

The price of white refined sugar has advanced steadily during the past six months. On March 23, just six months ago, the ruling quotations locally were: Cut loaf, 7¾c; cubes, 8½c; fine powdered, 7⅝; standard granulated, 7c; No. 2, 6¾c; fruit powdered, 7⅛c; standard A, 6¾c; off A, 6¼c; white C, 6c; yellow C, 5¼@5¾c.

Yesterday the quotations were as follows: Cut loaf, 7¾c; cubes, 7¾c; fine powdered, 7¾c; powdered, 7¾c; standard granulated, 7⅜c; No. 2, 7¼c; fruit powdered, 7⅜c; standard A, 7c; off A, 6¾c; white C, 6¾c; yellow C, 6¼@6½c.

At the same time with the advance in refined sugar the raw article also advanced, but not so much, and the refiner, therefore, has a much better margin on which to work.

* * *

The freight question will doubtless have a great deal to do with the resumption of the Belcher Refinery. It is a question that vitally affects all St. Louis manufacturing as well as jobbing interests. Take the particular case in point. How can St. Louis refiners place sugar in outside markets when rates from Eastern cities are lower than rates from St. Louis to points West of this city. How can St. Louis refiners bring raw sugar from Louisiana, refine it and sell it to Western and Southwestern points when rates from New Orleans to those points are less than rates from St. Louis? Railroad companies do not appear to consider that the business of St. Louis is worth working for; yet the exorbitant and discriminating rates charged by many of them are effectually shutting up St. Louis factories and work-shops, and portions of the country which would come to St. Louis for their supplies and give these roads their business at reasonable rates are obliged to go elsewhere and consequently to patronize other roads. If railroad companies would stick to their legitimate business of hauling goods such a distance for so much money they would find that prices would seek their level everywhere and business divide itself up fairly. When they attempt to make certain special rates to move certain goods they go entirely out of their province. When they say to the sugar refiner of New Orleans, "The Louisiana crop is short and your prices out of line with prices all over the country; but we will make you a rate that will allow you to move your goods even at these prices," they are offering to take from the shoulders of the New Orleans man the burden of loss that might be entailed by the short crop, and in assuming that loss themselves they are doing an injustice to their stockholders. The Louisiana crop is not short this year, but that was the flimsy excuse given less than a year ago for the ridiculously low rates made from New Orleans.

IRA DAVENPORT.

Nominated For Governor by the New York Republicans.

Gen. Carr Gets the Nomination For Lieutenant-Governor — Anson S. Wood for Secretary of State—James W. Wadsworth for Comptroller—The Platform—A Big Bid for the Labor Vote.

SARATOGA, N. Y., September 23.—Upon reassembling at 4:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon, the Committee on Permanent Organization made its report and James W. Husted was made permanent chairman, and immediately after he had taken his seat the work of the Convention began. The nominations for Governor were as follows:

Mr. Chas. D. Baker, of Steuben County, placed in nomination the name of Ira Davenport, of Steuben County.

Mr. J. J. Van Allen, of New York City, followed with Hon. Levi P. Morton, whom he place in nomination.

James A. Dennison, of Rensselaer County, nominated Joseph B. Carr.

Edward Hatch, of Erie, named Hon. Jas. D. Warren.

Andrew S. Draper, of Albany, arged the Convention to nominate Dr. John Swinburne, of Albany County.

Senator Artteil nominated Joseph W. Drexel, of New York.

Edward Mitchell, of New York, nominated Cornelius N. Bliss, of New York.

S. E. Payne presented the name of Gen. Wm. H. Seward, of Cayuga County.

After several attempts to secure an adjournment or a recess, a motion to proceed to ballot for Governor was then adopted, and the roll was called by districts. The roll-call resulted as follows: Davenport, 105; Carr, 205; Morton, 48; Seward, 37; Sw in burne, 34; Low, 18; Warren, 127; Drexel, 37; Bliss, 53; Cornell, 4; Evarts, 1; Starrin, 1; Charles Andrews, 1. Whole number of votes cast, 661; necessary for a choice, 347.

At the conclusion of the first ballot, the Convention at 8 p. m. adjourned until this morning.

THE MORNING SESSION.

The second day of the New York State Republican Convention opened cold and stormy. During the night there were many conferences. The Committe on Resolutions heard several delegations during the night, and were held till a late hour. The Chaplain of the Senate, Rev. Dr. S. V. Leech, urged the committee to take a square and bold stand on the temperance question, and recommend a constitutional amendment regulating or prohibiting the liquor traffic. Some members of the committee favored the proposition, but the great majority were opposed to formulating any temperance plank. The hour of assembling appeared to be rather early for the majority of the delegates. They strolled in the hall very slowly, and it was not until 10:30 o'clock that the Chaplain offered prayer. Immediately thereafter, ex-Assemblyman David Healy of Monroe was voted permission to address the convention in behalf of the labor interests. He warned the convention that mere promises were useless. The Democratic convention that meets to-morrow night outbid the one that adjourns to-day. Gen. Sharp, at the close of Mr. Healy's address, moved that the Committee on Resolutions be instructed to consider the points raised by Mr. Healy, and, if deemed advisiable, embody them into a platform. The Chairman of the Committee on Resolutions, Col. George Bliss, replied that the platforms had already been agreed upon. He believed that the laboring men would find, on reading it, that the points raised by Mr. Healy had been fully recognized. The Committee on Resolutions then reported the platform. When the clause was read relating to the preference of office to be given ex-soldiers, Corporal Tanner of Brooklyn inquired if that meant that if the soldier passed an examination that proved his competency he should be appointed even if the college graduate of yesterday should pass at a higher figure. "It does," quickly rejoined Col. Bliss. "If the soldier passed 80, and the dude stands 100, the soldier gets the place. [Great applause and laughter.] Many passages in the platform were applauded, notably the one referring to convict labor. The platform was unanimously adopted.

BALLOTING.

11:20 A. M.—A ballot has just been taken in the Republican convention. Davenport has 215, Carr 195; a loss for Carr of about ten votes. DREXEL'S friends are said to be sure to go to Davenport.

DAVENPORT NOMINATED.

11:35 A. M.—Davenport has been nominated for Governor.

CARR FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.

Davenport's nomination was made unanimous amidst great cheering. The whole convention then yelled "Carr for second place." Gen. Carr was quickly nominated for the Lieutenant-Governorship by acclamation.

WOOD FOR SECRETARY OF STATE.

Anson S. Wood, of Franklin County was nominated for Secretary of State by acclamation.

WADSWORTH FOR COMPTROLLER.

James W. Wadsworth of Livingston County was nominated for Comptroller by acclamation.

THE OTHER NOMINATIONS.

The ticket was completed as follows: State Treasurer, Major Charles Ulrich of New York; Attorney-General, Edward B. Thomas of Chenango County; State Engineer, Wm. F. Van Bensalaer. Adjourned sine die.

THE PLATFORM.

The platform adopted to-day by the Republican State Convention is as follows:

The Republican party of New York in convention represented, declare, first, that the provisions of the existing civil service laws of the State and nation should be strengthened and extended to all grades of the public service to which they may be applicable, so that the election of administrative officers in the civil service shall, so far as possible, be governed solely by capacity and fitness. We insist upon the enforcement of these laws by all public officials, not only in the letter, but also in spirit. Honorably discharged soldiers and sailors who are shown by competitive examination to possess the necessary requirements shall be given the preference in certification and in appointment. Second—That the laws affecting the government of cities should be simplified, so as to enable the people to fix the responsibility with ease and certainty. Third—That we demand of Congress the passage of an act putting an end to the enlargement of the stock by money formed of silver, or based on silver. The maintenance of the gold standard of the purity with the gold of all kinds of money in use is essential to the prosperity of our country; and the restoration of silver to its former position as good money through equality with gold before the law in a majority of the commercial nations must remain until we have accomplished the chief aim of our monetary policy. Fourth. That we emphasize the demand of the last National Republican Convention that the imposition of duties on foreign imports shall be made not for revenue only, but that in raising requisite revenues for the Government such duties shall be so levelled as to afford security to our diversified industries and protection to the rights of the laborer to the end that active and intelligent labor, as well as capital,

MAY HAVE ITS JUST REWARD,

and the laboring man his full share in the national prosperity. The persistent threats of the Democratic leaders to overthrow this policy added to the present troubles of trade, and the paralysis of industry, until the full effects of the revision of 1883 can be fairly estimated; the agitation for the radical change in tariff laws as a gratuitous assault on the wages of labor, on all branches of production and all the interests of traffic. We are opposed to the introduction of any system of free trade, the inevitable effect of which would be to destroy our mills and factories and to carry down American wages to the standard of the Old World. Fifth, that while we cordially indorse the dying sentiments of the great soldier and citizen, Ulysses S. Grant, in favor of harmony and good feeling between the North and the South, we insist that an end shall be put to the criminal evasion of the guarantees of equal civil and political rights promised by the Constitution to every freeman. The right of suffrage must be maintained free and untrammeled, and if that right is unlawfully denied to any part of the people of any State, its representation in Congress and the Electoral College should be reduced. Sixth. That the Legislature having, pursuant to the will of the people expressed at the polls, abolished the system of contract labor in the prisons of the State, we urge the enactment of laws tending to distribute as widely and equitably as possible, the burden of competition with free labor.

Seventh. That in the letting of contracts for State work no contract should be awarded to any person or corporation discriminating against any class or organization of laborers.

Eighth. That we recommend legislation guaranteeing the benefits of public schools to all children of the State, and such control of factory employment as will surround the women and children employed therein with the necessary safeguards for their physical, mental and moral well-being. 9. That stringent laws should be passed for the improvement of the sanitary conditions of the homes of working men in cities. 10. That we demand the strict enforcement by the national Government of the law prohibiting the importation of contract labor. Eleventh that we recommend legislation to foster the agricultural and dairy interests of the State and such as will prevent the adulteration of articles of food.

Twelfth. That we favor the continuance of the railway commission upon a non-partisan basis.

Thirteenth, That in the interest of cheap transportation for the country and of reduced taxation for the people of this State, we declare in favor of asking the National Government to assist in the improvement of the locks and the deepening of the channel of the Erie canal under state control.

IMPROVED TAXATION.

Fourteenth—That the improvement in the system of taxation commenced by the recent Republican Legislature, under which large sums have been collected from sources which previously escaped taxation, should be perfected and extended so that the burden may fall equally upon all classes of property.

Fifteenth—We condemn the hypocrisy of the Democratic party in pledging itself before election to civil service reform, and after election denouncing through its press and its leaders the civil service act as unconstitutional, while the National Administration removes tried and faithful public servants and replaces them with persons whose only recommendation is active, and in some instances disreputable, political work.

Sixteenth—We denounce the hypocritical pretenses under which faithful Republican officers are removed on the plea of offensive partizanship, while such men as Higgins, Thomas, Throop, Chase, Pillsbury, Aquilla Jones and others, some of whose names appear upon the prison records of the country, and whose recommendation is political partizanship, are appointed to their places. While removing elsewhere, on the ground of offensive partizanship, Republicans who edit newspapers, the national administration continues in a high judicial office in the city of New York a prominent Democratic appointee who so publicly announces himself as having assumed, since his appointment, the control of an avowedly political journal. We believe it the duty of the Republican majority of the Senate to oppose the confirmation of any person appointed in violation of the letter and spirit of the Civil Service act. We denounce the national Administration for its obvious willingness to abandon the opinions they have professed upon the currency, and to compromise with leaders of their party who are avowedly in favor of the continued debasement of the currency; for its hostility to the commerce of the country, evinced by its refusal to carry out the system adopted by Congress for the encouragement of American shipping; for its arbitrary action in repudiating a contract regularly entered into by the duly authorized agents of the Government, and persevering in the attempt to deprive American mechanics of their means of livelihood, until aroused public opinion compelled it to abandon the attempt, and for its hostility, further evinced by the arbitrary enforcement of the customs laws by illegal provisions and tricks, intended to deprive merchants of any fair opportunity for asserting their rights. We denounce the Democratic State Executive for his action in reference to the census, resulting in an extra session at a large and useless expense, while he vetoed the necessary appropriations for the State Board of Health in the face of a decided epidemic; we denounce his conduct in vetoing the Brooklyn reform bills in order to commend himself to the local Democratic leaders, while he approved bills legalizing claims dating from the days of Tweed, and barred by the statute of limitations and judicial decision, and thereby imposing additional burdens on an overburdened city.

McCUE'S MISCUE.

A Drunken Witness Who was Fined for Contempt.

Edward Burke and Wm. McCue were brought up before Judge Cady this morning on what, after the evidence was in, seemed a very thin case of disturbing the peace. The defendant, Burke, allowed his lawyer to conduct his case for him, but McCue insisted on carrying his own defense, which was a great mistake for a man to do in his condition. When he got on the witness stand, contrary to the strenuous advice of Burke's counsel, he made his opening bad break by nodding familiarly at the Court, winking his left eye in the direction of the bench, and knowingly remarking:

"I'm agoin' ter give it ter yer straight, Judge. The officers was drinking beer together in the saloon and playing cards or dice, I couldn't swear which, when Officer Stock comes up and asks me where does I get money to buy beer with. This was a kind of thunder lick to me, Judge, and so I got back at him with 'where do you get your money, Stock?'"

"How are you feeling this morning?" the Judge asked, interrupting a flow of language which never ceased except when the necessity of giving room for a hiccough arose.

"I'm feeling tip-top, Judge," said the witness, adding in a friendly way, "and how's yourself?"

"I'll fine you $5 and commit you to the calaboose for twenty-four hours for contempt for coming into Court drunk," the Judge said.

When the Marshal began to remove McCue, he said, "We take an appeal, Judge," and when he found that his legal knowledge did not embrace the fact that appeals do not lie in cases of contempt, he seemed overburdened with sadness.

THE GENERAL RUN.

Other cases were disposed of as follows: Richard Dunn, disturbing the peace, $5; Jacob Werder, disturbing the peace and resisting an officer $45; Charles Stout, alias Butch, vagrancy, $500; John B. Coughlin, defacing property and disturbing the peace, $30; L. A. Wretland, carrying concealed weapons, $10 and costs; Henry Hall, careless driving and resisting officer, $30.

DRAWING TO A CLOSE.

Evidence in the Dierberger Trial Almost All in—Criminal Court Doings.

In the Dierberger murder trial this morning the first witness examined was Herman Praedicow, who was Deputy Coroner at the time the inquest on Horne was held, and who testified as to the nature of the wounds on Dierberger's face when he was arrested the day after the killing, stating that he had a black eye and that his nose was abrased. Dr. John N. Frank, who was Coroner at the time, supplied testimony which corroborated that of his deputy. Mrs. Dierberger, the wife of the defendant, gave a detailed account of what she remembered of the affair, stating that she saw a struggle. She saw no pistol or other weapon in her husband's hand, but saw a shining instrument in the hands of the deceased, Horne. Dr. W. B. Faulkner testified to seeing Dierberger on the day following the killing, when his eyes were in a very bad condition, as if he had been badly pounded the night before. Michael Foerstel and August Reimler testified with regard to Dierberger's reputation, which for peace and quietness was very good. The defense will close their case this afternoon after hearing a couple additional witnesses. The State will then have an opportunity to bring witnesses in rebuttal and to-morrow will be given up to the arguments of counsel.

The case of the Chinese Highbinders was on the docket to-day but did not come up on account of the Dierberger trial being in progress.

The case against James Kelly, charged with seduction was nolle pros'd, the prosecuting witness, Mary Tynan, having written a letter to the Circuit Attorney, stating that inasmuch as the defendant had married another woman since and had been living with her for over a year, she would request that the prosecution be abandoned.

The Correction Court.

The following cases were disposed of by Judge Noonan this morning:

Sam Carter, petit larceny, stealing a box of cigars from Julian Schmidt, of 2744 Market street; fined $100 and sent to House of Refuge in default.

Frank Sandmeyer, embezzlement; dismissed for want of prosecution.

F. W. Kullman, fraud; defendant discharged.

Frank Bracy, grand larceny; defendant discharged.

Charles Hills, assault and battery, dismissed for want of prosecution.

Andrew Williams, petit larceny, stealing a pair of shoes from J. G. Brandt; five days in Jail.

Jesse Johnson, petit larceny, stealing a hat from the Guardian Hat Company, one year Work House.

William McDermott, burglary in the second degree and larceny, entering G. E. Hibbard's store and stealing clothes, etc.; dismissal for want of prosecution set aside and defendant held in $1,000.

Adolph Oestrich, petit larceny, stealing $17, a revolver and other articles from Michael Bunch; four months Work House.

Frank J. De Carcey, making voluntary false affidavit against Collector Whitney; dismissed for want of prosecution.

Isaac Raly, fraud, defendant discharged.

Geo. Tandy, alias Chinaman, burglary in the second degree and larceny, entering Jesse Cornelius' residence and stealing a $50 overcoat; held in $1,000.

Annie Matthews, petit larceny, five days in Jail.

Those Happy Days.

From the Texas Siftings.

Don't you remember me?"

"Can't say that I ever saw you before."

"Don't you remember little Sammy Bambry, who used to steal your peaches and break your windows, twenty years ago, right here in Austin?"

"Why, certainly, I remember you now very well, how you used to steal my peaches, and don't you remember how I caught you just as you were getting over the fence one day, and how I tanned your little hide for you?"

"You bet you did. Ah, those happy days will never come again."

THE butter dealers held a meeting this afternoon in the Directors' room of the Exchange to consider the butter premiums to be offered at the Fair and to reorganize their protective association for the winter.

EXPOSITION!

NO. 2

—AT—

SONNENFELD'S

FAMOUS

Millinery and Fancy Goods Dep't.

FALL NOVELTIES in each and every one of our numerous departments at PRICES NOVEL in their cheapness for this city.

Stylish Ladies' trimmed Hats $1 50 and up.
Beautiful Tinsel Dotted Wings 12 1-2c and up.
Genuine French Ostrich Tips in all colors, 49c per bunch of 3 tips.
Real French Ostrich Plumes in all colors 14 to 16 inches long, 49c.
Over 75 different styles Child's Trimmed Felt Hats at $1 25, your choice; selling elsewhere $1 40, $1 50 and $1 75.

NOW OR NEVER IS YOUR TIME FOR

FALL JERSEYS!

NOTE OUR PRICES:

Ladies' All-Wool Jerseys $1, worth $1 25.
Ladies' All-Wool Jerseys, coat back, $1 25, worth $1 75.
Ladies' All-Wool Jerseys, coat back and cuffs, $1 75, worth $2 25.
Ladies' All-Wool Jerseys, coat back and cuffs, ornamented with 2-inch wide silk braid, $1 95, worth $2 50.
Ladies' Fine Cashmere Jerseys, coat back, rolling collar and cuffs, a very stylish garment, $2, worth $2 50.
NORFOLK JERSEY with Belt and Bronzed Clasps, $2 25, worth $3.
Misses' and Children's Jerseys all sizes and colors.
LATEST NOVELTY—Black Cut Beaded Belts and Dog Collars to match, 50c, $1 and up.

SONNENFELD'S

FAMOUS

Millinery and Fancy Goods Dep't.,

(FORMERLY S. J. BRITTAIN & CO.)

BROADWAY AND MORGAN.

SNEAKED IN.

A Bad New York Republican Gets a Federal Office.

Special Agent Hanlon the Protege of Congressman Merriman — How a Blaine Worker Secured a Fat Place—The Suspension of Weigher Sterling—The St. Louis Postmastership—Missouri and Arkansas Postmasters Appointed—Washington News.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., September 23.—One of the recent appointments at the Treasury Department was that of Marcus Hanlon, editor of the American Protectionist, to be a special agent in New York City at a salary of $6 a day. The appointment was made at the instance of Representative Merriman of New York. It has since transpired that Mr. Hanlon is about the worst man whom Merriman could possibly have selected for indorsement. In the days of the high tax on whisky he ran a distillery in Eighteenth street, New York, which was in very bad repute with the revenue officers, with whom it is said he had several unpleasant encounters. During Tweed's miserable rule he was one of the earnest supporters of the corrupt boss, and after Tweed's methods were exposed he was a member of the committee which called on Tweed to assure him of their continued confidence. More recently he was actively connected with the Greenback movements, and last year edited the American Protectionist, a bitter Republican and protection organ, and a partisan supporter of Mr. Blaine. It was fully as vindictive and ugly as the New York Tribune, and its editor has no more right to a federal appointment than the presiding genius of the tall tower. His indorser, Mr. Merriman, was connected with the New York Sun and ran last year under Republican, County Democracy and Greenback auspices, against the Tammany candidate, and was successful by these means.

The Sterling Appointment.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., September 23.—Secretary Manning had a long conference with the President on Sunday night, discussing in all its aspects the dismissal by Collector Hedden, of the port of New York, of Weigher George B. Bacon and the substitution of Mr. George H. Sterling, against whom the civil service reformers have lodged many serious complaints, branding him as a ward politician and heeler of the worst kind. As a result of the conference, on Monday morning Secretary Manning drafted a letter which he submitted to the President and the President approved. The letter was thereupon addressed to Sterling, informing him that he was suspended from duty until the complaints could be investigated and a decision given on the facts. Should the complaints against Sterling be proven to the satisfaction of the Secretary, he will not be reinstated, but somebody else will be appointed to the place.

Missouri and Arkansas Postmasters.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., September 23.—Postal changes were announced to-day as follows in Missouri and Arkansas:

MISSOURI—New Post Office established at Amoret, Bates County, George B. Armstrong, Postmaster.

Postmasters appointed: Henry B. Chester, Maysville, DeKalb County; Thomas Hopper, Harrisonville, Cass County; Joseph Sayler, Concordia, Lafayette County; Joseph Sayler, Concordia, Lafayette County; Thomas Hopper, Harrisonville, Cass County; Henry B. Chester, Maysville, DeKalb County.

Changes in Presidential offices: Mary E. Hall, Bethel, Shelby County; Mary E. Hall, Bethel, Shelby County; Mary E. Hall, Bethel, Shelby County;

LADIES, IN STOCK TO-DAY
—AT—
POLACK'S.

Boys' Suits, $2 50, with Plaits.
Boys' Suits, $3 00, with Belts.
Boys' Suits, $3 50, with Piping.
Boys' Suits, $4 00, Bicycle style.
Boys' Suits, $4 50, Norfolk style.

The Greatest Display of MEN'S CASS. SUITS for $12, in our show windows. When down to-day take a peep at them.

POLACK'S,
Advance Clothiers.

The Largest Stock of Gents' Fi e Furnishing Goods in this city. Shirts made to order

A TERRIBLE GALE.

Two Unknown Fishermen Drowned in Lake Michigan—Danger to Shipping.

CHICAGO, September 23.—A very heavy northerly gale prevailed throughout the entire lake region yesterday and last night. Vessel masters who arrived during the night state that the storm was a terrible one and that the sea is running higher than at any previous time this season. Reports have been received of four schooners wrecked at various points on Lake Michigan, the crews fortunately being rescued in each case. Fears are felt for the safety of numerous other vessels known to be outside of port. Two unknown fishermen were washed from the north pier and drowned yesterday afternoon. The lookout at the life-saving station saw them walking on the pier, and, realizing the danger they were in, signaled them to return. They paid no attention to his warning, and had proceeded about fifty yards when a tremendous breaker was lifted high over the pier, and descended upon the timbers with a crash, carrying the two men away. The lifeboat started to the rescue immediately, as did also two sailors, who jumped from a vessel lying close by, and ran along the pier in hopes of saving the drowning men. But these brave fellows were also swept into the lake, and, although a boat was immediately lowered from the vessel and sent to their assistance, they would probably have been lost but for the opportune arrival of the life-saving crew. The two fishermen, after a brief battle with the waves, sank from sight and, although the life-savers made diligent search, their bodies were not recovered.

Cyclonic Disturbances.

WASHINGTON, D.C., September 23, 10:20 A. M.—The two cyclonic disturbances yesterday morning on the Carolina Coast and north of Lake Ontario have united over New England, with a most decided storm center now near Eastport, Me.

THE ILLUMINATIONS.

The Action of the Saloon Men—Progress of the Work.

Subscriptions to the illumination fund continue to come in to the treasurer slowly but surely. About $600 is needed to complete the sum desired by the executive committee. The commercial travelers are working earnestly, and promise a handsome aggregate subscription. Returns are coming in from the different houses. Representatives of the saloon interests held a meeting at 11 o'clock to-day at the Mercantile Club, and took vigorous action to set themselves right on the illumination enterprise. The following circular was determined upon, and was sent to all saloon men in the city:

The undersigned committee, appointed to look after the saloon men in the interest of street illumination, have carefully considered the matter, and recognize the fact that street illumination attracts thousands of people to our city, which naturally benefits our branch of business. We, therefore, heartily recommend that each saloon-keeper in the city who has not already contributed send a contribution of $1 to the treasurer of the illumination committee, S. C. Bunn, at 718 Washington avenue. Very Respectfully, John Howard, John B. Meer, Frank Ritter, Wm. E. Winter, Emil H. Beasehl, J. W. Ghio, Ph. Bamberger."

As there appears yet to be some misunderstanding with regard to Olive street it may be stated once for all that the street will be illuminated according to the original plans.

The popular fund of the POST-DISPATCH has realized the neat sum of $150. There is yet time for those who have done nothing to aid the committee to come to the rescue with contributions of some kind. Within the next few days every cent should be raised, and the books closed.

The Fair Association sent a check for $100 this morning.

The work of collection will be begun Friday, and the committee looks for immediate responses.

Fine clocks at low prices.

HESS & CULBERTSON,
22 N. Fourth st.

BANKERS IN COUNCIL.

The Eleventh Annual Session of the American Bankers Association.

CHICAGO, September 23.—The eleventh annual session of the American Bankers' Association began here this morning with a very large attendance, fully 800 representatives of the banking interest from every leading city in the Union being present. The meeting was called to order shortly after 10 o'clock by Lyman J. Gage of this city, president of the association, who delivered an address touching upon the silver issue and other matters likely to engage the attention of the delegates.

Immediately after the reading of the President's address an invitation from the St. Paul and Duluth, Northern Pacific, and St. Paul, Minneapolis and Manitoba Roads to pass over those lines free of charge to visit St. Paul, Duluth, Fargo and Minneapolis, was extended and accepted.

The Executive Council offered the following:

Resolved, That it is the sense of this Convention that the coinage of silver dollars under the compromise law of 1878 is detrimental to the best interests of the people and dangerous to the welfare of the Government, and that the law should be immediately suspended and remain inoperative until an international agreement of the leading commercial nations shall give substantial assurance as to the future relation of gold and silver as money.

Col. W. L. Trenholm of Charleston, S. C., opened the discussion favoring the resolution.

Muldoon Is "Willin."

Wm. Muldoon, the wrestler, said with reference to the defi from Andre Christol, published in another part of to-day's POST-DISPATCH, that he was willing to meet Christol in a private match for any amount he wished. He will meet Mr. Christol at the POST-DISPATCH office, or at the office of the Grand Opera House, and will cover any money that may be put up. He said further that he would only engage in a private match as it was not probable that his managers would, under the terms of his contract with them, allow him to engage in a public one. He remarked further that a wrestling match with Christol would only be exercise for him.

Warmer Weather.

Generally fair weather is reported from all Signal Service Stations. The cold wave has left the northwest and it will be warmer here to-morrow.

Real Estate Transfers.

A. B. Falk, 70 feet on Pine street, city block 301, to S. H. Bossom's trustee; conveyance in trust $11,000

A. Sprecle, 50 feet on Plane avenue, block 4 Fairmount Addition, to E. Evans; warranty deed 3,000

Wm. Kreismeyer, 27 feet 4 in. on Collins street, third sub-division, College Farm, to A. Schmidt et al.; warranty deed 80

J. A. Sawcomb, 25 feet on Garfield avenue, block 2 Wash place, to G. Petzoldt; warranty deed 1,100

ABOUT TOWN.

A BOOTBLACK named Willie, some one unknown, died at the City Hospital at 10 o'clock last night. He was picked up unconscious by the police September 18, on the corner of Seventh and Elm streets.

THE Grand Jury of the Jefferson City District of the United States Court, Bayne adjourned Charcoal, the postal clerk arrested here a few days since for embezzlement, will have to remain in jail until the March term before his trial is reached.

JAMES PHIL. S. LANHAM and Mr. Geo. Bain have been appointed by the Murdoch Lake Fishing Club as delegates to represent the club at the Sportsmen's Convention which convenes here on [illegible] Thursday—the business of

Wm. H. Fay, 1836 Glasgow avenue, was entered by way of an unsecured dining-room window by a sneak thief, who captured a pocketbook containing twenty-seven cents in money and a gold ring belonging to a cameo set.

CITY PERSONALS.

W. H. Gardner, president of the Mobile Cotton Exchange and ex-president of the National Cotton Exchange is a visitor in the city.

Mr. J. B. Van Arsdel is off on a two weeks' pleasure trip visiting relatives in Indiana. Before returning to the city he will do the Northern lakes.

Mr. Chas M. Green and wife are visiting the city this week and are registered at the Laclede. Mr. Green is the editor and proprietor of the Brookfield Argus, a leading Democratic paper of this State.

Democratic State Convention.

SARATOGA, N. Y., September 23.—A large number of delegates have already arrived here to attend the Democratic State Convention, and the situation is rather undefined. Hier is evidently the leading man for Governor, though Cooper is pushing him closely. The Hier slate is Senator Jacobs, Lieutenant-Governor, Maxwell, Comptroller, and Fitzgerald, State Treasurer.

Trains arriving this morning bring in large numbers of delegates to the Democratic Convention, which meets to-morrow. Mr. Gibbons, the lieutenant of R. P. Flower, got here and established headquarters for his chief at the United States Hotel. Mr. Flower will be here to-day. The Hill men are actively at work. Ex-Mayor Cooper's New York friends claim to be very sanguine of his success.

TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION.

LOST—September 22, black and tan female, weighs about four pounds, had collar and answers to name of Beautie; liberal reward 4100 Fairfax av. s0

WANTED—A German girl for general housework. 809 S. 10th st. 66

3646 CLARK AV.—Two large rooms and kitchen, second floor. 1f

WANTED—An intelligent boy about 15 years old; must speak German. 2707 Walnut st. w61

WANTED—By a young lady, position as stenographer and type writer operator; accustomed to lawyers' work. Ad. M 76, this office. w63

WANTED—A girl for general housework in family of two persons. Apply this afternoon at 3639 Madison st.

WANTED—Machine girl and finisher on pants. 1627 Carr st. w69

PERSONAL—Francis B.: Call for letter in Post Office to your address. Best. w1

DIED.

HIGGINS—Mrs. MARGERY ANN HIGGINS, at Columbus, Ky., of typhoid malarial fever.

Funeral from 1014 St. Louis av., at 2 o'clock, Thursday, to St. Michael's Church.

NEW YORK, September 18, 1885.

TO HOLDERS OF STOCK AND BONDS (OTHER THAN LAND GRANT BONDS) OF

The Texas and St. Louis Railway Companies and of Readjustment Trustees' Cash Deposit Certificates.

A majority of each class of Bonds having been deposited with the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, under our circular and plan dated August 18, 1885, offers made after the 28th inst. to join the plan will, until further notice, be received only on the condition of a payment of 2 per cent on First Mortgage Bonds, General First, Mortgage Bonds and Cash Deposit Certificates, and a payment of 1 per cent on Second Mortgage Bonds and Stock.

WILLIAM MERTENS, GEO. COPPELL, LEWIS WOLFE, M. GERNSHEIM, J. W. PARAMORE, } Bondholders' Committee.

MONEY.

NEW YORK, September 23.—Business at the Stock Exchange opened amid considerable excitement, especially in the Trunk Line roads. First prices were generally from ½ to ¾ per cent higher than the final figures yesterday. The strongest being Lake Shore, New York Central and Jersey Central, but St. Paul and Lackawanna were up ¾ each, while Western Union was unchanged. New York Central, which showed a gain of ¾ at the opening, rose on sales of 1100 shares, from 86¾ to 89¾ and in some other cases there were slight advances, but the market soon became heavy and then weak and finally dull, the declines for the first half hour ranging from ¼ to ¾ per cent in most cases, but New York Central lost ¾ of its early advance. Later, there was a better business accompanied by advancing prices, and again remained dullness, the market at 11 o'clock showing sales of 70,000 shares, generally within ¾ of opening prices.

New York, September 23.—Money on call is easy at 1 per cent. Last loan, 1 per cent. Sterling exchange market became heavy, and declines followed of ¼ to ¾ per cent. Pacific Mail being especially weak, losing ¾ per cent. At 12 o'clock the market was dull and heavy. Subsequent sales followed, bringing prices up to 11 o'clock figures. At noon the market is moderately active and firm. Thence, 1039@1 clos. 1.[illegible] cts. [illegible].

BOSTON, September 23.—Mexican Central scrip 70¼; stock 5¾.

New York Stock Quotations.

Corrected daily by Matthews & Whitaker, bankers and brokers, No. 121 N. Third street, St. Louis, Mo.

STOCKS	Opening	Highest	Lowest	Closing
Canada Southern	50½	50¾	50¼	50¼
Canadian Pacific	45¾	45¾	45¾	45¾
Central New Jersey	67¾	68	67¾	67¾
Central Pacific	32	32	31	31
Chic. St. P., M. & O.	80½	80½	80¼	80¼
Chic., St. P., M. & O. Pfd.	91¾	91¾	91¾	91¾
Chic., R. I. & Pac.	120	120	120	120
Chic., Mil. & St. P.	80	80¼	79½	80¼
Chic. & N. W. com.	98	98	97½	97½
Del., Lack. & W.	103¾	103¾	101¾	101¾
Del. & Hudson	84¾	84¾	84¼	84¼
Denver & Rio Grande	13½	13½	13	13
Erie com.	29¾	29¾	29	29
Erie 2d Mtg. Bds.	67½	68	67½	67½
Illinois Central	131½	131¾	131¼	131¼
Ind., Bl. & Western	14¾	14¾	14¼	14¼
Lake Shore	77¾	78	77¾	77¾
Louisville & Nashville	45¾	45¾	45¾	45¾
Michigan Central	85½	85½	85½	85½
Mo. Kan. & Texas	26¾	26¾	26¾	26¾
New York Central	86¾	89¾	86¾	89¾
Northern Pacific com.	21¾	21¾	21¾	21¾
Northern Pacific pref.	51¾	51¾	51¾	51¾
Oregon & Transcontinental	21¾	21¾	21¾	21¾
Ohio & Miss. Con.	21¾	21¾	21¼	21¼
Pacific Mail	46¾	46¾	46¾	46¾
St. P., M. & Manitoba	101	101¼	100¾	101¼
Texas & Pacific	19¾	19¾	19¾	19¾
Union Pacific	49¾	49¾	49¾	49¾
Wabash, St. L. & P.	7½	7¾	7½	7¾
Western U. T. Co.	69¾	69¾	67½	67½
West. Shore Bonds	104½	104½	104½	104½
West Shore Ctfs.	86¾	86¾	86¾	86¾
English Consols, ctfs.	99 1-16	99 1-16	99 1-16	99 1-16

COMMERCE.

TOOK A TUMBLE.

Wheat Opens Wild and Closes Tame—Corn and Oats Quiet.

Special by Telegraph from Pickering & Co., Chicago, to the POST-DISPATCH.

CHICAGO, September 23.—Wheat opened wildly and excited this morning, with sales at ¼ cent differences in various parts of the crowd. A great many orders were here to buy, and for nearly an hour it looked as if the bulls would carry the day. But very large quantities of long wheat came on the market, and the price gradually fell back till a point below the opening was reached. News from other markets was generally favorable to an advance, cables being especially strong. It is thought that the quantity on passage will show a decrease of 1,000,000 bushels to-morrow, and this is expected to put prices up. Such markets usually. Our market closed pretty firm, although at lowest price of the day, and very little bull news would set the whole crowd to buying furiously again. Receipts at Western points were 514,000 bushels. Export business was simply nothing, the advance in price quite stopping it. Ocean freights here show activity, which also tends to encourage trade.

Corn was quiet and firm, at [illegible] advance in prices. Corn opened strong, mainly in sympathy with wheat, and the closing of long cars pleasantly affected the end of the market fell back slowly, closing at lowest point of the day. The trade seems disposed to go into November, and this option shows most fluctuations. There was a fair demand for shipping in low grades. September sold freely at about ½c over October.

For to-morrow there are expected 77 cars wheat, 410 cars corn and 190 cars oats.

St. Louis Afternoon Board.

Wheat unsettled, but closed weak and ½c below 1 o'clock. Corn dull and weak. Oats steady. Latest from the "seat of war" is that English consols were ⅛ lower and Russian securities 1 per cent lower. (Chicago November wheat 80¾ and nine 85.

Wheat—September 81 b., 81¼ a.; October 80¾ b., 81¼ a.; November 79 to 80¼; December 80¾ to 81⅜; May 81 (80¾ to 81 7/16, closing 81 0/16.

Corn—September 41 b., 41¼ a.; October 39¾ b., 39¾ a.; November 38 b.; year 38⅝; January 38; May 40¾ b., 40¾ a.

Oats—September 34¼ b.; October 34¾ b.; November 34¾ b.; year 28 b.; May 39¾.

CLOSING PRICES 3 P. M.

Reported daily by S. W. COBB & CO., 317 and 319 Chamber of Commerce.

CHICAGO.

	Closing Yesterday.	Highest To-day.	Lowest To-day.	Closing To-day.
WHEAT—				
Sept.				
Oct.	80¾	81	80¼	80¼
Nov.	87¾@¾	89	87	87¼ b
Dec.	90½	91	89	89½
May	97¼	98¾	96	96¾ a
CORN—				
Sept.	42¾	42¾	42¾	42¾ a
Oct.	41¾	42¼	41¾	41¾
Nov.	39¾@¾	39¾	39¾	39¾
Year	37½	37¾	37½	37½ a
May	37¾@38	38¼@¾	37¾	37¾
OATS—				
Sept.	25¼	26	25¾	25¾
October	26½	26¾	26½	26½ b
May	29¾	29	29¾	29¾
PORK—				
October	$8 00	$9 02½	$8 02½	$8 02½
November	8 80	8 80	8 02½	8 02½
January	9 37½	9 45	9 37½	9 30
LARD—				
October	4.20	4.20	4.15	4.15
November	6¼	6¼	6.05	6.07½ a
January	6.15	6¼	6.10	6¼
SHORT RIBS—				
October	5¾	5¾	5.80	5.80
November	5⅞	5.20	5.15	5.15

BALTIMORE — Wheat — October 91¼@94; November 94@95; December 96¾@98¾. Corn—September 46; October 47@48; year 44½@45¾.

NEW YORK—Wheat—October 97 a.; November 99¾; December 81 03¾ a., January $1 01¾ a.; May $1 08 a. Corn—October 48; November 45¾; December 43 a.; January 44¼; May 45¾. Oats—October 29¾; November 25¾; December —

DETROIT—Wheat—November 94; December 95¾; May $1 04.

TOLEDO—Wheat—October 93¾; November 94¾; December 96¼; May $1 04¾. Corn—October 44¾; year 38; May 39.

Imports Into the United Kingdom.

	Week ending Sept. 19, 1885.	Week ending Sept. 5, 1885.	Week ending Sept. 20, 1884.
Flour, brls.	80@85,000	115@160,000	170@175,000
Wheat, qrs.	275,@280,000	460@465,000	280@290,000
Corn, qrs.	95@100,000	85@90,000	130@135,000

Stocks of Grain in St. Louis Elevators.

	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.	Rye.	Barley.
To-day	1,889,780	275,580	210,072	23,329	4,004
Yesterday	1,923,613	266,374	226,998	24,976	3,315
	No. 2	No. 2			
	Red.	Mixed.	No. 2.	No. 1.	
To-day	2,489,780	181,284	147,445	32,799	.....
Yesterday	2,445,573	120,946	150,881	30,978	.....

Grain Inspections.

INTO ELEVATORS—Wheat—5 cars No. 2 red winter; 19 cars No. 3 do; 1 car No. 4 do; 5 cars rejected; 1 car No. 2 hard winter; 9 cars rejected; spring total, 33 cars. Corn—76 cars No. 2 mixed; 17 cars rejected; 5 cars No. 2 white mixed; 4 cars rejected; total 102 cars; 2 white; total. 108 cars. Oats—1 car No. 2; 11 cars rejected; 1 car no-grade; total, 24 cars. Rye—2 cars No. 2. Total in, 172 cars.

OUT OF ELEVATORS—Wheat—29 cars No. 2 red winter; 7 cars No. 3 do; 1 car rejected; 1 car No. 2 hard do; total, 38 cars. Corn—44 cars No. 2 mixed; 9 cars rejected; total 53 cars. Oats—1 car No. 2; 4 cars rejected; total 5 cars. Total out, 96 cars.

Movements of Wheat and Corn To-Day.

	Receipts		Shipments.	
	Wheat.	Corn.	Wheat.	Corn.
St. Louis	25,883	52,800	8,643	46,710
Chicago	51,777	418,314	78,308	267,133
Milwaukee	64,965	3,840	3,380	.....
Baltimore	9,695	8,532	.....	.....
Toledo	50,314	1,541	11,000	2,500
New York	78,250	170,600	87,978	62,700
Duluth	512,000	.....	116,000	.....
Kansas City	.....	.....	.....	.....
Minneapolis	514,000	.....	156,000	.....

CHICAGO INSPECTIONS—48 cars spring wheat, 15 cars winter wheat, 379 cars corn, 141 cars oats, 10 cars rye, 69 cars barley. By canal, 83,300 bu corn.

Leaf Tobacco.

Reported by Harker & Pritchard's Merchants' Exchange Price Current.

To-day the market was active on local manufacturing account, but feeling weak and in favor of buyers. Sales: 2 boxes lugs at $2 65 and $4 40; 15 hhds lugs and leaf at $5@8 85; 9 leaf at $4 10@4 90; 9 at $5@5 90; 10 at $6@6 90; 5 at $7.1 at $8 50. Passed: 1 hhd, and bids rejected on 2 common lugs at $2 70@2 90; 5 lugs and common leaf at $3@3 60; 19 medium leaf at $4@4 75; 18 at $5@5 95; 1 at $6 25; 3 bright scraps at $7; 1 good burley leaf at $8.

We quote (@ 100 lbs): Stripped lugs, Old Style, common lugs ..... $3 00@ 5 25 $ 5 25@ 7 75 $ 8 00@ 8 50
Medium to good lugs ..... 3 50@ 4 00 4 00@ 4 25 7 00@ 8 50
Fine lugs ..... 4 00@ 5 00 5 00@ 6 00 9 00@10 00
Common leaf ..... 4 00@ 5 50 5 00@ 6 00 11 00@12 00
Medium to good leaf ..... 6 00@ 8 00 7 00@ 8 50 12 50@13 00
Fine leaf ..... 10 00@14 00 ....
Com. burley wrappers ..... $ 5.00 $ 6.00 $10 00@12 00
Good bright wrappers ..... 15 00@18 00 20 00@28 00
Fine bright wrappers ..... 25 00@30 00 35 00@50 00

Commercial Notes.

This morning saw one of the most exciting openings the wheat market has had for months past. The crowd was so wild that it was almost impossible for them to come torether, the sellers wanting the earth and the buyers only inclined to give them an acre or so. The European complications have had the effect of shaking the confidence of the best friends wheat has had. Many who bought wheat because they believed it was cheap are inclined to sell out on the war boom, as they do not believe in war. About all the shorts have covered, and the crowd is loaded up [illegible] long wheat, and there are few who care about going long at present prices. If the outsiders would come in and buy there would then be somebody to unload on, but the outsiders are not coming in to any extent. The motto of a certain elevator is now said to be "Honi soit qui mal y pense," or as now translated, "Weevil to him who thinks evil." The receipts last week and four into the United Kingdom last week were equal to 2,591,000 bu, against 4,409,000 bu the preceding week and 2,916,000 bu for corresponding week last year. Adding the imports to the farmers' deliveries of last week the total amount was less than the week's consumptive requirements by 1,000,000 bushels, or 30,000 bu daily. Another advance of 3c per bushel was reported as paid by Minneapolis millers to-day for wheat. The visible supply of wheat in Liverpool, for the week ending September 7, 533,000 bu came from California and Chili, 436,000 bu from India and 178,000 bu from Atlantic ports, while 81,000 bris flour came from California and Chili, 31,000 bris from Mediterranean and Black Sea ports and 5,536 bris from Atlantic ports.—Receipts of wheat by the Missouri Pacific Road were again remarkably light this morning, only a car or car sack arrived.—The Greenville, Miss Times says: "There was a heavy rain on Tuesday last, a number also until dark and another pouring rain yesterday evening. This retards the gathering damages the staple and rots the opening bolls. South of Washington county and so the southern limit of the cotton region, westward to Texas and east into Georgia, the rains have been incessant almost daily for the last two weeks. From every quarter comes reports of cotton damaged and destroyed. In Louisiana and Sharker generally the cotton has been stripped by the worm. In Washington the damage from this cause is partial. Although the outlook is not what it was, and the gloom is deepening. More rain is prospect."—It is plain to be seen that the crowd are afraid of cash wheat, for October was still selling at 8c discount from November this forenoon, even amid all the excitement of the early advance. Henry Amelung, late Provision Inspector in this market, and one of the best known and popular men on the board here, is now in Atchison, Kan., where he is interested in the firm of Motter & Amelung.—Web Samuel does not believe the advance in wheat is due to war rumors at all, but that it is based on the legitimate grounds that the world's crop is 15 per cent, or 350,000,000 bushels short.—West bound freight rates have been advanced. The new tariff will go into effect October 1. It is learned, also, from a reliable source that East-bound rates will be advanced next week, perhaps on next Monday.—The Inspector has concluded that the investigation of the stock of No. 2 red in Advance, Venice, Bast St. Louis and Valley elevators, and report its condition and quality goes to-day.—Receipts of wheat for the week ending Sept. 19 aggregated 1,889,780 bu, against 1,923,613 bu for the week ending Sept. 12, a decrease of 33,833 bu.—Receipts of corn for the week ending Sept. 19 were 275,580 bu, against 266,374 bu for the week ending Sept. 12, an increase of 9,206 bu.—Receipts of oats for the week ending Sept. 19 were 210,072 bu, against 226,998 bu for the week ending Sept. 12, a decrease of 16,926 bu.—Receipts of rye for the week ending Sept. 19 were 23,329 bu, against 24,976 bu for the week ending Sept. 12, a decrease of 1,647 bu.—Receipts of barley for the week ending Sept. 19 were 4,004 bu, against 3,315 bu for the week ending Sept. 12, an increase of 689 bu.—Receipts of flour for the week ending Sept. 19 were 32,799 bris, against 30,978 bris for the week ending Sept. 12, an increase of 1,821 bris

St. Louis Post-Dispatch,

PUBLISHED BY

THE DISPATCH PUBLISHING CO.

JOSEPH PULITZER, President.

[Entered at the Post Office at St. Louis, Mo., as second-class mail matter.]

TERMS OF THE DAILY.

One year, postage paid	$9 00
Six months	4 50
Three months	2 25
One month	85
One month (delivered by carrier)	85
By the week (delivered by carrier)	15

Subscribers who fail to receive their paper regularly will confer a favor upon us by reporting the same to this office by postal card.

THE WEEKLY.

One year, postage paid	$1 00
Six months, postage paid	60

All business or news letters or telegrams should be addressed

POST-DISPATCH,
515 and 517 Market street.

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 23, 1885.

AMUSEMENTS TO-NIGHT.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE—Minstrels.
OLYMPIC—Myra Goodwin.
POPE'S—The Devil's Auction.
PEOPLE'S—A Drummer in Postscripts.
STANDARD—The Mikado.
CASINO—Vaudeville Entertainment.
PALACE MUSEUM—Open from 10 a. m. to 10 p. m.
EXPOSITION—Open from 8 a. m. to 10:30 p. m.
PANORAMA—Siege of Paris: Open from 8 a. m. to 11 p. m.
CARDINET RINK—Compton avenue and Olive street.
FAIR GROUNDS—Open every day.

MATINEES TO-MORROW.

CASINO—Vaudeville Entertainment.
UNION PARK—St. Louis vs. Boston.

GILMORE'S Band at the Exposition to-night in the new Music Hall.

THE Trades' Pageant this year proposes to vie in splendor with the Veiled Prophets' procession. It is in the hands of men who never do things by halves.

THE Republicans of New York have nominated a man named DAVENPORT for Governor and have appointed a Committee of Investigation to find out who he is.

WEIGHER STERLING has been weighed in the balance against ex-Weigher BACON and has been found wanting. He has accordingly been hung up. He kept a saloon and owned a bulldog.

GENERAL ROSECRANS, the new Register of the Treasury, will not go to Ohio to make speeches. It is feared that his youth and inexperience might compromise the Administration.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND has promised to "consider the labor question." He might very properly consider certain features of it which crop out in the working of the coal mines of the subsidized Union Pacific Railway.

ALL the speeches and essays to be read at the Bankers' Convention have been forwarded to the press in a bulky bundle of printed copy. But few papers will print it, as it contains no reference to that large and interesting wing of the banking fraternity now sojourning in Canada.

ONE of the leading industries of Mexico at present consists of sitting on a hillside until an American prospector discovers mineral, and then producing a previous title to the land. This pleases the Mexicans highly, but the Americans say that a little trifle like this annoys them.

WE understand there is a great deal of rivalry over the appointment of aids to the Grand Marshal of the Trades' Pageant. None but gentlemen of distinguished personal appearance and of established reputation as horsemen will be permitted to figure in this part of the procession, and the display will be a mash.

WHAT mean the Kansas City *Journal's* mysterious references to "the sulphur-tongued orator" and to the former redness of a certain Senator's hair? Why is the *Journal* printing leaders on profanity and comparing VANDERBILT and VEST as owners of colossal "cuss words?" The presumption is that some mere reporter has rushed in where only angels and office-seekers dare to tread.

WOOD PULP MILLER declared in the New York Republican Convention that the Southern States are living under governments imposed on them by force and fraud and without the sanction of the people. An admission that such is the result of Republican control over those States for twenty years, enforced by monstrous abuses of the Federal power, is a terrible arraignment of Wood Pulp MILLER'S own party. Some friend of the party should tell MILLER so.

IT is not merely a coincidence, it is the operation of cause and effect, when we find the workingmen of the United States and of Canada simultaneously protesting against the competition of the Coolie labor employed by such great corporations as the Union Pacific and the Canadian Pacific. It is bad enough to have the white man's land taken to subsidize these gigantic aggregations of capital, but when the white man's bread is taken from him and the labor market is depressed by the competition of the cheap slave labor of aliens, the point is reached where endurance ceases to be a virtue.

FROM the testimony of Mr. JESSE B. MCGEE, son of United States Marshal MCGEE, as given in Judge KREKEL'S court at Jefferson City, it appears that the authority and the posse of the United States Marshal were indistinguishably mixed up with the operations of brass-knuck squads hired by the railroad managers to bully the strikers. MCGEE testified that his father had months before revoked his authority to act as Deputy Marshal, but that Deputy Marshal DONNELL had deputized him to make arrests after the railroad company had employed him as a special policeman at $3 a day. It seems to us that this was treating United States Courts with worse contempt than the strikers were guilty of in resisting such officers.

Trial of Wabash Strikers.

Jefferson City Special to Globe-Democrat.

The testimony in the case of the Moberly strikers was concluded this afternoon in the United States Circuit Court. The principal feature of the testimony was presented in the examination of Mr. Jesse B. McGee, son of the United States Marshal for this district. His father revoked his authority as United States Deputy Marshal about eight months ago, and he was, therefore, not a regular authorized deputy marshal at the time of the origin of the trouble. In his testimony to-day he said he was in the employ of the railroad company at $3 per day as one of a number of special police detailed to preserve order; that he and about ten others had brass knuckles manufactured in the shops; that he had no authority from his father to act as United States Deputy, but was specially deputized by one Donnell, a regularly authorized Deputy Marshal, to make arrests, and to convey prisoners to this city.

Etiquette in Europe.

ALEXANDER, of Bulgaria, to FRANZ JOSEF of Austria—May I help you to a slice of Turkey?

FRANZ JOSEF—Thanks, awfully. Won't you help yourself?

THE METROPOLITAN PRESS.

What the Editors of the New York Journals Are Saying To-Day.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, September 23.—The WORLD says: "Of course nobody blames Mr. Sterling of Brooklyn for accepting the position of weigher in the Customs service. Mr. Sterling would be justified in promptly accepting the Mission to Austria or any other good fat position tendered him by a representative of the Administration. According to all the later lights he is a good man in his way, but he is not exactly the man to weigh in a Custom House. The individual to hold responsible for this appointment is the one who took the trouble to make it without consulting the fitness of the man or the interest of the public. That person's name is Hedden; he is Collector for the port of New York."

THE SUN.

The Sun says: "Some of the civil service reformers who left the Republican party to advocate the election of Cleveland are giving currency to the report that the Senate may refuse to confirm the nomination of Hedden as Collector of the port because of his alleged disregard of civil service rules. This notion proceeds from the false impression that the Republicans in the Senate will be disposed to give aid and countenance to the mugwumps who abandoned the grand old party in the time of its greatest need. The fact is that nothing can be more pleasing to such Republicans than the dissatisfaction of the mugwumps with the Democratic administration. If the Republican Senators see any way of increasing that dissatisfaction, they are likely to avail themselves of it. Indeed, if the Democrats themselves wanted to get rid of Hedden nothing would help them so much as a refusal of the Senate to consent to his appointment. On the other hand, if he is allowed an office the more he displeases the mugwumps the better he pleases the loyal Republicans, for he thus diminishes the mugwump vote in support of the Democratic administration. We do not think the Collector is in much danger from the Senate."

THE TIMES.

The Times says: "It may be questioned whether the instruction of the Chicago Tribune to its correspondents to get the views of merchants, farmers and bankers concerning the intended war of Wall street on silver money, were exactly candid. There is an assumption in the inquiry which certainly did not court an opinion in favor of the suspension of silver coinage. Yet that seems to be very decidedly the tenor of the opinions expressed by the men interviewed in the various parts of the country. There are some qualifications and reserves, and there are a few cases of absolute dissent, but the great body of the men whose views were sought are for the suspension of the coinage. If silver should drop a penny an ounce before Congress meets, as it easily may, there would be a majority in that body in favor of stopping the coinage."

THE TRIBUNE.

The Tribune says: "The Tribune, which has had frequent occasion to criticise President Cleveland, is glad that it now is afforded an opportunity to commend him. His suspension of Mr. Sterling is clearly a step in the right direction. Sterling, whose record would seem not to improve on acquaintance, was appointed to take the place of a good and faithful public servant by Collector Hedden. Now, if the President desires still further to commend himself to good citizens in this matter, let him follow up the suspension of Sterling with the suspension of Hedden. For certainly, if Sterling is a candidate for removal, much more so Hedden, who turned out the unimpeached Captain Bacon and ought to be marked for that fate. If the President is thoroughly in earnest, he will not top off the branch, Sterling, and leave the root, Hedden, undisturbed."

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

M. B. M. (Meadville, Mo.)—The home of the poet Whittier is in Amesbury, Mass.

A. AND B.—B need not pay the bet. He had no chance to win, and under such circumstances he is not called on to lose.

L. K. AND J. O.—You cannot get a license in Alton, and you cannot get married in St. Louis without a license obtained in St. Louis.

XXX.—The decimal .534 means 534 thousandths. As an expression of percentage one should say 534 thousandths of one per cent.

W. & Co.—The Maeder Opera Company is not stopping at any one hotel. The members distribute themselves according to salary.

SADIE—Flora Moore, who is now at the People's Theater, played Teddy in the No. 2 Bunch of Keys Company, and did not appear in this city last season.

THE FLOWER MISSION.

Weekly Distribution of Fruits and Flowers Made To-Day.

The Flower Mission made its regular distribution of flowers, fruit and papers to the hospitals to-day. Mrs. Dean Cooper, secretary of the Mission, was in charge, assisted by Mesdames Hunt, Smith, McGarragh, Carum, James, Stone and Gauss, and Misses Henig, Heffner and Roth. The contributions were as follows: From Kirkwood—Flowers, A. S. Marmod, Mrs. J. Andrews and A. L. Reid; grapes, A. S. Marmod; Glendale—Flowers, H. S. Falter; Kimmswick—Gay and sons. From the city—Flowers, Mesdames Lanits, Corbett, Webb, Keerer, Misses Fife and Hosey and Mr. Armstrong. Miss Henry contributed mint, and a regular contributor sent $1. The A. F. Shepleigh and Cantrell Hardware Company contributed lemons, and grapes were sent by Mesdames Hugh Crawford and Gauss. Papers and magazines were given by Mesdames Jarboe, Hunt, Smith, McGarrah, Jones, Martin, Hotzo and Falter. The distributions were as follows: To the City Hospital, 150 30 bouquets, 200 lemons and 200 papers, pears and grapes. Female Hospital, 100 bouquets, 200 lemons, 160 papers, pears and grapes. Good Samaritan Hospital, 48 bouquets, 80 lemons, 80 papers, pears, grapes and paint. Carriages were furnished by Mesdames Keener and Crawford and Miss Belle Anderson.

A SINGULAR SUICIDE.

A Chicago Druggist Takes Poison, and Sends a Telephone Message to His Wife.

CHICAGO, September 23.—A singular case of suicide occurred in this city yesterday. About 1 o'clock in the afternoon a clerk in a drug store at Halsted street and Canal Fort avenue answered a telephone call, and, in response to his query of "Who's there?" received the reply that it was "August Kussman," who said, "Please tell my wife that I have taken twenty grains of morphine. If she wants to see me alive she will have to come up pretty soon." After thinking the matter over an hour or so, the clerk concluded to tell the police about the strange message. A patrol wagon was immediately sent to Kussman's drug store, where he was found lying under the telephone in an unconscious condition. Efforts to resuscitate him proved unsuccessful, and he expired shortly after. Despondency over domestic difficulties is thought to have been the cause of his suicide.

NORTH ST. LOUIS.

The lumber rafting season is now almost over. But few rafts are coming in now, and all the yards are well stocked.

The City Health Department have a steam pump at work pumping the water out of the numerous stagnant pools in this part of the city.

J. H. Cumming's Glass Works at Broadway and Monroe street will be in full operation to-morrow. About ninety hands will be employed in all.

HANGING IN HIS CELL.

Charles Wetzel, a Wife-Beater, Attempts to Take His Life.

Another Brutal Wife-Beater Cowardly Assaults His Wife and is Arrested—Mr. Winstanley's Will—News From East St. Louis.

Charles Wetzel, a painter who was arrested this morning on the Island in East St. Louis for abusing his wife, attempted to commit suicide shortly after being confined in a cell. About 9 o'clock this morning Mrs. Frank Lovingston drove up to the Police Station and informed Turnkey Canty that Wetzel was beating his wife and was liable to kill her unless arrested immediately. Officer Halleran went down to the Island at once and took Wetzel into custody. When Wetzel was being placed in his cell he told the Turnkey that he intended to commit suicide, but not thinking for a moment that he would attempt to carry out his avowed purpose, Mr. Canty paid no more attention to him. After locking the cell doors Mr. Canty went away and sat down to read the papers. Shortly afterwards he heard groans proceeding from the holdover, but forgetting about Wetzel's threats, and thinking that Dasher, another wife beater who had been complaining all morning, was sick, he did not go back to the cells until the groans became so loud that, thinking the man must really be suffering, he went in to see what was the matter. As soon as he got into the holdover he became aware that the groans emanated from Wetzel's cell, as he had at first supposed. Immediately Wetzel's threats returned to his mind, and, rushing towards the cell, he found him dangling from the cell door with his eyes dilated and his tongue protruding. The turnkey took out his pocket knife and cut the red handkerchief with which Wetzel had suspended himself, and as he did so Wetzel fell to the floor. Officer McManus happened in just then and when the cell door was unlocked he loosened the other portion of the handkerchief which was tied around Wetzel's neck. Wetzel was then placed on the cell bench and in a few moments revived. When asked for the reasons which induced him to attempt to take his life, he said that his life had been so unhappy that he had no wish to live any longer. He stated that his wife's deception had caused all the trouble between them, and that he had always tried to be a good husband to her until her recent actions so maddened him that he struck her this morning. He says that he is determined to end his life and will do so at the first opportunity.

Another Brutal Husband.

Philip Desher was arrested this morning for beating his wife and threatening her life. The Deshers formerly resided on the Rock Road, but a week ago Mrs. Desher, not being able to put up with his cruelty any longer, took her children, and went to live on Fifth street. It was several days before her husband discovered her place of abode, and when he did he told her that he would give her just three days in which to make up her mind to come back to him or else he would kill her. Regarding his threats as idle, she continued to live with her children on Fifth street. Last night Dresher came to the house shortly after she had put the little ones to bed and was washing the few dishes used at the evening meal. Bursting open the door Desher saw a couple of plates lying on a table, and these he picked up and hurled at the woman's head. None of them struck her, however, and advancing towards her Desher struck her several blows on the head. He then told her that he wanted his children, but she refused to unlock the door of the room in which they were sleeping. Her refusal increased his anger, and seizing a large knife that was lying on a table he caught her by the throat and threatened to kill her unless she gave him the children at once. Frightened almost to death the woman unlocked the door of the bedroom and Desher went in and taking the baby in his arms ran out with it into the street. The loud and angry words which Desher had used in the quarrel with his wife attracted the attention of the neighbors, who fearing that he would surely kill her sent for a policeman, who arrived just in time to arrest Desher as he started to run down the street with the babe in his arms. The babe was returned to its mother, and Desher was locked up. Mrs. Desher will have him bound over to keep the peace, and will also take steps to secure a divorce.

Notes.

The wife of Mr. Philip Traband, a well-known Second Ward saloon keeper, died last evening of consumption.

Wm. Jones, a railroad man, was drunk last night and was obliged to pay over $3 and costs this morning to 'Squire Keane.

The will of Mr. Thomas Winstanley was probated yesterday. The deceased bequeaths all his property to his wife and brother, who were also appointed executors without bond.

The members of the Episcopal Mission in this city will hold a meeting to-morrow evening at 8 o'clock, for the purpose of taking action which will result in the continuance of the mission. Rev. Mr. Harrison of St. George's church in Belleville will preside.

Messrs. Alex Flannigen and George O'Melveny were engaged yesterday on opposite sides in a law case which was tried before 'Squire Dragon and the argument between them became so warm that they finally resorted to fistic encounter. No one was hurt.

INSANE ASYLUM No. 3.

A Strong Protest Against Locating It at Nevada, Mo.

The location of Insane Asylum No. 3 at Nevada, by the Special Commissioners appointed by Governor Marmaduke for the purpose of selecting a site within certain limits in the Southern part of the State, has given rise to a great deal of dissatisfaction among the residents of the districts which were left out in the cold. This feeling is given expression to in the shape of a formal protest against the decision of the commissioners, addressed to "His Excellency, General John S. Marmaduke, Governor of Missouri, and J. R. H. Smith, E. L. Dobson, E. W. Stephens, W. C. Munroe, and Patrick McGrath, commissioners to locate Insane Asylum No. 3 in Southwest Missouri." The objections urged are that the selection is not in accord with the wishes of a large majority of the people of the Southeast and Southwest portions of the State; that it is unjust to tax the people of Missouri for the creation and maintenance of so large, important and expensive an institution for all time to come, and then locate it at the extreme boundary of the limits prescribed in the bill (only seventeen miles from the Kansas State line), thus conferring benefits upon Kansas and Fort Scott, when a location might have been selected which would give those benefits to the people who pay to support the institution; that the construction material for the building can be furnished cheaper elsewhere than at Nevada, and that the item of accessibility and economy to the State of transportation furnished by competitive railroad towns has been entirely overlooked. Copies of this printed protest accompanied by a letter signed by Senator J. J. Gideon of Christian County, and Representatives J. M. Dailing and S. W. Hedden, requesting signatures to it, have been circulated all over the State, with the idea, doubtless, of obtaining a numerously signed protest of such force that the Governor and Commissioners will be compelled to heed it.

DUMB MR. BLAIR.

The Vice-President of the Police Board Refuses to Talk.

The Board of Police Commissioners held its regular Tuesday meeting yesterday afternoon. If there was any disagreement among the members of the Board over the recent squabble between Vice-President Blair and the late Chief of Detectives Burke, it did not come to the surface. The executive session lasted an hour, and whatever took place during that time has been locked in the breast of the Commissioners. Detective Tom Hennessey was appointed a sergeant and Officer Ed. Flynn was placed in the vacancy occasioned by the promotion of Hennessey. In the disclosures of Burke with regard to the confidences reposed in him by Vice-President Blair, Officer Flynn was spoken of by the vice-president as a member of the ring, and a man to be gotten rid of. The appointment of him to the detective force makes the first crack in Burke's slate, although it is natural that the Board should take a partisan's pains to move directly contrary to the plan of action outlined by the ex-chief of Detectives. The Burke difficulty was smoothly passed over by the acceptance of Burke's resignation on motion of Commissioner Gaylord, seconded by the vice-president, to date from September 16. The manner of his resignation was given the cold shoulder as far as is known. Officer Ahearn of the Central District was fined $5 and reprimanded for entering saloons when not discharging his duty. Officer Burns of the Mounted Police was dismissed from the force for drinking. Officer Hurley was also dismissed for drunkenness, and the charge against Officer Hagan of interfering with the proprietor of Esher's Variety was dismissed without prejudice.

A POST-DISPATCH reporter called on Vice-President Blair at his office this morning. Mr. Blair was not positively unhappy looking, and even smiled, but he was extremely averse to talking.

"I have nothing to say about police matters," said he, "nothing. When I have anything to say I prefer to say it over my own signature. While I would like to give the reporters something now and then, you can see yourself why it is advisable not to do so. I do not complain of the reporters. They appear well disposed toward me and inclined to represent me fairly, but the reporters do not run the newspapers."

"Does the acceptance of the resignation of Burke end that whole matter?"

Mr. Blair smiled and shrugged his shoulders. "The records of the Board speak for themselves. I do not want to say a word; it is useless to attempt to get me to do so. It is useless for me to talk to people who seem bent on misrepresenting me, and I prefer to say nothing."

Mr. Blair would say nothing with regard to any action of the Board, and whether his plan of vindicating himself which he asserted he would carry out is to be pushed or let drop is a matter of conjecture.

THE CIVIL COURTS.

Proceedings in the Federal Court Before Judges Brewer and Treat.

Judgment Against the City in the Maggie P. Admiralty Case—A Mammoth Cattle Suit — The Circuit Court's Control Over Assignees—The North End Track Case.

Argument in the copyright case, Hubbard against Thompson, was resumed this morning in the United States Circuit Court before Judges Brewer and Treat. The matter is followed by a hearing on the City Counselor's motion in behalf of the city authorities to dissolve the injunction obtained by the Wabash receivers restraining the marshal from removing the Wabash spur tracks on Front street, between Ferry and Cornelia streets. The point made for the city is that the ground in question was dedicated for public use, and is a thoroughfare of the North End. The railroad people take the position that they are entitled to the use of the ground for track purposes under the franchise granted the North Missouri Railroad Company. The city authorities, however, contend that the tracks obstruct ordinary traffic.

Judgment Against the City.

Judge Brewer rendered an oral decision this morning in the Federal Court affirming the judgment in the Maggie P. admiralty case against the city. The Maggie P. steamer sunk at the Levee during the winter of 1884 and a contract was made by the owners with the Harbor Department to raise her for $500. The work was not carried out for twenty days and the owners presented a claim against the city authorities for $2,800 damages occasioned by the delay. The boat's machinery had to be replaced, etc. Judge Treat allowed the claim in the sum mentioned, and the city authorities took an appeal. The case was argued and taken under advisement by Judge Brewer, who announced his decision of affirmance to-day.

Cases in Court.

The case of the Steam Gauge and Lantern Company against the Railway Supplies Manufacturing Company will be heard before Judges Brewer and Treat after the north end track case has been submitted.

In the suit of the Cambria Iron Company against the Ludeda Wire and Fence Company the plaintiff to-day dismissed the garnishment against the Bank of Commerce, the Ludlow-Saylor Wire Company, and the St. Louis Wire Mill Company.

In the case of S. G. Granville Beals against the Illinois, Missouri and Texas Railroad Company, the plea of the Cape Girardeau and Southwestern Railroad Company was entered to-day citing a former decree canceling the mortgage upon which the suit as brought.

The Knights of Bethlehem.

Judge Barclay this morning, in Court No. 3, ordered a writ of quowarranto to issue in the case of the Grand Lodge of the Knights of Bethlehem against Smith Lodge of that order. The lodge in question, it is alleged, was established without the authority of the Grand Lodge. The case is made returnable on the 12th of October.

The Harlow-Spencer Assignment.

In the matter of the assignment of Harlow, Spencer & Co. the assignee brought up this morning in Judge Barclay's Court a somewhat peculiar point. He came before the Court for advice and direction in the matter of the allowance of a claim of the State Savings Association aggregating $75,000. The assignee stated that the bank was amply secured by real estate in Illinois valued at $40,000. The bank also held collateral and for about $30,000 of indebtedness it held the indorsed notes of the firm. If the claim should be allowed the unsecured creditors would get very little from the estate, as the assets are small. The allowance of such a large claim would wipe out the dividend.

Judge Barclay said that he did not feel at liberty to give any opinion in the matter. The Circuit Court held that under the general assignment law the assignee could scarcely be regarded as an officer of the court. The Circuit Judges simply hold a general supervision of assigned estates, and the assignee occupied the position of trust between the debtor and the creditors and controlled the liquidation. The assignee could disallow the claim in the case quoted, and an appeal could be taken from his ruling. That course will accordingly be taken.

The Dollar Store Employes.

In the matter of the Dollar Store assignment Alex. J. P. Garesche, jr., presented in court to-day a petition for the allowance in full of the claims of the following employes: W. L. Hardy, $367 45; P. J. Delahunt, $298 85; John J. Delahunt, $14 93; D. J. Fogarty, $18. The petitioners ask for payment out of the proceeds of the recent sale.

Assignments.

In the matter of the assignment of J. F. Wiggans a compromise has been effected with the creditors on the basis of 25 cents on the dollar. Edmond A. B. Garesche reported to court this morning that the assignee would reconvey the assets to Mr. Wiggins and the assignee, E. C. Slavin, presented his claim for allowance, etc. The matter will be closed out at once.

Order of Sale.

Superintendent Carr of the State Insurance Department in charge of the Life Association of America presented an application in court to-day for the order of court for sale of lands at Selma, Ala., belonging to the estate.

A Replevin Suit.

Frederick J. Kaldenberg entered a replevin suit to-day against William Milburn, claiming $486 worth of sample pipes and smokers' articles.

A Hage Cattle Controversy.

Judge Brewer heard in chambers this morning the application of Edward McGillin of Cleveland for an order restraining Bennett & Dunman of Kansas from taking possession of $150,000 worth of cattle on a ranche in the Indian Territory. The controversy relates to a purchase of a $400,000 ranche arranged by the complainant with Bennett & Dunman payment for which was to be made in cash and land. As the terms were not carried out the parties negotiating the sale claimed possession of the cattle on the ranch.

Judge Brewer granted the restraining order, and the application for an injunction will be heard by the Judge when he reaches Leavenworth on the 12th of October.

DRANK TOO MUCH.

Whisky, Ice Water and Chills Kill James Stevenson at Helena, Ark.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

HELENA, ARK., September 23.—At 6 o'clock this morning James Stevenson, a native of Glasgow, Scotland, and aged 28 years, died suddenly at the Shelby House, of congestive chills. He arrived here fourteenth months ago from Providence, R. I., and was in the employ of the St. Louis store. He was a hard drinker and for the past five days had been laid up with malarial fever. During his illness he continually craved for ice water, which was freely given him. This morning he got out of bed and came down in the office of the Shelby House and partook of several glasses of ice water. After which he fell with a chill which resulted in his death in a few minutes. He will be buried here by his employers.

THE BIG BAND IS HERE.

Gilmore's Forty Musicians Now Playing at the Exposition.

The Photographic Department and Its Principal Features — Pictures of Prominent St. Louis Ladies Hanging on the Walls—Gossip of the Naves.

There was a great crowd at the Exposition last night and plenty of disappointment in it, for many had expected to hear Gilmore's band play. The band was not there though, and the fact that it would not be there was announced through the POST-DISPATCH by Secretary Johnston, who got a telegram from Delaware, Ohio, at noon, stating that a wreck on the road would occasion a delay of seven hours, which would bring the band into St. Louis at 2 a. m., to-day. The fact of the delay was made known again at night from the stage of the Music Hall, and when the circumstance was understood the situation was accepted gracefully and Postlewaite's Band was listened to with pleasure.

* * *

Gilmore's Band arrived at an early hour this morning and are giving their first concert this afternoon. The reputation of the band is too well and widely known to leave room for any puffery. It is composed of forty first class musicians, many of whom are clever soloists who will be heard during the season here. The selections will all be made from the most popular music of the day, twelve pieces being given in the afternoon and the same number at night. In order that visitors to the Exposition may have time to inspect the exhibits the band concerts have been arranged as follows: The afternoon concert will begin at 2:30 and the band will play until 5, then there will be a half hour intermission; a. 3:30 the band will play again until 4, another half hour intermission will follow; then the band will play from 4:30 to 5:15. At night the concert will begin at 7:30 and there will be music from 7:30 to 8; from 8:30 to 9, and from 9:30 to 10:15. By remembering these figures and consulting his or her watch the visitor to the Exposition can tell just when to drop into the Music Hall to hear Gilmore's Band play.

* * *

The photographic exhibits at the Exposition are better this year than they were last and contain many pictures of local interest. One of the finest in the whole exhibition is found in Guerin's display, a full length photograph of Miss Nancy Rex, one of our prominent belles. She is robed in an exquisite evening dress of delicate and sheerless, and with her back to a pier mirror she is bending forward to examine critically, by means of a small hand glass, the back effects of tournoure, coiffure, etc., a difficult task, as all those ladies who have tried it will understand, but the fair poser has caught the knack exactly and the artist in turn has succeeded in producing a beautiful picture. In this same collection are found two pictures of Miss Nancy Massengale, another St. Louis beauty, who represents a sun, and loses nothing in attractiveness by the severe garb. A unique picture in this department is that of Miss Regau, full length: with her soft, white drapery drawn closely about her she lies as if asleep, the position giving an exquisite profile outline of her figure and face not unlike a representation in marble. Little Ira Perry, a baby girl, lies in a natural, easy attitude, asleep. There is also a very pretty picture of Miss Lizzie Bantz as a pleasant girl, and a bust of Miss Nettie Hoffman, with a cap and fan. One of the prettiest pictures in this collection is that of Miss Ella Tatum, who is represented gracefully and easily reclining in a chair. There is an excellent profile of Miss Josie Norton, one of last season's debutantes, and an excellent life-size crayon of little Miss Conn, granddaughter of Mr. Charles Gibson; also one of Mr. George Wiseman, and a very pretty bust, almost life-size, of Miss Lizzie Von Phul. There is a large frame here filled with pretty pictures of Miss Fritch in her various roles; also a life-size head of the artiste. Another beautiful life-size photograph to be found here is that of the little daughter of the late Mrs. J. T. Drummond. It is the picture of an unusually pretty child at play with her doll.

* * *

Strauss exhibits a very interesting list of society people and of children. Among them, in the center of a large frame, is a full length picture of Mrs. J. L. P. Morrison in walking dress of black velvet, and near by a bust of the same lady. Miss Mimi Morrison makes a very pretty picture in evening dress, leaning in a careless, lazy attitude against a Japanese screen. In a prominent position is placed a life-size bust of Miss Julia Carroll, the head draped with soft white lace, and near by a beautiful life-size head of Mrs. John W. Norton. Mrs. Minnie Lawrence Siegrist appears in walking dress, half length, and there is a pretty cabinet picture of Miss Georgie Anderson, and another of Miss Therese Taylor. Miss Addie Bigrigs, the sweet singer, has a very fine life-size bust, and there is also one of Mrs. Rheinhart on exhibition. In this collection there are several beautiful pictures of Mrs. Joe Carr's children. Little Joe in his plumed velvet cap, and Lily in various positions. In one, she is posed as a tambourine girl, in a rich Spanish dress, in another dressed as Mercury, in a short satin slip. With wings upon her feet and her shoulders, she seems to be flying through the air, but the prettiest of all is where she is dressed in a simple lace slip, her lap filled with flowers, and she stands looking back after one she has dropped at her feet. A picture in this collection which demands a good share of public attention just now is a large crayon group showing the coming base-ball champions of the American Association. The picture measures 6x7 feet, and shows the Browns in their field garb, President Von der Ahe and Manager Comisky hanging in plaques above the group. The likenesses are perfect and their arrangement in the picture excellent: a background view of the grand stand at Sportsman's Park furnishing a proper setting for the figures. A photograph that must not be overlooked in Strauss' collection is a three-quarter length of Mrs. Charles Greeley which is as artistic a piece of work as anything in the Exposition. Mrs. Greeley is in walking costume in the picture. A full-length photograph of Mrs. Thomas O'Reilly and a bust of the Doctor are also shown.

* * *

Scholten has a remarkably interesting display which includes large and small pictures of well-known ladies and gentlemen. There are also pastels and oil portraits, and small frames filled with the latest conceits in photography. He runs more to gentlemen's pictures than to ladies', and the faces that look down from his space on the wall are almost immediately recognized, as they are among the most familiar in town. Ex-Fire Chief H. Clay Sexton is prominent in the number, and there are busts of Dr. Sonneschein, Waychow, Joseph Spencer and Dr. McKittrick. Judge Lanham appears in two fishing scenes. This photographer has taken up all the doorways in his neighborhood to hang transparency pictures, which are set in crazy frames of colored glass.

* * *

Cramer has a large exhibit in which there are several fine photographs of ladies. A nun smiles down from one corner with a twilight of religious submissiveness in her sweet face. This collection embraces large photographic pictures of domestic out-door scenes, in which children figure. Boehl & Koenig have the wall opposite, and show good specimens of their work, the majority of the frames containing crayon busts and groups. Judge Gottschalk's head is in this collection. The Belle Studio displays a handsome life-size crayon of Mrs. C. D. Comfort and a life-size crayon of the handsome young attorney, Robert Goode. There is also a life-size pastel of Mrs. Stoeckstrom, and an excellent photo of Mr. Richard Brugman's little son "Buddie."

* * *

Gesellí has made a specialty of cabinets in his display, but among the life size photographic busts, may be found one of Secretary Johnston. There is also a very handsome life-size photograph of Mr. Harry McVeary, a very handsome young man, and one of Miss Mamie Churchill. In pastels, he has a three-quarter life of Miss Carrie Rosenstein, and a large pastel of two little girls, Misses Carrie and Stella Klopfer. The best feature of the display, perhaps, is a life-size statuary photo of little Bennie Hurlburt. There is also a pretty pastel, life-size, of the little baby of Mr. George Knight, the attorney.

* * *

Mrs. Fleming, the coloring artist, has in her display quite a number of prominent St. Louis people from the various photographic galleries. In the center of a large frame is one of Strauss' full length pictures of Mrs. Thomas O'Reilly. She seems to be in the act of ascending a flight of stairs, her head turned so as to give a fine profile view of the handsome face and figure. The dress of black velvet, trimmed with pointed lace, decollete and sleeveless, with long train, is very effective. Near by is a head, the young daughter of Mr. Porter White. It is a beautiful face, with soft brown eyes looking out from beneath a tangle of golden brown hair. In the same case is a superb picture of Mrs. John W. Norton, a full length, with gracefully posed figure, draped in a rich toilet of crimson velvet and brocade. She stands with her hands crossed behind her, giving a side view of the petite figure and pleasant face, crowned with bright, golden locks. The artist has also an interesting frame of historical persons brought by Mr. John W. Norton from Europe, among them portraits of Napoleon and Josephine, Henry IV and Marie de Medici, one of the Bourbon princes, Leonard Da Vinci, the great painter, Madame Roland, Charlotte Corday, Louis XVI, and Marie Antoinette. These pictures are all exquisitely colored. She has also a very fine picture of Mrs. Thomas Garrett, also a bust of Miss Eugenia Thompson. In this display can be found also a number of pictures of prominent St. Louis beauties. First and foremost, there are two of Mrs. Nellie Hazlestine-Paramore, one of them half length, a la Langtry, with parasol and hat; the other is the original of the one which appeared in the Spectator series. There is a beautiful picture in this group of Miss Julia Tyler—a simple head; also a head of Ella Parker, and one of Minnie Lawrence. A bust of Lena Garth Wilson and another of Mrs. Manning Tredway, nee Susie Norvell.

* * *

The opening concert by Gilmore's band began at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon and the second concert will begin at 7:30 this evening. The programmes for the two events are as follows:

AFTERNOON PROGRAMME.

PART I—2:30 P. M.

1. March—"On to Victory,".....Stockton
2. Overture—"Semiramide,".....Rossini
3. Romanza—"The Golden Bounds,".....Ellenberg
4. Grand Opera Fantasia, introducing the gems of "L'Africaine," "La Prophete," "L'Etoile du Nord," "Les Huguenots," "Dinorah," and other operas with solo for baritone (Herr Senkrist), cornet (W. Rose), flute, and euphonium (Signor Rafaeli),.....Meyerbeer

PART II—3:30 P. M.

1. Caprice Heroique—"The Awakening of the Lion,".....Kenzel
2. "Pilgrim's Song of Hope,".....De Vere
3. Piccolo solo, by Sig. De Carlo—"Fantasia La Farfalla,".....Demanet
4. March—"Irish Patrol,".....Pearsall

PART III—4:30 P. M.

1. Torchlight Dance, No. 2—("Paradise,").....Meyerbeer
2. Sextette from Lucia—"Chi mai prova",.....Donizetti
3. Danza Mexicana—"Canto a Carabale",.....Vampa
4. Grand Popular Fantasia—"Rose, Shamrock and Thistle",.....Bostock

Introducing the most popular and favorite songs of England, Ireland and Scotland.

EVENING PROGRAMME.

PART I—7:30 P. M.

1. Overture—"Oberon",.....Weber
2. Grand Sacred aria—"The Lost Chord",.....Sullivan
   Mr. Benj. Best and band.
3. Grand Opera selection—"The Gems of Ernani",.....Verdi
4. Galop—"Champagne",.....Lamkye

PART II—8:30.

1. Rhapsodie Hongroise, No. 2,.....Liszt
2. Flute Solo—"The Witches' Dance",.....Paganini
   W. Fred. Lax.
3. Patrol—"Persiano",.....Glose
4. Idly—"The Blacksmith in the Woods",.....Michaelis

PART III—9:30 to 10 P. M.

1. Reminiscences from the operas of.....Gounod
2. Solo for Four Clarionets—"Pulla da Chanson",.....Matthews
3. Rondo Cappriccioso,.....Mendelssohn
4. Fantasie Humoresque—"Lot is Dead,".....Wilmers
5. Melodies of Scotland,.....Godfrey

Introducing "Scots wha hae," "Auld Robin Gray," "Bonnie Laddie," "The Campbells are Comin'," "The White Cockade," "John Anderson, my Jo," "Logie o' Buchan," "Over the Muir among the Heather," "The Braes of Auchtararder" (a strathspey), "Annie Laurie," "While a Mile of Edinboro," "Bonnet Blue" (with variations), "The Blue Bells of Scotland," "Tullochgorum," and closing with "Auld Lang Syne."

* * *

This is Exchange day.

Gilmore's Band is here to-day.

The band arrived here at 1:30 a. m.

Gilmore's Band number 40—count 'em—40.

The Music Hall is ready and it will be a bower of beauty to-night.

The lady attendants will look their prettiest to-night, for there will be a big crowd.

Souvenirs are not selling as rapidly as they did last year. All they are prettier than those of '84.

To give exhibitors a chance, there will be half hour intermissions between the music afternoons and evenings.

The Guernsey Furniture Company's display of library furniture, in one of the four compartments of their exhibit, is filled with antique carvings and the latest novelties for ornamenting and furnishing libraries.

The revolving prismatic pagoda rivals the flaming dragon as an attraction in the grand transept. The pagoda is in the center of Bollman's piano display, which is one of the finest in the building.

There is not anything very romantic about a hardware display, but when the Excelsior Manufacturing Company puts its talents to work it can invest a stove exhibit with more beauty and attractiveness than even the art gallery possesses. The display in the east nave embraces the Boss and Charter Oak Stoves, which are the best cookers and heaters in the world.

"It is not easy to write about this Exposition every day," said a tired reporter to a l

CHRISTOL'S CALL.

He is Awfully Anxious to Make a Match With Muldoon.

And Will Have the Money Ready for Billy This Evening—Base Ball and Racing Events—Diamond Chips—Sporting Gossip.

Andru Christol said this morning that he would accept William Muldoon's challenge for a Graeco-Roman match as published in a morning paper. Muldoon offered to make a private match with Christol for money, agreeing to throw him five times in an hour to win the match. Christol says he will meet Muldoon anywhere, in public or private, on these terms. He says that if Muldoon wants to make the match he will meet him at Tom Allen's on Market street this evening between 7 and 8 o'clock. Christol declares he will bet from $20 to $250 on the match. "Why, I would be willing to bet he could not throw me twice in an hour," said Christol. "I'm dead sure he can't do it five times. Let him see me to-night if he wants a match."

Christol has already made a match with Tom Kelly's unknown, whose challenge was published yesterday. The match will take place late in the week.

St. Louis Wins.

Hard batting on both sides was the feature of yesterday's game between the Black Diamonds and the Bostons at the League Park. For the visiting club Whitney was in the box, and the home sluggers pounded him for a total of twenty-three bases, while Sweeney and Boyle for St. Louis netted the bean-eaters nineteen bases. The fielding was loose on both sides, and a number of miserable errors were made. Dunlap, Glasscock and McKinnon distinguished themselves by scoring ten of the fourteen runs. The final score was: St. Louis, 14; Boston, 9.

The Mets Shut Out.

The Browns and Metropolitans began their last series of games yesterday at New York, and the champions shut out the New Yorkers in seven innings, the game being called at the end of the seventh on account of darkness. Caruthers and Lynch opposed each other in the box, and while the former was hit safely but five times, nine bases were secured off the latter. Fine base running by St. Louis aided the champions materially in scoring though the Mets played a sharper fielding game. The game resulted in a score of 5 to 0 in St. Louis' favor.

Other Games Yesterday.

At Detroit—Detroits, 4; Philadelphias, 1.
At Chicago—Chicago, 8; Providence, 5.
At Brooklyn—Cincinnati, 8; Brooklyn 2.

To-Morrow's Game.

To-morrow afternoon the St. Louis and Bostons play another game of their championship series. Whitney and Hackett and Boyle and Baker will be the rival batteries. Play will be called at 3:45.

The Reception for the Browns.

A meeting of the general committee having in charge the reception to be tendered to the St. Louis Brown Stockings on October 7 was held last evening in parlor 22 of the Lindell Hotel. Mr. Thomas P. Cuikin presided, and about twenty gentlemen were in attendance. The sense of the meeting was that as the parade would take place in the middle of the week, it would afford a splendid opportunity to show the citizens of St. Louis and the thousands of visitors to the Fair and Exposition the full strength of all the athletic organizations of the city. It was therefore decided to invite every athletic organization of any kind whatsoever to take part in the parade. Circulars were sent out to-day to all the organizations of this nature that could be reached. It should be remembered, however, that, even if no circular is received, all organizations such as are mentioned above are cordially invited to co-operate. A general meeting will be held to-morrow (Thursday) evening at the Lindell. It is earnestly desired that every base-ball club, rowing or boating club, cricket, foot-ball and athletic associations, bowling, bicycle, quoit and hand-ball clubs, and all organizations of that nature should send at least one representative to to-morrow night's meeting. The idea, as developed last night, was to have a short parade through the illuminated streets on the evening of the 7th of October, and a mild jollification at some hall in the down-town portion of the city. Committees were appointed to attend to the various details and the meeting adjourned until Thursday evening at the same place. Among other features of the parade will be a splendid float gotten up the employes of Sportsman's Park, a plan of which was submitted at last night's meeting by Secretary Dickinson Brugman.

Racing at Louisville.

The second day's racing at Louisville was very interesting, though a small crowd was in attendance. In the first race, one mile, there were fifteen starters, Conkling winning by a length in 1:43¾. The second race, five-eighths of a mile, for 3-year-olds, had sixteen entries and Sis Himyar won by a neck in a whipping finish. Time, 1:01¼. The third event for the St. Leger Stakes was the big event of the day. There were only two starters, however, and though Irish Pat sold the favorite Tenbrooker was never headed and won easily by three lengths in 3:40. The last event of the day, a three-quarter mile heat race, was won by Forest in 1:18 in both heats.

Chicago Races.

At the opening day's racing of the Trotting-Horse-Breeders' Association of Chicago at Washington Park yesterday, Early Dawn won the 3-year-old stake race in the last three heats, Elvira winning the first. Time, 2:26, 2:21¼, 2:24¼, 2:23. In the 2:19 class Bonnie McGregor won in straight heats in 2:20, 2:23¾ and 2:24¼. Distonic won the Northwestern 3-year-old stakes in 2:40 in both heats.

Detroit Flyers.

The fall meeting of the Detroit Driving Park opened auspiciously yesterday and two interesting races were had. In the 2:40 trotting class race, Hamdaliah proved an easy winner, coming in first in the last three heats, while Harry H. won the first. Time, 2:32, 2:34¾, 2:34¼, 2:34¾. In the 2:18 pacing race Little Wack won the first, second and fourth heats, and Jordan the third. Time, 2:18¾, 2:16, 2:23½, 2:15¼.

Missouri Amateur Athletic Club Notes.

Jack Dillon and Harry Laytance the club has got a team that is hard to beat at pole vaulting and high jumping.

D. Cass Webb, the popular attorney of the club, has purchased a bicycle and carries the Springfield records in his hat.

Geo. Tivy is the long distance pedestrian of the club. George thinks nothing of pacing off five or ten miles at a stretch.

The majority of the events in the Hibernian Club games were won by members of the M. A. A. C. This shows what training will do.

Billy Andrews made his debut at a hurdle runner on September 20, and looked like a winner until he knocked down a hurdle close to the finish.

Frank Hinchey is one of the hardest working athletes of the club. Almost any fair night will find Frank speeding around the cinder path at the club's grounds.

Billy Fletcher, the scratch man in the 100-yard race, September 20, says if he is put so far back next time he will have to carry a telescope to sight the limit men.

Park Pulsifer, an enthusiastic member, has gone to Concordia, Kansas. In a recent letter he speaks of a new athletic and bicycle club which is being started at that point with a roll of forty members.

Diamond Dust.

The Browns will be home two weeks from to-day.

Tuckers appears to have improved in his umpiring since his little spree in Louisville.

Tony Mullane is practicing daily at the Chestnut Hill grounds and expects to do his best twirling in the games his club plays here with the Browns, October 8, 10 and 11.

GILMORE'S BAND at the Exposition this evening.

MISSOURI STONE.

Comment Caused by Its Wholesale Rejection at Washington City.

A special dispatch from Washington this morning announced the fact that the Supervising Architect had rejected all the stone Missouri quarries to be used in the erection of the public building at St. Joseph, and that stone from Indiana would be used. There seemed to be something queer and strange in this fact, and a POST-DISPATCH reporter started out to investigate the causes and reasons. Mr. H. W. Kirchner was seen, and he was surprised to learn that Missouri stone had been rejected. He said: "I can only come to two conclusions—either Indiana has secured this result, or Missouri quarrymen have displayed singular apathy. Missouri unquestionably has the finest limestone and sandstone in the country. Our limestone is of the finest quality and equals that produced in Italy. The climatic conditions in this State require exceedingly durable stone, for the air is saturated with sulphurous acid, which causes most stones to disintegrate rapidly. Indiana sandstone has the quality of becoming coated rapidly and does not, therefore, disintegrate, but the stone from New Bedford, Indiana, has a strong affinity for water and gets very dirty in a short time, and cannot, therefore, be used for work near the ground. Our granite is perhaps not as good as that produced in Maine for the reason that Maine granite contains much feldspar and little mica, while Missouri granite contains more mica and less feldspar than the Maine article. But as the difference may be explained by the fact that Missouri granite will last 30,000 years and the Maine granite 25,000 years, it would make but little difference as to which was selected. The same may be said of the lime and sandstones."

Mr. Swasey of the firm of Ramsey & Swasey was seen and he said that he could only find an explanation in the fact that the quarries were not fairly represented. The stone produced in Missouri is equal to any produced in Indiana, and there is no sense or reason in going to Indiana for it.

Mr. Richard Walsh, secretary of the Mechanics' Exchange, said that Missouri has sandstone, granite and limestone equal to, if not better than, any in the United States. Sandstone was probably the material in question, and the reason that Missouri stone was rejected was probably because our best quarries were not represented.

DO YOU NEED A CLOCK?

If So, Our Prices and Styles Will Surely Please You.

We have just opened an immense variety of new clocks adapted for parlor, office, library, chamber, dining and kitchen.

The *prices* marked upon them are *very low*, and range from $1 50 to $100. If at all interested we ask you to see our stock,

MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO.,
Fourth and Locust.

100 *visiting cards and copper plate, only* $1 50. *Wedding cards; finest work, lowest prices.*

FINE watches at positive bargains.
HESS & CULBERTSON,
22 N. Fourth st.

THE PARENTS TO BLAME.

Two Young Children Perish in a Burning Dwelling.

POINT PLEASANT, W. VA., September 23.—William Winter and his wife left home yesterday morning and locked their two children, aged three and five years, in the house. During their absence the house took fire and was entirely consumed. The two children were burned to death.

Saved.

Money, by buying watches and diamonds from
HESS & CULBERTSON,
22 N. Fourth st.

Second District Police Court.

Judge White had a small docket this morning, there being but seventeen cases. William Otting, a saloon-keeper, was fined $200 for selling liquor without license; Daniel Carmody and Mary Rooney were fined $15 each for disturbing the peace; Theodore Rohman and Ben Johnson, $10 each for the same offense; Lee Russell was assessed $15 on charge of vagrancy; Mary Hurley, for drunkenness, was fined $10, and Richard Cahill, for lounging, $10. Mary Rooney, Mary Hurley, Theodore Rohman and Daniel Carmody were sent to the Work House.

$5 Per Set of Six.

Pure, solid silver teaspoons.
Four different patterns. Initials engraved free.
MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO.,
Fourth and Locust.
100 *visiting cards and copper plate, only* $1 50.
Wedding cards, finest work, lowest prices.

Bargain Store,
406 N. Fourth St.
JOB LOTS
Fancy Goods, Books and Stationery
GOODS BELOW COST

Marriage and death notices will be inserted at the rate of twenty-five cents for three lines.

DIED.

BOSBYSHELL.—September 23, at 5:30 a. m., EMILY J., wife of Wm. Bosbyshell, aged 56 years.
Due notice of funeral will be given.
Philadelphia papers please copy.

MONKS.—On September 23, at 7 o'clock a. m., MARGARET E., wife of James A Monks, aged 70 years.
Due notice of the funeral will be given.

SCHIEBLE.—On Wednesday, September 23, 1885, CASPAR SCHIEBLE, our beloved father and husband, aged 67 years and 8 months, at his late residence, 1201 Wash street.
Funeral will take place from residence, Friday, at 1:30 o'clock p. m. Friends of the family are invited to attend.

MARIE EVE SCHIEBLE, wife; maiden name Lahabard.	
ANTON SCHIEBLE, BERNHARD SCHIEBLE, CHARLES SCHIEBLE,	Sons.
MARIE FUERST, CAROLINE HORNADEL, LOUISA SCHTSCHKLE,	Daughters.
LEONI FUERST, FRANK HORNADEL, HENRY SCHTSCHKLE,	Sons-in-law.
LIZZIE M. SCHIEBLE, LIZZIE A. SCHIEBLE,	Daughters-in-law.

Quincy papers please copy.

AMUSEMENTS.

CASINO.
The Best Vaudeville Entertainment in America.
Matinees Sunday, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

STANDARD THEATER.
TO-NIGHT
THE MEADER OPERA COMPANY
IN
MIKADO.

GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878.
GERMAN
Sweet Chocolate.
The most popular sweet Chocolate in the market. It is nutritious and palatable; a particular favorite with children, and a most excellent article for family use.
The genuine is stamped S. German, Dorchester, Mass. Beware of imitations.
Sold by Grocers everywhere.
W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

JOHN MAGUIRE
REAL ESTATE AGENT
NO. 212 WALNUT ST., BET. FIFTH & SIXTH.

CLOAKS! CLOAKS!
EVERYBODY SHOULD BUY NOW. THE
PARISIAN CLOAK CO.,
N. E. COR. FIFTH AND WASHINGTON AVENUE,
Offer the Following Bargains:

100 Plush Sacques for $12 50 : : : worth $20 00
100 Seal Plush Sacques with Seal Ornaments for $20 00 : : : : sold in the season for 28 50
100 Seal Plush Sacques with Seal Ornaments for $25 00 : : : : : worth 35 00
50 Seal Plush Sacques, Seal Ornaments, $35; sold elsewhere for : : : : : 50 00
50 Seal Plush Sacques, Beaver Cuffs and Collars and loops, $42 50 : : : : worth 60 00

NEWMARKETS.

75 Diagonal Newmarkets, $4, : : worth 7 50
50 Diagonal Newmarkets, $5, : : : worth 8 50
50 Diagonal Newmarkets, Plush Collar & Cuffs $7, worth 12 50
50 Ottoman Cloth Plush, Collar and Cuffs $8; a Bargain at 12 50
50 Berlin Twills, Fur Collar and Cuffs, $11; : worth 18 00
All the better grades equally as cheap.

Immense variety of Children's and Misses' Cloaks commencing as low as $1 75.
Jerseys for 75c, $1, $1 50, $2 up to $5; elegant goods.
On all these goods you save 25 to 35 per ct. buying now.

PARISIAN CLOAK CO.,
N. E. COR. FIFTH AND WASHINGTON AV.

GREAT ST. LOUIS FAIR!
OCTOBER 5th TO OCTOBER 10th.

SALE OF REFRESHMENT BOOTHS, MONDAY, SEPT. 28, AT PUBLIC AUCTION.

TERMS OF SALE: $50 to be paid on bidding off of each booth, and balance on or before Wednesday evening, Sept. 30, 1885. Those renting Refreshment Booths at the Fair Ground who hold an unexpired license and carry on a similar business in other parts of the city are not required to take out additional license for carrying on a similar business at the booths in the Fair Ground during Fair Week; and in case where the profits of such booth is applied to charitable purposes, no city license will be required.
For further information call at 718 Chestnut Street. FESTUS J. WADE, Secretary.

GRAND ST. LOUIS FAIR, OCT. 5th to 10th.

Refreshment and Restaurant Privileges Under the Grand Stand at the Race Track.

Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the Fair Ground until noon on SATURDAY, SEPT. 26, for the refreshment and restaurant privileges during Fair week. A certified check for 10 per cent. of the amount of bid to accompany each proposal. Terms, cash on acceptance of each bid. The Board reserves the right to reject any or all proposals. For further particulars apply at the Fair Ground office, 718 Chestnut Street. FESTUS J. WADE, Secretary.

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.
Matinee To-Day at 2 p. m. Matinee prices 50c and 25c. To-Night at 8.
McNISH, JOHNSON & SLAVIN'S
MINSTRELS.
Sunday, September 27—Denman Thompson.

PEOPLE'S THEATER.
Grand Matinee this (Wednesday) afternoon at 2
25 Cents. 50 Cents.
FLORA MOORE.
DRUMMER PETTICOATS
To-Night at 8, regular prices.
Sunday Night, September 27, "The Ivy Leaf" Co.

AMUSEMENTS.

OLYMPIC.
Popular Price Matinee To-Day at 2 p.m. Matinee prices 50c and 25c.
Miss MYRA GOODWIN,
Supported by GEORGE RICHARDS, in E. E. Kidder's Three-Act Comedy-Drama,
SIS.
To-Night at 8.
Sunday, September 27—M. B. Curtis in Sam'l of Posen.

POPE'S. Matinee at 2 To-Day. To-Night at 8.
W. J. Gilmore's Devil's Auction!
CHAS. H. YALE, Manager.
Beautiful Ballets. New Specialties. Superb Scenery.
Sunday, September 27—Lester & Allen's Minstrels, including John L. Sullivan.

GILMORE'S BAND
HAS ARRIVED AT THE
ST. LOUIS EXPOSITION
Grand Concert!
IN THE NEW MUSIC HALL
THIS AFTERNOON and TO-NIGHT.

DON'T FORGET to hear this Celebrated Band.
DON'T FORGET to see the Beautiful Art Gallery.
DON'T FORGET to see the Finest Mechanical Display in the country.
DON'T FORGET to see the Greely Relics.
DON'T FORGET to see the Fine Display of Machinery.
DON'T FORGET the admission to all is only 25 cents; children, 15 cents.

AMUSEMENTS.

BICYCLE RACES!
FAIR GROUNDS.

NOW OPEN!
Crescent Rink,
Compton Av. and Olive St.
Three Sessions Daily, Sunday Excepted.
Finest floor in the West. Splendid music. Opera chairs. Diamond lights. Competent instructors. Everything new. Admission 25 cents.
A. F. BARNES, Manager.

BROADWAY & TREYSER'S
Palace Museum,
North Sixth Street, near Franklin Av.
JAMES A. BARNES . . . . Sole Manager.
Every day from 1 to 10 P. M.
ROSE—The Wild Girl.
COLEMAN MIDGETS,
ELI BOWEN, JESSIE FRARY
and
ELEGANT ALL NEW STAGE SHOW.
TEN CENTS. ADMISSION. TEN CENTS.
To Museum, Menagerie and Theater.

BASE BALL.
UNION GROUNDS.
St. Louis Vs. Boston,
TO-MORROW AFTERNOON.
Game called at 3:45.

PANORAMA—SIEGE OF PARIS,
Battle of Chatillon.
Also Assassination of the Archbishop of Paris. Washington av. and 18th st. Open 9 a. m. to 11 p. m. Sundays excepted.

FAIR GROUND
Open Every Day.
Races Saturdays. Concerts Sundays
Adults, 25c; Children, 10c.
Special picnic rates apply at 718 Chestnut st.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

Temperance Meeting, Centennial Hall, Monday evening, at Temperance Tent, Pine st. Tuesday evening, address by Rev. Dr. Tyng, of the Presbytery of St. Louis, at the First Presbyterian Church. Addresses by Drs. Brooks, Strong and Nicholls, and J. B. Schoech, M. D. Wednesday evening, (only) at all prayer meetings. Thursday evening, W. C. T. U. celebration at First Presbyterian Church. Addresses by Drs. Williams and Martin and Mrs. Anna Wood Gahagan, special music by the choir. Friday evening, W. C. T. U. celebration at Temperance Tent, Pine st. This will be a meeting of unusual interest. Saturday evening, grand jubilee at Temperance Tent. The public are cordially invited to these meetings.

LODGE NOTICES.

MISSOURI LODGE, No 11, I. O. O. F.—Officers and members are requested to attend a special meeting of this lodge on Thursday, September 24, at 1 o'clock sharp, at their hall, Fourth and Locust, for the purpose of attending the funeral of our deceased brother, Past Grand A. L. Forrest. Visiting brothers are invited to attend.
ALVIN S. WEBB, Sec. GEO. W. DAVISON, N. G.

FOR RENT—Fine hall for balls, parties, sociables and weddings at reasonable terms, s. e. cor. 11th and Franklin av. A. Lightstone.

FIRISCO COLONY (late Morley Heights) meets Thursday evening, September 24, 8:30 o'clock, 903 N. Broadway. Business of advantage to every lot owner will be presented. w23

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Book-keepers.

WANTED—Book-keeper employed during day desires set of books to keep during evening. Ad. E 73, this office. w26

Clerks and Salesmen.

WANTED—Situation by a middle-aged married man; writes and speaks German; well acquainted in the city; has had many years' experience in business; desires a position as bookkeeper, clerk, collector or salesman; can furnish first-class reference. Address F 56, this office. s27

Coachmen and Drivers.

WANTED—Young married man wants a situation to drive either a one or two-horse wagon; steady and sober habits. Ad. G 74, this office. s26

WANTED—Situation by a young man (German) as coachman; understands his business thoroughly; city reference given. Ad. 3115 Pine st. 26

WANTED—Situation by a Swede as coachman; best of city reference. Call at 1428 Franklin av. for three days. w29

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—A situation by a married man as janitor, porter or watchman; best city ref. Ad. T 72, this office. w23

WANTED—By a stout young man of 20, a position of any kind; willing to work hard. Address O 72, this office. w23

WANTED—Situation by man as janitor, porter or watchman. Call or address G. M., 817 N. 7th st.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

Clerks and Salesmen.

GERMAN.

Prof. WM. DEUTSCH, of the Central High School, will organize classes in his new method of teaching German Wednesday, September 23, at 7 o'clock p. m. This method has been introduced and is now being taught successfully in Harvard, Cornell and Washington Universities, the Central High School, and all the leading schools and colleges throughout the country. For circulars apply to Prof. Wm. Deutsch, from 8:30 to 4:30, and 7 to 9 p. m., at the office of Bryant & Stratton's College, 420 Market st., corner Broadway. Or to Dr. W. H. Carpenter, president. 24

WANTED—Active and reliable gentlemen to sell the best speaking attachment in use for the Bell telephone; large sales; good profit. Address at once E. G. Stevens, 107 Bolivar st., Cleveland, Ohio. w24

ALL wanting help or situations as book-keepers or assistants, collectors, traveling and store salesmen, bartenders, engineers, firemen, watchmen, porters, etc., will be greatly benefited by applying at the Mercantile Employment Agency, 514 Olive st. f24

The Trades.

WANTED—Five good steam fitters and five good gas fitters on chandelier work. A. Stagel Gas Fixture Company, 319 N. Broadway, city. w28

WANTED—A practical wood worker who is thoroughly competent to run a Fay sticker and is willing to leave the city; steady work and fair wages given. 705 N. 7th st. w28

WANTED—One good carpenter. Plowman, 1521 Morgan st., after 6 p. m. or 7 a. m. w28

WANTED—Situation by an engineer with license; able to do his own repairing and not afraid of work. Ad. Engineer, 2804 N. Broadway. w28

WANTED—A carpenter; must be a good hand. 614 N. 8th st. w28

WANTED—Tailors or not tailors, three young men to learn gentlemen's clothing cutting after actual measurement is taken; one of the best systems for the present, easy to learn and correct fit, for $35 at the tailor shop, 619 Pine st., between 8th and 9th, city. Learners can have lessons by day or evening; after proven to be qualified a letter of recommendation will be granted. w28

WANTED—Four good carpenters. Fairfax av., between Vandeventer and Sarah. John Jary. w28

Laborers.

WANTED—50 shovelers and teams on the Forest Park Boulevard and King's Highway; 5 months work. 22c. Fanning. s29

WANTED—Immediately, two good farm hands to work on a farm. Inquire at post-office in Benton, John Lynes. m29

WANTED—Six teams, Market and Theresa av., old Bellevue House in the morning. M. Kennealy. 129

WANTED—Five brick haulers with teams to haul brick. Hasset, 616 S. 7th st. w29

Boys.

WANTED—A boy of 15 to come well recommended to work in tailor shop. 606 Pine. w21

WANTED—Boy to feed printing press, 519 Locust st. w21

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—A houseman at Moser's Hotel. Pine, bet. 8th and 9th. w23

WANTED—An operator or learner with whom to practice telegraphy. K 73, this office. s27

WANTED—Single middle-aged colored man to take care of horses; one who is willing to make himself generally useful around the house; must have the best city references; no other need apply. 1836 Kennett Place. 27

WANTED—Two young men in our offices to learn shorthand and type-writing. Apply to the Superintendent of the Union Electric Telegraph Co., 103 N. 3d st. Take elevator. s27

WANTED—Three young men and 4 young ladies in our offices to learn telegraphing on our lines, and take positions when qualified. Apply to the Superintendent of the Union Electric Telegraph Company, 103 N. 3d; take elevator. s27

EMPLOYMENT given to the unemployed free of charge by addressing in own hand-writing O 65, this office.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

Teachers, Companions, Etc.

WANTED—Lady with a good English education wishes position as governess or seamstress. A 74, this office. w27

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

WANTED—Situation, by a respectable person to sew. Do light housework or take care baby. 1114 N. 11th st. w26

WANTED—A lady who thoroughly understands tick-making and all kinds of upholstery sewing, wants work of this class at her home. Any house wanting an honest, competent hand, please address H 72, this office. w28

General Housework.

STOVE REPAIRS!

For every stove or range made in the United States, to be had at A. G. Bruner's, 219 Locust st. 42

WANTED—A situation to do housework or general housework in a small family. 3670 Scott av. w27

WANTED—Situation by two neat girls for general housework. 1624 N. 19th st. w23

Cooks.

WANTED—Situation by a No. 1 cook in a private family; cook only; best city ref. Ad. L 72, this office. w23

WANTED—By an experienced cook, a situation in a private family; reference if required. Call at 1108 3d st. w29

Nurses.

WANTED—A situation to take care of children and assist with light housework. Apply to 3841 Adams av. no postals answered. w28

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

Laundresses.

WANTED—Laundress. Monroe House, 6th and Market sts. w27

WANTED—At Fox Laundry, 1319 Olive, 2 good washers and 1 ironer. w27

WANTED—A good wash-woman. 818 Wash. Laundry. w27

Cooks.

WANTED—A girl to cook, wash and iron; also one for housework. 3616 Finney av. w28

WANTED—Also one girl to cook, second; personal reference required. 2 in family. 2 in family. w28

Teachers, Companions, Etc.

WANTED—Experienced lady teacher for higher English branches; state salary. A 73, this office. w28

General Housework.

WANTED—Good German girl for general housework; reference required. 2810 Lafayette av. s26

WANTED—Good German girl for general housework; must be good cook; no washing. 1804 Rutger st.

WANTED—Colored girl for general housework; ref. req. 1820 N. Spring av. w26

WANTED—A good girl for general housework. Call 3980 Easton av. w26

WANTED—Good German girl to do general housework. 2916 Chestnut st. s26

WANTED—Girl to do general housework for small family at No. 1816 N. Grand av. s26

WANTED—Smart, intelligent girl for general housework. Apply immediately, 2031 Olive st. w26

WANTED—Girl to do housework and take charge of washing and ironing; ref. required. 2919 Chestnut st. w26

WANTED—German girl for house and dining room work in private boarding house. 2321 Morgan st. 26

WANTED—Girl for general housework. 3918 Bailey av. w26

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

WANTED—A good dressmaker who can cut and fit and work on woolen work, at 827 Morgan st. w26

WANTED—Machine hands on overalls and jeans pants; also hands on coats and vests. 107 Locust st.

WANTED—Two bright, intelligent girls to learn dress-making. Madam Camiday, 623½ Olive st., upstairs, room 13. s29

Nurses.

WANTED—A capable nurse girl to care for children. Call at 3850 Delmar av., side entrance. s29

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Parsons to do writing at their homes. Good pay. Send 10 cents for paper, etc., to J. H. Nicholson, 26 Clinton place, New York. f21

WANTED—Situation by a respectable widow to work or wash for the rent of one room; ref. M 74, this office. w23

WANTED—3 young ladies in our offices to learn shorthand and type-writing and take positions when qualified. Apply to the Superintendent Union Electric Telegraph Co., 103 N. 3d st. Take elevator. s71

WANTED—Ladies to color photographs at their homes; taught in one hour, free; $7 to $15 per week made. Panel Art Co., 1534 Olive st. s71

DRESSMAKING.

MADAME CASSIDEY, 628½ Olive st.—Dress and cloak making, Room 16. Country orders solicited. s22

DANCING.

LAFAYETTE DANCING ACADEMY, Uhrig's Cave Hall, Washington and Jefferson avs. Classes Monday and Friday afternoons and evenings. Reception every Wednesday evening. M. J. Roncon, Manager. Office, 619 Morgan st. m76

PROF. R. M. ADAMS, 16th and Pine sts.—Classes Monday, Tuesday and Friday evenings and Wednesday and Saturday afternoons; all new dances taught, waltzing a specialty; terms $5 and $6 a quarter of 24 lessons. Call and view instructions before making arrangements elsewhere; private lessons at any time. 71

PROFESSIONAL.

DR. T. G. COMSTOCK has returned home and resumed the practice of his profession. s24

PROFESSIONAL—Hereafter I will confine my professional attention exclusively to treatment of all forms of acute and chronic skin diseases. Call or write to Dr. R. McWilliam, 1207 Washington av. m24

DR. J. L. FITZPORTER—Office No. 305 S. 14th st. Female and Chronic diseases specialties. 24

BOARD AND LODGING WANTED.

WANTED—By traveling man, 1 or 2 fur. rooms in private family, with board for wife, and self when in west part of city. Address K 73, this office. w29

WANTED—Young man wishes small room, with breakfast, in small Catholic family; terms reasonable. F 73, this office. s30

WANTED—Good board south of Chouteau av. by two lady teachers. P 73, this office. 30

WANTED—A room and board east of 20th st., bet. Washington and Chouteau ave. O 71, this office.

HOUSES, ROOMS, ETC., WANTED.

WANTED—By a quiet family of three, 2 or 3 pleasant rooms in first-class neighborhood for light housekeeping. Parties owning or leasing premises, and having no small children, can find a permanent tenant by addressing the undersigned. Territory embraced by 20th, Lafayette, 12th and Papin preferred. Ad. J 73, this office. w21

WANTED—Suite of rooms on 1st-floor for dental office; Washington av. or Olive st. pref.; west of 21st st. R 73, this office. w21

WANTED—To rent a house with agreeable parties in pleasant part of city; special references given and required. A 73, this office. s21

WANTED—To rent nicely furnished room in western part of city; transient; no reference to be required. Ad. D 71, this office. w21

WANTED—Three unfurnished rooms, not more than $15, east of 20th st., between Wash and Market; reference given. Ad. 1619 Pine st. w21

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WANTED—Place for a dairy, convenient to town, for about forty cows; must have good stabling, etc. Address, with full particulars, G 66, this office. 22

WANTED—PARTNERS.

WANTED—A partner in the jewelry business, with about $6,000 to invest in a live town of 3,000 inhabitants; must be a good workman and be competent to take charge of the business; a good chance for the right man. Address with reference K 46, this office. 28

EDUCATIONAL.

The Gunder Library

$1.50 per year. Latest books and magazines can be taken out. Room 26, Pope's Theater Building. s29

INSTRUCTION in Elocution to advanced pupils at residence. Address F 74, this office. 29

MARTIN'S Shorthand and Type-writing College, 818 and 820 Olive st., established 1876. Trial free.

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MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

WANTED—To rent or buy on time payments, a full set of bedroom furniture by a responsible party. L., 823 Chamber of Commerce. w28

WANTED—Second-hand calligraph or Remington type-writer; must be in good working order. Address J 72, this office s26

CLOTHES wringers repaired at half the old price. Erie Wringer Co., 1509 Franklin av. 26

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—A liberal reward and no questions asked for return of small skye terrier; lost in rotunda of Lindell Hotel about noon this morning. 112 N. 3d st. w26

LOST—Pink pearl scarf pin. Suitable reward on return to room 10, 109 N. 4th st. s30

LOST—On Compton av., between Olive and Locust sts., small diamond ring. Leave at S. S. Floyd & Co's., 818 Washington av., and receive liberal reward. w30

LOST—A leather memorandum book with letters of no use to finder; will please return the same to owner and get $1 reward. w30

LOST—Pair of pants; custom-made. Please return to 1004 Franklin av. w30

LOST—Bunch of keys, marked "W. E. Hicks." Leave at this office and get $1 reward. w30

LOST—Notice is hereby given that we have lost, destroyed or mislaid Certificate No. —, for 5 shares of the capital stock of the St. Louis Agricultural Association, and that we shall apply for a duplicate to the Board of Directors of said Association, in accordance with the Constitution and by-laws. J. K. Clark, M. S. Clark, C. J. Clark. w30

FINANCIAL.

A GENTLEMAN will loan $25 and upwards on household furniture, pianos, etc., without removal; parties will be treated fairly, and can secure loans on satisfactory terms. Call at 1620 Franklin av., 2d floor. s31

MONEY TO LOAN on jewelry, guns, pistols, clothing, trunks, valises and all goods of value, in sums from $1 to $10,000; low rate of interest. S. Van Raalte, 12 and 14 S. 4th st. s2

LOANS made on furniture in residence and collateral securities; fair, reasonable terms. Room 2, 304 Olive.

MONEY TO LOAN.

$100,000, $10,000, $20,000, $3,000, $4,000, $2,500, on city and county real estate at 6 per cent. JOHN LADY, 820½ Olive st.

$2 500, $3,000, $5,000 and upwards loaned on city real estate. McCann, Rice & Farrington, 507 Walnut st.

MONEY to loan on guns and sporting goods. Franklin Loan Office, 1108 Franklin av. 21

A GENTLEMEN wishing to invest some surplus funds will meet $20 and upwards on household furniture and other security. Parties wishing advance will be treated fairly and can secure loans on satisfactory terms. Call at 102 Morgan st. 31

$25 AND upwards to loan on furniture, pianos and other personal property; terms easy; business confidential. W. F. Sachs, 220 N. 8th st. 31

$25 to $500 loaned on furniture, pianos and general household goods in use; no removal; no commission; private office; call before elsewhere. Jos. H. Fraser & Co., 21 Fourth.

MONEY loaned on household goods, pianos, etc., with or without removal; terms liberal; strictly confidential. J. S. Voss, Grocery Patent, 22 Chestnut.

MONEY LOANED—In sums to suit, on furniture, pianos, horses, wagons, etc., without removal; strictly confidential; terms reasonable. Call at 1108 Franklin av., 2d floor, front. s31

PERSONALS.

Advertisements under the head of "Personal" are received subject to revision or rejection entirely. The money paid for rejected advertisements will be refunded when address is given, or by calling at this office with ticket. All personals not of a business nature ten cents a line.

PERSONAL—Southern gentleman, a stranger, wishes to hear from a St. Louis lady. L 73, this office. w1

PERSONAL—A. F.: Simply impossible to see you an hour named; will be there at 3 o'clock same day. Friend. w1

PERSONAL—Fannie: Minnie has returned; drop me a note through Post Office, gen'l del. f1

PERSONAL—Will the young lady who bowed to gent in Papin av. car Monday evening, grant an interview? If so, when and where after 6:30 p. m.? Ad. B 73, this office. w1

PERSONAL—"See Post-Dispatch to-morrow evening." Will lady who sat next to gentleman last night at theater please address H 71, this office. w1

PERSONAL—O 15: Tuesday disappointed; write; direct as before. H. B. s1

PERSONAL—Winnie: Please send your address to J. C. s1

PERSONAL—My affinity is dark as night; she is intelligent and ambitious; should I find her I will find the means to promote her happiness. Ad. P 71, this office. w1

PERSONAL—Rebecca L. Ady, M. D., 1620 Olive st., electro magnetic hand baths. See Personal Sundries.

BOOKS.

AUDUBON'S Birds and Quadrupeds 20 vols; most rare edition. Dan Linahan, 6th and Washington av.

HORSES AND VEHICLES.

Wanted.

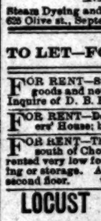
WANTED—A sound, gentle and muscular horse for delivery purposes. At drug store, 7th and Olive.

For Sale.

HEIDEMAN-BENOIST SADDLERY CO.

419 N. Sixth Street.

(½ block N. of Barr's)



TURF GOODS A SPECIALTY.

Telephone, 208.

Fine Harness and Saddlery.

820 Pine.

P. SCHULTHEIS & SON.

FOR SALE—Light side-bar Brewster buggy; very fine light double and single hand-made harness, as good as new. A very great bargain may be had by addressing P. O. Box 515. w13

ALL SORTS.

FOR FINE dress shoes made to measure of the best of French calf, patent and enameled leather, and fit guaranteed, at George Frisch, 808 Walnut st. 28

MONEY TO LOAN on jewelry, guns, pistols, clothing, trunks, valises and all goods of value, in sums from $1 to $10,000; low rate of interest. S. Van Raalte, 12 and 14 S. 4th st. s2

YOU can save money by calling on us for your heating stoves, cooking stoves and stove repairs. 4-Shaw, 1417 Franklin av. s2

A THOUSAND chrome cards, envelopes or bill heads for 90 cents. Scott & Gaunt, printers, 1282 Franklin av

HIGHEST cash price paid for gents' cast-off clothing. Call or address D. A. Pereira, 614 Morgan. 28

REMOVALS.

MORGENS'

Steam Dyeing and Cleaning Establishment has removed to 623 Olive st., September 14, 1885. s30

TO LET—FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES

FOR RENT—Store; good location for gents' furnishing goods and notions; has stock and cases in. Enquire of D. B. Beatty, East St. Louis. w17

FOR RENT—Book room; 116 N. 6th st., opposite Planters' House; best location in the city; call at once.

FOR RENT—The Jefferson av. car stables, one block south of Chouteau av., are now vacant and will be rented very low for livery or express stables, manufacturing or storage. Ap. to Clement M. Seaman, 419 Olive st., second floor. w17

LOCUST STREET BUILDING FOR RENT.

1007—Containing two floors 40x100, 1 floor 20x60, well lighted and in complete repair. Ap. to W. F. Obear, 21 and 23 S. 2d st. w17

BOARDING.

309 S. SEVENTH ST.—$4 50 and $4 a week; good table; single rooms; transients accommodated.

910 PINE ST.—Room with board $4 per week, day board, 40; transient, 75 cents per day. m19

1004 CHOUTEAU AV.—2 nicely fur. rooms, on 1st floor, with or without board. s18

1013 GRAND AV.—Furnished or unfurnished rooms with board; all first-class accommodations; also day boarders; car line by the door. s18

1125 WASHINGTON AV.—Handsomely furnished 2d story front room, with first-class board; ref. exchanged. s28

1310 DILLON ST.—Pleasant furnished rooms and board in private family; home comforts and good neighborhood. s18

1332 CHOUTEAU AV.—Handsomely furnished rooms with board; all conveniences; terms moderate; also good rock stables. s24

1424 WASHINGTON AV.—Desirable rooms for families or gentlemen with good board.

1504 BLAIR AV.—Nice furnished rooms; private board. Mrs. Volz, 11b

1505 CHESTNUT ST.—Parlor nicely furnished with or without board. w15

1730 WASH ST.—Nicely furnished rooms with board. s18

1804 LUCAS PLACE—Elegantly furnished rooms with first-class board; students taken at reduced rates. 19

1816 MORGAN ST.—Nicely furnished rooms, with or without board; terms reasonable.

1831 OLIVE ST.—Delightful rooms nicely furnished, with board; terms reasonable. s18

2011 OLIVE ST.—Nicely furnished rooms, with or without board; visiting cure to Republican accommodated. s18

2107 WALNUT ST.—Nicely furnished rooms, with or without board. s19

2323 CLEVELAND AV.—Two double fur. or unfur. rooms; also single room on 3d or 4th floor; southern, eastern and northern exposure; all modern conveniences; easy reach by cable; central and delightful location; best of table; first-class stable; terms reasonable. 19

2622 LOCUST ST.—New and handsomely furnished front alcove room with or without board to gents in strictly private family; every convenience. s27

2739 MORGAN ST.—Rooms furnished or unfurnished, with or without board. w19

2741 MORGAN ST.—Well furnished room with board for gents; terms moderate. s19

2816 OLIVE ST.—Handsomely furnished rooms, with first class table; ref. ex. s18

2839 SALINA AV.—Nicely fur. front room, with board, for 2 or 3 gentlemen. w18

2904 PINE ST.—One large handsomely furnished second-story front, also back room, single or en suite; southern and northern exposure, with board; last class. s18

2910 OLIVE ST.—Fur. room, with or without board; ref. ex. s18

3119 CHESTNUT ST.—Handsomely fur. 2d-story front rooms with board; single or en suite; s. and e. exposure; large side yard. s18

YOUNG lady employed during day and lady comfortable home in refined family; terms moderate. H 74, this office. w19

FOR RENT—A nice second-story front room in West End, for gent and lady's board for lady. Ad. C 72, this office. w18

FOR RENT—Parlor, newly furnished, with or without board. 1430 Olive. w18

BOARDING—At Lafayette Park Hotel; suite of two and three rooms, including parlor; private bath. m18

BOARDING—To one or two gents, nicely fur. room, vicinity 9th and Locust sts.; must pass the doctor's; private family; board convenient; ref. ex. Ad. S 61, this office. s18

BOARDING for a few gentlemen in private family; terms reasonable. Address K 74, this office. w24

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

1 S. SIXTEENTH ST.—On 2d floor; two nice large front rooms for light housekeeping; water; $15. Apply on premises. 18

27 S. SIXTEENTH ST. (old number 21)—Pleasant room, adjoining bath, furnished for light housekeeping; would accommodate gentlemen; good down-town neighborhood. w13

27 S. SIXTEENTH ST. (old No. 21)—Pleasant room adjoining bath, furnished for light housekeeping; would accommodate gentlemen; good down-town neighborhood. w13

103 S. SIXTEENTH ST.—Nicely furnished rooms by the week or month. s18

109 S. FIFTEENTH ST.—Rooms completely furnished for housekeeping; also sleeping rooms for gentlemen. s19

118 S. FOURTEENTH ST.—Nicely fur. room on 1st floor. w18

207 CENTER ST.—Two rooms, kitchen and cellar for rent. Apply at 205 Center st., from 9 a. m. to 2 p. m. f18

209 N. EIGHTH ST.—Nicely furnished rooms. w18

315 N. TWENTIETH ST.—2 second-story rooms; southern and eastern exposure; house, furniture and carpets all new; good location, near Lucas place and Olive st. s18

500 S. BROADWAY—Furnished rooms, cheap. s18

607 N. TWENTY-THIRD ST.—A nicely furnished second-story front room; very pleasant; reasonable. w13

707 CHOUTEAU AV.—Furnished and unfurnished rooms on the M-floor. Inquire in notion store. w19

817 N. SEVENTH ST.—Nice cheap rooms. Jos. A. Smith. 18

834 CHOUTEAU AV.—Two convenient rooms, furnished or unfurnished, in private family; also a brick stable. f19

917 N. NINETEENTH ST.—Furnished front room on second floor. s18

1002 PINE ST.—Furnished rooms by day or week; first-class board if desired; transients accommodated. w18

1027 GRATTAN ST.—Two rooms, 2d floor, furnished or unfurnished. s12

1210 CHOUTEAU AV.—Four rooms on 1st floor; ref. ex. w18

1221 PARK AV.—One nicely furnished room for rent for one gentleman, with all conveniences; convenient to 3 cars. s18

1225 N. SIXTH ST.—4-room brick. Inquire of 1st floor, with or without board. s18

1302 WASHINGTON AV.—Furnished rooms, with use of bath; also furnished back parlor. f18

1305 CHESTNUT ST.—Furnished hall rooms also rooms for light housekeeping; reasonable terms. s18

1316 LAFAYETTE AV.—One square south of Chouteau av., one very nicely furnished room; neat, good board. s13

1318 PINE ST.—3d story front room; fur. with 2 beds; $12 per month; to 3 gents. w18

1328 ST. ANGE AV.—Nicely furnished front room; all conveniences; gents cheap, or can accommodate lady teacher. s18

1417 S. SEVENTH ST.—A nicely furnished front room for one or two respectable gents. s18

1423 PINE ST.—Furnished rooms with or without board; people visiting the Fair accommodated. s18

1426 LUCAS PLACE.—Pleasant furnished rooms by day or month. w18

1522 OLIVE ST.—Nicely furnished room; transient and accommodation for visitors at reasonable rates. s18

1562 LAFAYETTE AV.—Two unfurnished rooms and one furnished; no children. s13

1605 CHESTNUT ST.—Nicely furnished front parlor; also middle and back rooms very cheap; bath room on same floor. s18

1606 PINE ST.—Nicely furnished 2d-story front; also other furnished and unfurnished rooms.

1718 OLIVE ST.—Two elegantly furnished rooms to rent during Fair and Exposition. w18

1724 LINN ST.—One nicely furnished front room, near Lafayette Park; bath, etc. w18

1811 CARR PLACE.—Two connecting rooms unfurnished for sale. Possession given at once. Apply to DAVID GREENWAY, Retiring Owner and Proprietor, Dartford, Pa. Reference: Mr. James M. Francisco, Mr. Chas. W. Barstow, Mr. E. C. Simmons, of St. Louis. 4

2021 CLARK AV.—Two rooms, second floor front; terms reasonable to small family. s18

2026 PINE ST.—Nicely furnished 2d-story front room, suitable for one or two gentlemen. m19

2130 EUGENIA ST.—2d story front room; also middle and back rooms, furnished or unfurnished; ref. required. w18

2209 MARKET ST.—Two rooms on 1st floor to a family without children. s18

2334 CLARK AV.—Three splendid unfur. rooms and bath for light housekeeping; terms moderate; refs. ex. s18

2243 LUCAS AV.—Second floor, two handsomely furnished rooms for lady and gentleman.

2626 OLIVE ST.—Handsomely furnished 2d-story front rooms, single or en suite. s13

2704 LOCUST ST.—Room on first floor, southern exposure, furnished or unfurnished; also hall room on 2d floor, furnished. s18

2719 THOMAS ST.—1 fur. front room. f18

2724 WRIGHT ST.—Five rooms, 2d-floor, marble mantel, folding-doors and water. $17. s18

2727 CASS AV.—Four rooms, 3d-story; inquire at 1514 Olive st. or 3025 Clark av. w18

2824 ARSENAL ST.—Unfurnished room for housekeeping; good locality; rent low. m18

2932 OLIVE ST.—Three unfurnished rooms, 2d floor, connecting. s19

FOR RENT—The first floor of a new building, consisting of 4 rooms, kitchen, basement and bath-room; one block west of Hyde Park. Inquire at 2030 Salisbury st.

FOR RENT—N. e. cor. 18th and Market sts., nice furnished room for 2 gents. Inq. in liquor store down stairs. m18

FOR RENT—Furnished or unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping. Call at 717½ Chestnut st. s18

WANTED—Young man wants furnished room; location, central; state rent wanted. N 72, this office. w18

FOR RENT—Call and see Keeley & Co., 709 Pine st., for cheap rooms; all conveniences. s18

FOR RENT—Unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping; good location. D 73, this office. w13

WANTED—A lady having her own home would like a lady to room with her; reference required and given. C 73, this office. w13

FOR RENT—Olive st.—Elegantly furnished rooms; private family; first-class parties only. Ad. W 57, this office. s13

FOR RENT—Splendid rooms, newly furnished, refined house and good attendance; Olive st. R 70, this office. s13

FOR RENT—Cheap rooms; front or back parlor; three rooms; 2d floor; private house with all modern conveniences; ref. ex. Address Box 445, Post Office. w13

FOR RENT—New 8-room flats, Kossuth av., east of Fair Grounds; conveniently arranged and complete in every respect; $30 and $11 a month. David Bailey, 808 Chestnut st. 12

FOR RENT—DWELLINGS.

FOR RENT—To one who can appreciate a good, substantial home—modern house of 11 rooms, with three-stalled stable, carriage house, man's room, above stable, etc.; all mod. improvements in house, bath-tub, furnaces in basement, range in kitchen, hydrant and soft water pump in kitchen; lot 82x150; high situation, southern exposure; newly papered and painted throughout. This house was not built to rent, but by a prominent merchant of this city for his own residence, and is, without exception, one of the most substantially built residences in the city. Its location is 3242 Gamble av. Apply to D. Crawford, Broadway and Franklin av. 16

1015 KOMPTON AV.—7-room house, with bath and laundry. w14

1015 KOMPTON AV.—7-room house with bath and laundry. 18

1315 LINN ST.—Nice 6-room house near Park; rent, $25. Ap. 1818 Hickory st. w14

1432 N. EIGHTH ST.—3-room front and back yard; water, etc.; rent, $16. s16

2031 CHESTNUT ST.—3-Three-story and stone-front house of ten rooms, hall, bath, gas, good cellar; splendid house to rent furnished room. KEELEY & CO., 709 Pine st. 14

2124 CHESTNUT ST.—Seven-room piano-front; reduced rates to good tenant. s19

2221-23 WASH ST.—Two new 6-room houses with every convenience, will be rented cheap to good tenants. McCann, Rice & Farrington, 507 Walnut st. s14

3913 FAIRMINGTON AV.—6 rooms, $25, says at drug store. John T. Garland, 518 Olive st. f14

3746 PINE ST.—Two-story brick and terra cotta front, 10 rooms, new, all modern improvements, finished in polished hard wood, ready for occupancy October 1, next. Apply to David Bailey, 808 Chestnut st. s14

FOR RENT—3919 LUCAS AV., 10-room, stone front. Apply to S. Simmons, 620 Chestnut st. 14

STORAGE.

STORAGE.

Furniture, Pianos, Trunks, Boxes, Etc.

Stored on the best terms; cheapest, safest, best and most convenient on the city; on premises; warehouse receipt given; money advanced if desired; packing and shipping; furniture, pianos, pianos and organs removed carefully, moving done at low rates, with one, at our large fire-proof warehouse. W. O. Langan & Co., 1026 and 1028 Morgan street. 26

STORAGE—Furniture, etc.; cash and cash; gas and rates, 1003 Olive st. S. U. Leonard, jr., & Co. 21

BEST storage for furniture; pianos, dry and new at reasonable rates. Brobeck & Voerkle, 111 N. 6th st. 6

FURNITURE, pianos, etc., stored; easiest conveniences; wheeling and hoisting; packing and shipping; moving with care. C. J. Bates, 308 N. 8th st. 6

FARMS WANTED.

WANTED—50 acres of improved land, planted in

MUSICAL.

WANTED—At once, an amateur trombone player; one who can play other instruments preferred. Ad. H., 818 Washington av. w27

GEO. FOSTER & CO.,

1630 OLIVE STREET,

Dealers in George Steck & Co.'s, Vose & Sons', Kroeger & Son's and C. H. Stone's pianos. All instruments guaranteed and sold on easy monthly payments. 27

PIANOS.

WEBER, IVERS & POND, WHEELOCK, DECKER & SON.

Pianos sold on easy payments. First-class new pianos for rent at $4 per month; rent deducted if piano is bought at

KOERBER'S,

1103 Olive St.

FOR SALE—First class square grand piano, cheap. 2234 Warren st. s27

PERSONAL SUNDRIES.

PERSONAL—Prof. Zibola, medium, asks no questions, tells names of visitors, ladies their maiden and married names, whom and when to marry; reunites the separated; advises in business, contracts, health; stops drinking, chewing, etc. Satisfaction or no pay. 1409 Olive. 24

REBECCA L. ADY, M. D., in addition to her general practice of medicine, treats with magnetism, electricity and massage; the warm hand can do much to restore health; also baths in every form for ladies and gentlemen; baths are a luxury for the healthy, a necessity for sick. 1620 Olive st. s24

MRS. ROSINE SABINE, the great fortune-teller, gives advice in matters of business, love and matrimony; she unites friends and lovers in nine days, causes speedy marriage, recovers stolen, mislaid and buried property, and cures drunkenness in one week. 818 N. 16th st. f14

PROF. SABINE'S Matrimonial Agency, 818 N. 16th, bet. Mo. Morgan and Franklin av. s24

MRS. WILCUS treats fortune-tellers, 809 N. 18th st., bet. St. Charles and Washington av., can be consulted on matters of love, business and matrimony; separated lovers brought together in 9 days; ladies received only. 14

FOR SALE—Cheapest lot of clothing in the city, at M. V. Medart's, Pawnbroker, 1109 Franklin av. 24

CAST-OFF clothing bought by S. Stern co., 319 Locust st. Send postal card. 24

SELL your cast-off clothing to N. Jacobs. Address postal card, 315 Locust st. 24

BUSINESS FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A well-established cigar store in business location; cause, sickness. Inquire at 521 Morgan st.

FOR SALE—Grocery store and saloon doing good business. Inquire 926 N. 6th st. s6

FOR SALE—Monroe House. Apply on premises, 6th and Market sts. w6

FOR SALE—At the Irish National League, to be given at the Fair Grounds September 27, 1885, the following privileges for sale: Restaurant, ice-cream stand, shooting gallery, wheel of fortune, and horse and vehicle corral. Inquire at Frank Mahon, 7th and O'Fallon sts., from 10 a. m. to 2 p. m. s4

FOR SALE—First-class grocery stores as invoice: prices $250, $400, $500, $1,500 and $3,000.
DUFFY & CO.,
826 Chestnut st.
4

FOR SALE—First-class grocery stores at invoice: prices $250, $400, $500, $1,500 and $3,000.
DUFFY & CO.,
826 Chestnut st.
4

FOR SALE—Furnished rooms and boarding house near Exposition and Custom House; prices $500, $700, $800 and $1,000.
DUFFY & CO.,
826 Chestnut st.
4

THE CELEBRATED AND SUCCESSFUL SUMMER RESORT, The Ozarks, Orgen Lake, Wis., is offered for sale. Possession given at once. Apply to DAVID GREENWAY, Retiring Owner and Proprietor, Dartford, Pa. Reference: Mr. James M. Francisco, Mr. Chas. W. Barstow, Mr. E. C. Simmons, of St. Louis. 4

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—A fine pug and blast and tan dog, moulter and canary birds at 1907½ Franklin av. s5

WANT

CATHOLICS IN THE SCHOOLS.

Fifty Per Cent of the Children in the Public Schools Romanists.

School Board Director O'Connell Gives Some Important Information — Schools That Have Catholic Teachers and Catholic Children.

The discussion of the question of public vs. parochial schools, precipitated by the declaration of Father McCaffrey of St. Patrick's Church, that he would prepare no Catholic children attending public schools for their first communion, has awakened considerable interest. A POST-DISPATCH reporter who went to the rooms of the School Board this morning to look up information on the subject, learned that the Catholic clergy have certainly good grounds for the beginning of a crusade against the public schools. Mr. John W. O'Connell, one of the most prominent members of the Board and a Catholic himself, gave some very important information on this subject. Said he: "There are more Catholic children attending public schools than children of all other denominations put together. More than 50 per cent of the children in the public schools are of Catholic parentage.

"How do you know this?"

"By actual acquaintance with the facts. I was the first member of the board to introduce a resolution expunging the order authorizing the teaching of German in the schools. At the time, in order to show that the German children were in a minority in the schools, I made a canvas of the school attendance and found that out of 35,000 children in attendance—this was under Mr. Harris some seven or eight years ago—about 18,000 were of Irish parentage. I had the rolls to study over, and with these and consultations with the teachers I found that

THE MAJORITY

of the children in the schools were of Catholic parentage."

"That was a long time ago, though."

"The number is even greater now. I can take you to schools where 70, 80, yes, 90 per cent of the children are Catholics. The figures hold now even more than then, for the public schools are in much better favor now than then. Go to the Bates School, for instance, and you'll find that nearly all of the children are of Catholic parents. The public schools all through that district of Father McCaffrey's and adjoining are filled with Catholic children—the Everett, O'Fallon, Carr, Hamilton and Carr Lane Schools, I mean. The Hamilton School is attended altogether by Catholic children. I should say 97 per cent of the children are of that faith. For this reason the Board places

CATHOLIC TEACHERS

in these schools. Everything that could be asked of the Board by Catholics in this respect is granted. On St. Patrick's Day double sessions are held, so that the children can get away in the afternoon to see the parade. They are to all intents and purposes Catholic in the matter of religious instruction, Catholic schools."

"How are these children prepared for religious events, then."

"Well, the majority of them are either very small or are making their first communion. Those children who are of the age to receive their first communion, are generally taken away from the public schools and given a term or two at the parish schools. When the first communion is made they return. Most of the parochial schools are filled with small children. Very few boys of 14, 15 and 16 are seen there as compared with the number under that age, while in the public schools the reverse is the rule."

"Why is the public school preferred by Catholic children to the parochial?"

"Oh, that I can't say."

It will be seen from what Mr. O'Connell says that there is

GREAT CAUSE FOR ALARM

among the Catholic priests on the score of the public schools. Mr. O'Connell said further that he did not see why such alarm should exist, as every effort was made by the Board to please the Catholic parents and children, and that the wishes of these were catered to studiously. It would seem also from what he says that the Catholic clergy can only hold those children whose age and advancement make them fit candidates for the confernal of communion; that they can do very little to prevent children under or over that age and period from going to the public schools.

SUPERINTENDENT LONG

was asked if he knew exactly how many Catholic children there were in the public schools. He said: "I do not, but it is a very easy matter to find out."

"How?"

"By asking all the teachers."

"Why do you not do it?"

"Because there is no reason why I should. I have no right to do such a thing unless instructed by the Board, and I would not willingly do it any way, since the worst possible misconstruction would follow. I have already been accused of being a Catholic and of favoring Catholic teachers, and have been charged with being a Catholic hater and an active opponent of the appointment of Catholic teachers. Besides this talk about Catholic schools and public schools is deplorable. I deprecate always the mixture or attempted mixture of church and State, and would be the last one in the world to add to or encourage a discussion of the kind now prevailing.

I THINK IT IS WRONG.

It does no good and should be deprecased by everybody."

"The attendance of Catholic children in the public schools is very large, is it not?"

"Of course it is large. Nobody says that it is not. There is no reason why it should not be."

"There are no actual figures as to the attendance, are there?"

"Certainly not. We pay no attention to the religion or nationality of a child, and there is no reason why we should collate statistics of the kind."

But while the Catholic clergy fulminate against those who send their children to the public schools they say nothing to prevent the election of Catholic members to the School Board or the appointment of Catholic girls to pedagogical positions. There are six or eight Catholics in the Board and about 300 teachers of the Roman faith in the schools.

Gilmore's Band at the Exposition this evening.

ESPENSCHIED REPLIES.

He Did Adopt Merrell's Methods and the Board Is the Party to Blame.

The City Treasurer is determined that the responsibility of the rejection of forty contracts for public work by the City Council shall not rest on his shoulders. The explanation of what Col. Flad meant in saying that if Mr. Espenschied had studied the late Mr. Merrell's methods in the matter of receiving deposits from bidders, published in yesterday's POST-DISPATCH, has called from Mr. Espenschied the following card:

ST. LOUIS, September 23.

To the Editor of the POST-DISPATCH.

It must be delectable amusement (?) to the public to watch the tempest in a teapot that has blown up in consequence of the unsuccessful endeavor to shoulder on my office the cause of the contract-testing failure of the 2d instant. But I will be pardoned if I show that I am not trying to hide behind the steam generated thereby.

The odd wools of the City Hall who have been worrying themselves into a fever heat on the assumption that I had not adopted Mr. Merrell's "methods" in preparing receipts beforehand, can now rest easy. The sleepless nights and mental strain with which they have been inflicted all this time could have been avoided had they given me credit for understanding as much of my business as they think they do. It will undoubtedly astonish them to learn what they might have known before had they inquired, that Mr. Merrell's "methods" were exactly the ones I did adopt on that occasion, and that I had prepared beforehand some 1,200 receipts. But how inconsistent they are in expecting me to know how many bidders there would be when they try to excuse themselves from the blame of having let too many contracts on one day by asserting that they did not think there would be so many bidders.

The next time these unskilled gunners select the Treasurer's office as a target, it is to be hoped they will discard that dangerous weapon called the boomerang, and invest in more modern weapons, some that don't recoil so much. Respectfully,

FREDERIC F. ESPENSCHIED.

Gilmore's Band at the Exposition this evening.

Jottings at the Justices.

Mrs. A. L. Baker sues in Justice Taaffe's Court for $15 due her by Samuel Kinney. T. A. Wind in the same court sues Henry Frans for $26 40 due for work performed.

Gilmore's Band at the Exposition this evening.

Fair Notes.

Secretary Wade received a letter from Secretary Simmons to-day, stating that the cotton and wool [illegible] for an extensive [illegible] of the Fair. A large number of entries will [illegible] Simmons' letter. [illegible] Missouri State Horticultural Society, 250 plates of fruit; Norris & Clark, thirty-five Clydesdale horses; London Machinery Company, general display; J. E. Hawes, twenty-nine Hereford cattle; H. C. Eckert, herd of Guernsey cattle; Bush Grove Stock Farms, five swine.

N. B.

The best bread has a label attached, but the label is a picture of the "*Horse*." Do not be deceived by other labels.

THE KING OF THE BATON.

Chat With Director Gilmore About Himself and His Band.

Director P. S. Gilmore arrived from New York with his military band at 1 o'clock this morning. Mr. Gilmore who is accompanied by his wife and daughter went to the Lindell Hotel and was seen there this morning by a POST-DISPATCH reporter. He was busily preparing his programmes for to-day, having rested after his journey until late. The famous bandmaster is a rather heavily built man of medium height, with a full, pleasant countenance free of beard except a dark mustache, which he wears curled to sharp points on each side in genuine military fashion. He wears glasses and has a musician's head. He is a pleasant talker, and has a straightforward, frank manner which wins one at once.

"Owing to my late arrival I have been busy preparing for to-day's concerts," said he. "I had time to have a little chat with Secretary Johnston this morning with regard to arrangements. I would prefer to have the programme arranged in two larger parts rather than three, but that is all right."

"Have you followed any particular plan in the selection of your band?"

"Only that I have picked forty of the best musicians of my organization. All superb artists, and the finest in the country. I want to please the people—Musicians and the public generally—to give them the best music that I can give, with a little for all kinds. Mixing up a programme is like painting a picture. One must pay regard to tone, coloring, variety, everything which makes up a harmonious whole. I hope to make an excellent impression on the St. Louis people. I have fifteen or sixteen soloists, all of whom are about equal in merit and all are fine, but the public are the best judges and can say what they think of us after a hearing."

Mr. Gilmore's present organization was effected about fourteen years ago when it was made up for the Boston Jubilee, and since that time he has been in New York.

It is composed of nearly the same men throughout that it was then, only a few new men, who made reputations, having been added. It is undoubtedly the best paid band in the country, the salaries ranging from $30, which is the lowest, to $120 a week. Contrary to the usual rule in favor of Germany, Mr. Gilmore is an Irishman, and received his musical education in Ireland and has been at the heads of different bands for thirty-five years. He says since the Boston jubilee, when the best bands of Europe came to America, there has been wonderful improvement in band music. Gilmore's band commands the highest price of any band in America, and it may be stated that Mr. Gilmore will receive $10,000 for his four weeks' engagement here.

LEGAL DOINGS.

Matters of Interest Transpiring To-day Under the Dome.

In the matter of the Harrison Wire Company the report of Receiver Moffett of yesterday's sale of accounts, books, notes, etc., was handed to Judge Lubke to-day. The bid for the books and papers was rejected. The Receiver has leave to sell them to the Harrison Company.

In the estate of Ernest Goebler the Probate Court to-day authorized the sale of twenty shares of the Gast Wine Company at not less than par value.

The final report in the estate of Rose Morris was filed to-day and the administrator was discharged.

In the matter of the estate of Joseph Hafner the administrator was to-day ordered to collect the rents, and after applying one-third on account of dower to pay the debts of the estate.

In the suit of Price against Scudder and others a dedimus was ordered to-day to the State of Tennessee for the taking of depositions. This litigation relates to the steamer Gold Dust.

D. P. Dyer obtained in Judge Barclay's Court today an order of sale returnable the first day of the December term in the attachment suit of the Bank of Kansas City against Graham and others. The property attached is a line of stock.

In the matter of the assignment of Leubri Bros., the Court will, on the 28th of October, grant an order of sale of the books and papers at private sale.

Claims for exemption will not be received after to-morrow afternoon. Commissioner Carlisle received no applications this morning.

Gilmore's Band at the Exposition this evening.

VEST AND COCKRELL.

A Rumor That They Will Meet "The Boys" This Evening.

It is rumored in local political circles this morning that Senators Vest and Cockrell would arrive here to-night en route to Washington, D. C., to take a hand in the disposition of the Missouri offices. Senator Vest, it is said, has left Kansas City, and Cockrell has taken his departure from Warrensburg. There have been so many false reports concerning the movements of these gentlemen, however, that it is difficult to arrive at the truth, and since no authoritative information can be obtained the rumor is not generally credited.

N. B.

The best bread has a label attached, but *the label* is a picture of the "*Horse*." Do not be deceived by other labels.

The Bridal Bulletin.

The following marriage licenses were granted today: Henry M. Berry, 21 years, St. Louis, and Annie E. Kay, 18 years, St. Louis; Woodford N. Porter, 30 years, Harrisburg, Ill., and Lizzie Anderson, 18 years, St. Johns, Ill.; William C. Klein, 21 years, 2220 S. Eleventh street, and Carrie M. Poth, 21 years, 2256 S. Thirteenth street; William Bethmann, 27 years, Belleville, Ill., and Mina Biermann, 23 years, Belleville, Ill.; John B. Nalty, 27 years, Brookhaven, and May Halpin, 18 years, St. Louis.

Gilmore's Band at the Exposition this evening.

CARONDELET JOTTINGS.

Brilliant Lodge 83, of the Knights of Pythias, will hold a meeting at their hall on Broadway and Controis street this evening.

John Schneiberger, a well-known citizen of Carondelet, died at his residence yesterday in Gardenville after a lingering illness.

The Park Social Club held a special meeting last night at Union Hall. It was decided to give a ball at Turner Hall on the 24th of October.

An entertainment will be given next Friday evening at Union Hall to Miss Dela Wilson of Chicago, who is visiting Miss Lilly Baker of Carondelet.

The W. C. T. U. of Carondelet held their monthly meeting last night, after which an entertainment was given, which was witnessed by nearly 500 people.

The room of Sergeant Ed Dugan of the Barracks was robbed on Monday night of $181 in cash and an open-face gold watch, the number of which is 34 742. Suspicion rests on three soldiers, who left about the same time the above articles were taken.

Theo. Lemkins, a well-known school teacher of the St. Boniface school for twenty years, died at his residence yesterday after a short illness. The deceased was 60 years old, and leaves a wife and five children. His remains will be buried at Mount Olive Cemetery to-morrow at 10 o'clock.

BELLEVILLE.

John Mullay of East St. Louis died last evening of dropsy at the County Farm.

Mr. Edward Ward has resigned his position as storekeeper of the Pittsburg Railroad.

Thomas Griffin of East St. Louis was sent to the County Farm to-day, having been adjudged insane.

The Circuit Court was in session this morning and several important chancery cases were disposed of.

Mr. and Mrs. Francis Holk will celebrate their silver wedding this evening at their residence in the West End.

The Belleville Literary Society meets to-night. The subject for discussion will be "Are Religious Revivals to be Encouraged."

The Knights of Pythias will turn out this evening to meet a division from St. Louis, who are to be entertained by the Garfield Lodge.

The Grand Jury investigated the charge of adultery against Henry Ellsworth, colored, of East St. Louis yesterday, and, failing to indict him, his release was ordered.

George Howard, colored, was arrested last evening for beating his wife. He was taken before Squire Phillips this morning and assessed $5 and costs. Howard has been arrested on the same charge several times before.

Bud Hammond of East St. Louis, who was arrested some time ago for threatening the life of Wm. Starzel, a saloon keeper, succeeded in furnishing a $200 bond, and was released yesterday afternoon.

Thomas Millot, Superintendent of the Gravelois saloon, appeared in Squire Medart's court yesterday afternoon to answer to the charge of celebrating on Sunday without permit, and was placed under a $100 bond.

THE -- GREAT -- EXPOSITION!

Strangers in the city and citizens as well will please bear in mind that the GLOBE SHOE AND CLOTHING COMPANY'S establishment—five great stores in one, the great and only Checkered Front, 705, 707, 709, 711, 713 Franklin Avenue—is an Exposition in itself, as there can be seen a larger variety, with qualities unsurpassed and prices the lowest, in Men's, Boys' and Children's Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Hats and Furnishing Goods than can be seen in any other establishment in America.

COME. CUT OUT THIS PRICE-LIST. SEE.

800 Men's heavy good-wearing Suits at $2 50
450 Men's good-wearing Union Cassimere Suits at $3 50 and $5
600 Men's Nobby Cassimere Suits, seventy-five styles $7 50 to $15
1,500 Children's good wearing Suits at $1
750 Children's good Union Cassimere Suits, several styles, $1 75 to $3 50
200 Boys' good Suits, twenty styles at $2 to $3 50
1,000 Men's Scotch Cassimere Pants, $1 75

250 Boys' splendid Cassimere Suits at $5 to $7 50
50 cases Men's and Boys' Soft and Stiff Hats at 25c to $1
100 doz Red Knit Undershirts and Drawers at 35c to 45c
90 Men's White Undershirts and Drawers at 15c
50 dozen French Percale Shirts, collars attached, at 50c
500 Men's All-Wool Cassimere Fall Overcoats at $5

Remember, we guarantee above prices to be 40 per cent less than our competitors ask for the same.

GLOBE, Five Great Stores in One Checkered Front. Largest Shoe and Clothing Establishment in the West, 705 TO 713 FRANKLIN AVENUE.

Open until 9 p. m.—Saturdays until 11 p. m. Twenty Electric Lights.

THROUGH THE TEMPLE.

Officer Meyers Sends a Bullet Into His Brain This Morning.

A Very Deliberate Suicide in One of the Four Courts Saloons—Practically Instantaneous Death Follows the Act—Mental Disorder the Probable Cause—Particulars of the Sad Event.

At 10:45 this morning Officer W. B. Meyers of the Central District entered Nick Karr's saloon on the southeast corner of Eleventh street and Clark avenue, walked up to the counter, took a drink of whisky, turned and sat down on a seat built into a recess between the two doors of the saloon, drew his 38-calibre revolver, placed it to his right temple and fired. He immediately fell forward upon the floor and death was practically instantaneous. The occupants of the saloon rushed to his assistance and raised him up and their efforts were supplemented by the ready hands of a large number of the associates of the deceased who had heard the shot and, rushing to the saloon, crowded round his inanimate form and, seeing at once that they could do no nothing for him, brought a chair and laid him gently upon it. The Deputy Coroner was on the spot within a few seconds of the occurrence and felt the pulse and heart and found that there was quite a strong movement in each which, however, totally disappeared suddenly five minutes after the shot was fired. A stretcher was then procured to convey the dead man to the Morgue, preparatory to conveying it to his residence. As the hat was removed from his head a blood-spattered card was found inside it addressed in lead-pencil to Mrs. Anna Meyers, 3818 S. Tenth street, city, and containing the following words to which no signature was affixed:

"My Beloved Wife—You get $1,000 from the St. Louis Police Relief Association."

The body was conveyed to the Morgue where it was examined and among the effects was found the following letter, addressed simply "To Friends," and written in pencil upon a leaf torn from a small note book:

"God, the Almighty, knows that I am unjustly persecuted by

THE ROWDY ELEMENT.

I have always tried to do the best while a police officer. The fairminded citizens will not forget me. I was the Odd Fellows of Cosmos Lodge to care for my wife and children and you, police officers, do not think hard of me. I am an unfortunate being. To my beloved family give care right. I have no more (to say). The rowdies have been trying to put up all the bad against me that they can think of. Good-bye to all.

"W. B. MEYERS, Police Officer.

"3818 S. Tenth street.

"Bury me in the Odd Fellows' Cemetery."

A peculiarity of the writing of both the letter and the postal card was at once noticed by his associates and Sergeant Miller called attention to the fact that while Meyers' natural handwriting was of moderate size and very free style, on her last writings under inspection was very large and stiff. The letter was begun in a full bold hand but as it proceeded the writing grew irregular and in two places omissions and improper arrangement of words indicated that the writer was not in the enjoyment of his normal mental faculties.

The witnesses of the actual shooting were a man named J. B. Hays and a baggage master of the Chicago and Alton Railroad, who were sitting in the saloon within a few feet of the place where Meyers sat down just before killing himself. Hays said: "I was sitting facing Meyer who, after taking a drink at the bar, walked over to that seat there, sat down, out with his gun, bang it went and he fell over on the floor. That was all I saw."

The deceased, who was 37 years of age, formerly lived at 5704 Menard street, but has moved recently to the residence above mentioned, where he

LIVED VERY HAPPILY

with a wife and three children. He was originally a building carpenter, and joined the force November 17, 1881, and was assigned to the Second District. "Three months ago," said Captain Frumet of the Central District, speaking of the record of the deceased, which he characterized as very creditable, "he was assigned to this district and I put him to walk a beat north of Fourteenth street. After a little while I changed him to an eastern beat in the vicinity of Myrtle street, a change which indicates that he was well thought of as both good judgment, courage and fine physique are required in those parts of the city. We had a hard time down there, having been beaten several times by rowdies, and I believe that this death is the result of injuries received upon the head during an attack made upon him a few weeks ago. He had recently displayed an unwarranted fear of some persecution which, he said, as is shown in the letter he left behind him, the rowdy element on his beat were about to bring against him. I had a talk with him on the subject yesterday and he said that he understood that a couple named Newman, who were arrested a few days ago on his beat on charge of stealing, but were subsequently released, were making preparations to have him arrested on a charge of oppression in office. I explained to him that, inasmuch as we did not arrest the parties, he certainly could be in no fear of trouble arising from the transaction, but he did not seem to be entirely satisfied and reiterated that he was very anxious on account of these persecutions."

It was during the month of August that Meyers was

TWICE BADLY INJURED

while performing his duty. On August 8, while attempting to arrest a man named Haley, on Second street, between Clark and Sprude streets, the man and his wife disabled him, knocked him down and beat him terribly over the head with clubs. He apparently recovered from his injuries in a few days, but his friends are of the opinion that it was on that occasoin he received the injuries which resulted in the mental aberration which they are sure is responsible for his action. On August 21 Meyers very gallantly rushed into a saloon kept by Gus Colson at 306 S. Levee, to prevent a fight there. A brother of the saloon-keeper, named John Colson, had just started in to clean out the place with a dirk knife, and had succeeded in seriously wounding two men when Meyers advanced to arrest him. During the struggle Colson gave Meyers a cut which extended along and through the right cheek, from the temple to the chin, which had barely healed. Sergeant Ryan stated that the deceased had been sick for several days past and had been taking medicine for a stomach trouble which caused him considerable pain and trouble. Yesterday afternoon the Sergeant met him on his beat and, noticing that he was looking quite sick, told him to go home The Sergeant said he would look after his beat while he was gone, and that he need not return if, after taking a rest and his supper, he did not feel better.

The similarity of Meyer's suicide to that of Officer Shaw, which occurred on the morning of August 6 last, is considered somewhat remarkable. Both men had received injuries to the head while in the performance of their duty, and were sick in consequence, with clear indications of cerebral disturbance, and the deed of both was accomplished as they were on their way to roll call, and with immediately attendant circumstances, almost exactly alike.

THE INQUEST.

The inquest on the body of the dead policeman was begun at 2 p. m., when Herman Shaw, the barkeeper at Nick Karr's, told about Meyers entering the place and other circumstances connected with the immediate event as already described.

Mrs. Annie Meyers, widow of the deceased, testified that he left home between 8 and 9 o'clock this morning, saying he did not feel well, but would go on duty. "For the past three or four months," she said, "the deceased has been acting very strangely; in fact he had been since he received an injury on the head in the performance of his duty two years ago. For the past three months his strange conduct had been almost incessant. He would sit up in bed and talk about strange things and next morning would remember nothing about it. Yesterday, when he was going on duty, he shook his head and said: 'Good bye; come and see me,' and said, 'Papa, we are going to place.' What do you mean? He then looked very strangely but recovered himself and laughed it off. I frequently said to him, 'Papa, I believe you are getting crazy,' and he would then look at me in a staring manner for a few seconds and laugh. He was very absent-minded at times and would forget what he had talked about a few minutes before. He suffered last night from intense acute pains in his head. We lived happily together and he had no financial trouble. He kissed us goodbye this morning in his usual way. I am thoroughly convinced that this last act was the result of temporary derangement of the mind. At times last night he was perfectly crazy with pains in his head, and he was not fully recovered when he left home this morning."

Joseph Ochs, an employe at the saloon, and Officer Kennedy, partner of the deceased, also testified, and a verdict was returned of suicide while laboring under temporary mental derangement.

Gilmore's Band at the Exposition this evening.

THE YACHT RACE.

Conflicting Reports About the Safety and Whereabouts of the Genesta and Dauntless.

SANDY HOOK, N. J., September 23.—At sundown last evening there was little wind from the northeast with light rain. The wind was moderate at 11 p. m., west-northwest and steadily increasing until about 8 a. m., when it had a force of forty-eight miles an hour and from the northwest. The weather is cloudy with a heavy sea. At 9 a. m. nothing has been seen or heard of the Dauntless or Genesta.

THE GENESTA AND DAUNTLESS.

NEWPORT, R. I., September 23.—The yacht reported having rounded Brenton's Reef Lightship last night at 9:40 o'clock proved to be the Genesta, her signal going up at 9:33 after having got entirely clear of the lightship. The wind was then from the northeast, blowing fresh. The Genesta did not have all her racing sails up. The waiting thereafter was long and tedious, the difference in the two yachts confirming the news brought here yesterday, that off Montauk Point the Genesta was ten miles ahead. Soon after midnight rain began to fall and the wind increased in velocity. At 1 o'clock there was slightly clearing weather, and at 1:30 o'clock the Dauntless, which had been seen for several minutes, sent up her signals. At 9 o'clock this morning the wind is strong and from the northwest.

THE GENESTA ASHORE.

NEW YORK, September 23.—A special dispatch received from Far Rockaway says the Genesta went ashore off that place at 10:35 this morning.

BOTH YACHTS IN SIGHT.

FIRE ISLAND, September 23, 11:45 A. M.—The Genesta is now southeast of Fire Island, bound home. She has her top mast housed and is plunging well into the sea. The Dauntless is now here in sight. The wind is northwest, blowing sixty miles an hour.

THE BRANCH PEN.

No Action Taken to Confirm the Boonville Location—News From Jefferson.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., September 23.—The Harrisonville Building and Loan Association filed articles to-day, capital $200,000. Although Boonville was selected for the location of the Branch Penitentiary some two weeks since, yet, up to the present time none of the papers have reached the Governor. General Boone is expected to-day. Should he arrive a meeting of the inspectors will likely be had this afternoon. Meanwhile very great uncertainty appears to hover over the Boonville location, which is intensified by reason of the fact that not one of the inspectors regards it as even a second class location, while Treasurer Seibert will never vote to make it unanimous. The chances are that some other point may yet be chosen before a final location is made. In the United States District Court the following sentences were rendered to-day: David Britton and Al Adair, counterfeiting, one year in the Penitentiary; L. Oliver W. D. Webb and J. C. Bollinger, retailing liquors, one month in the Cole County Jail; Harvey Lee, L. T. Powers, Abe Jeffries and James, selling liquor to Indians, one month in the Cole County Jail; in the case of C. W. Churchill, postal clerk on the Missouri Pacific, charged with mail robbery, bond was fixed at $3,000 [illegible] was committed to jail till bond is furnished. Colonel Charles F. Joy, of St. Louis, is in the city on legal business.

Gilmore's Band at the Exposition this evening.

THEY ALL PRAYED.

A Dramatic Scene in the Council Chamber at Augusta, Me.

AUGUSTA, ME., September 23.—There was a dramatic scene in the council chamber of the State House last evening. Just after 8 o'clock a delegation of women filed in before the Governor, headed by Mrs. Sadie Connor of Augusta. They came to ask executive clemency for Mrs. Mary Barrows, the Kittery murderess, who is in the State prison under sentence of death. Mrs. Lucy A. Snow of South Windham presented a petition signed by 1,400 ladies, asking for the commutation of the sentence to imprisonment for life. Mrs. Phebe Wadsworth of Augusta followed with an affecting appeal for mercy. Mrs. Connor made an eloquent appeal. Suddenly the delegation knelt before the astonished officials and began to offer prayer. In a moment all was hushed and nothing but the ticking of the old-fashioned clock disturbed the earnest voices of the supplicating women. They invoked the divine blessing upon the executive and his advisers there assembled, and prayed that they be brought to see that mercy was greater in the eyes of heaven than the laws of man. There was quiet for some moments after "amen" was said. Then the Governor gently informed the ladies that it would be necessary for the Council to table the matter for further consideration. It is understood that a good majority of the Council favor the commutation. A letter from Judge Virgin was read before the Council favoring mercy for Blaney, Mrs. Barrow's accomplice, on account of his clear and truthful testimony at the trial. It was voted that Blaney's sentence be commuted to imprisonment for life.

STILL DISCUSSING.

The Illinois Revenue Commission Considering Assessment Systems.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

SPRINGFIELD, ILL., September 23.—The Revenue Commission held an interesting session this morning and several members of the Board of Equalization appeared and gave their views as to desirable changes. Mr. Mellor favored substituting County Assessors for Township Assessors, and thought a section should be incorporated into the new law to tax corporations of other States doing business in this State. The question of power under the constitution of the Legislature to tax gross receipts in lieu of other taxes suggested in Mr. Thomas' resolution, was taken up and discussed, Mr. Thoming opening the debate. He cited several Supreme Court decisions to sustain his position that the Legislature has the power, but Judge Greene completely took the wind out of his sails by showing that the decisions referred to were made under the Constitutions of 1818 and 1848, but that the Constitution of 1870 plainly prohibits this kind of taxation. The discussion will be continued this afternoon.

M. E. CHURCH, SOUTH.

The Conference at Charleston, Mo.—Routine Business Transacted.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

CHARLESTON, Mo., September 23.—The St. Louis Conference of the M. E. Church, South, met at 9 a. m., Bishop Granberry presiding. H. Hanesworth was elected Secretary. A larger number of ministers than usual answered the roll call. The usual routine business occupied the morning. R. S. Nelson of the Kentucky and H. B. McNeill of the White River Conferences were announced as already described. The characters of J. B. Clayton, J. C. Williams, J. C. Alexander, H. S. Watts, W. A. Babcock, J. T. Thomas, C. F. Quesnard, M. Arrington, W. Brownwell, A. M. Robinson, J. C. Berryman, T. M. Finney, F. B. Hill, W. V. Tudor, J. W. Lewis, R. E. Bounds, C. C. Jones, W. A. Mays, C. M. Hussey, J. E. Godbey, B. K. Tarwater, J. H. Emory, W. B. Tyler, C. E. W. Smith and D. R. McAnally were licensed. Rev. Dunlap of Augusta, Ga., preaches to-night.

FOUR BUILDINGS CONSUMED.

A Destructive Fire at Eldorado, Kansas—Thirteen Horses Burned.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

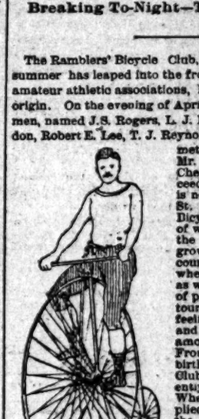
ELDORADO, KAS., September 23.—Fire started in Looor & Pacelle's livery barn last night, destroying thirteen horses. The fire spread south, burning Hughes' shoe shop, the Ohio House and Bonner's dress store; loss, $30,000; insurance small.

THE RAMBLERS' RACES.

The Great Bicycle Contests This Week at the Fair Grounds.

History of America's Two Champions —Hendee's Last Appearance to Be in St. Louis — Preliminary Record Breaking To-Night—Track Chat.

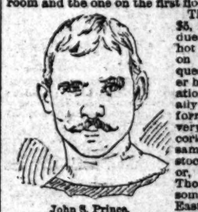
The Ramblers' Bicycle Club, which during the summer has leaped into the front rank of Western amateur athletic associations, had a very humble origin. On the evening of April 11, 1884, six young men, named J. S. Rogers, L. J. Berger, Lindell Gordon, Robert E. Lee, T. J. Reynolds and D. R. Davis, met at the residence of Mr. Arthur Young, 3138 Chestnut street, and proceeded to organize what is now known as the St. Louis Ramblers' Bicycle Club, the objects of which were to aid in the advancement and growth of cycling, to encourage the use of the wheel in every-day life, as well as in the pursuit of pleasure, to promote touring, and to foster a feeling of congeniality and good fellowship among its members. From the night of its birth the Ramblers' Club has been pre-eminently a riding club. When a wheelman applied for membership the leading question was, "is he a good rider?" and if the answer was in the negative it was almost a foregone conclusion that, even though his name should pass the Executive Committee and come before the club, two black balls would be found in the ballot-box. By this means, hard though they may have seemed to some, the club, as it increased in membership, became noted as the hardest road-riding club in the country, and notwithstanding the assertion of the Massachusetts club, the Ramblers claim this distinction and express themselves as ready to put it to the test at any time, with from one to fifty men.



JOHN S. PRINCE, Champion Professional of America.

THE MEMBERSHIP INCREASED

slowly, but by November 1884, a club house was rented at 211 North Eighteenth street. The house, the first bicycle club house in St. Louis, was furnished by a voluntary subscription from each member. It was two stories high with only two rooms, the one above being used for the club room and the one on the first floor as a wheel room. The initiation fee was $5, with monthly dues of $2. Many and hot were the discussions on the club uniform question, but there never has been much deviation from that originally adopted. The uniform at present is a very neat, dark grey corkscrew with cap of same material and stockings of same color, with low shoes. Though not as handsome as those of the Eastern clubs it is thoroughly adapted for the Ramblers, as it is almost the color of St. Louis dust and durability—an essential point when much hard road riding is indulged in.



John S. Prince.

In April last the election of officers was called and resulted as follows: Edw. R. Stethnius, president; A. E. Steward, secretary and treasurer; Lindell Gordon, captain; Robt. E. Lee, lieutenant. The Executive Committee consisted of the first three officers and J. S. Rogers and C. E. Stone. The membership at that time had increased to fifteen and the dues were reduced to $1 per moth. On May 23, 1885, the club gave the first and only successful bicycle tournament ever held in the West, and had the satisfaction of seeing their best man, Cole E. Stone, win the 1-mile amateur race from George Weber, the fast Star man, and Tan Sjoklen, the Chicago champion, in 2:46¾, the fastest amateur time ever made west of the Hudson River. In the evening a banquet was given to the visiting wheelmen, and the prizes were presented to the victors of the day. The first bicycle banquet ever given in St. Louis passed off pleasantly, and was enjoyed by everybody, despite the fact that there were no intoxicating liquors of any kind, something which the Ramblers persistently exclude from all their banquets and dinners. The membership continued to increase, and in June the club joined the League of American Wheelmen in a body, forty strong. The office of secretary-treasurry was abolished, and Mr. A. K. Stewart, the old secretary was re-elected secretary, and Mr. E. H. Gorse treasurer. The club also adopted club colors, black and gold, and was incorporated in August. Owing to the increase in membership a large club house became necessary. One was found at No. 2018 Chestnut street, a two-story stone front, detached, with eight rooms. It was fitted up and the club, fifty strong, now occupies it. It is the best and most comfortable club house in the West.

In the meantime the club in its out-door life had been gaining laurels not equaled by any other club in the country.

THE FIRST CLUB RUN

was taken to St. Charles and return, forty miles, and as there was a high wind and the roads muddy it is well remembered as a hard pull. A favorite trip also was Manchester and return, forty miles, many of the boys riding out after supper and returning before breakfast next morning. The county line and return, sixty-four and a half miles, was another trip often taken, as was also the DeSoto run, sixty miles. This trip was once taken in a rain storm and few who elmen there are in St. Louis who do not know the story of that trip and the gallant boys that died that day. It is known as the "wild trip." The DeSoto trip also was taken by twenty-nine wheelmen, principally Ramblers and this crowd made the trip from eight in the morning to 5 in the evening. DeSoto and return was also made, 120 miles, in one day by ten Ramblers. Washington, Mo., sixty miles west, has also been made by a number of the members. Another hard ride was to Clarksville, eighty miles, by way of St. Charles, twenty miles, and from there riding the railroad track to Clarksville, sixty miles. One of the most peculiar rides, however, ever taken was by three Ramblers in the dead of winter, of sixty miles, St. Louis to Fenton on the Meramon River, Fenton to the Mississippi River, on the ice, down the Mississippi on the ice to Hannewton, home, via the Telegraph Pike.

GEORGE M. HENDEE, Champion Amateur of the World.

Twenty miles west of the city there is a particularly hard hill, known as the "Son-of-a-gun," and only three Ramblers have succeeded in climbing it —Cole Stone, Arthur Young and D. R. Davis. The Ramblers, therefore, offered a gold medal this spring to every one in the United States who climbed it this year. Under the stimulus of this offer three more Ramblers have succeeded in accomplishing the feat—J. S. Rogers, R. E. Lee and Paul Young. The offer is still open. About this time the Peoria (Ill.) club boys were boasting of the wheel papers about their climbing abilities and the Ramblers offered to pay [illegible] expenses here and return and hotel bills, provided they would follow the Ramblers up a few hills. They would not accept it, but this offer is also still open.

The achievement, however, which first showed to the East and the cycling world in general, was the feat accomplished by three Ramblers, Messrs. Fred Beckers, Arthur Young and J. S. Rogers, who last year went East to convince the "tender feet" along the Atlantic shore that they had but begun to learn to ride and that the wheel could be used for something else besides smooth road riding. Mount Washington, New Hampshire, had long been the object toward which the Eastern "tough" riders had looked as an incline that could never be conquered by any mortal cycler.

The climbing part, of course, was never dreamed of, much less the coasting down of the terrific grades which are remembered by any tourist who has done the White Mountains. Frightful tales were told of adventurous wheelmen who had attempted to coast down the mountain and had gone but a few feet when they had been thrown over precipices. Nothing daunted, the St. Louis trio early one day mounted their machines and, with double brakes of the most powerful character to keep themselves from going off the road as they swung around the bends, reached the bottom in safety—a feat never accomplished before on a cra k bicycle. This was hailed by the wheelmen of America as the greatest road performance in the history of cycling, and it was but natural that its result should be to give the Ramblers the name of the "Road Kings," a title which they have never lost, and which has only been strengthened by such subsequent achievements as the climbing of Corey Hill at Boston by Arthur Young, a Rambler, a thing done only twice before, and George W. Baxter's ride this summer from St. Louis to Boston, the longest straight away ride ever made with the single exception of Stevens' tour around the world. But the greatest glory of the year came to the club last July when Cole Stone, the champion Rambler, entered the Big Four 100-mile road race and, against the hardest road riders of America, won the race over a muddy road in 8 h. and 26 min., beating the American road record. The Ramblers also point with pride to the ride of Messrs. E. B. Page and E. H. Gorse, who last May toured through Illinois, Indiana and Ohio. With these achievements to boast of, the Ramblers' Bicycle Club of St. Louis stands to-day as the greatest aggregation of road riders that the world now possesses.

John S. Prince, the champion professional rider of America, saw his first professional bicycle contest in England in 1878, when he ran in company with John Keen, the veteran, and Joseph Gillot. The fastest time then made was 2:59, but the Wolverhampton track since then has got to be a very fast course. Prince was very young then, but so impressed the judges and beholders then he began a regular professional career, which has been a varied one in its accomplishments. Last year the culmination of his speed was reached at Springfield, Mass., when he made a mile in 2:39, which for a year has stood as the world's professional record and was only beaten by Wood, of England, at Springfield this year, when he made 2:33 3-5. James, of England, who was defeated by Prince at Springfield in 1884, is here now and will try conclusions again with the American champion. Prince is 28 years of age and of powerful build.

George M. Hendee, of Springfield, champion amateur bicyclist of the world, will be 19 years old next month. He is 5 feet 10¼ inches tall and weighs 168 pounds. He first made his appearance at Springfield in 1881-1882 as a fancy rider, but in the summer of 1883 came out as a flier, since when he has rapidly improved, until last year he made 2:39, equal to the professional record. He is

14 lbs best Granulated Sugar.....$1 00
12 lbs good Yellow Sugar.....1 00
Best roast Mocha Coffee.....30c
Best roast Java Coffee.....30c
Best roast Golden Rio Coffee.....25c
All Coffees down.....1c
Good Tea.....20c
All Teas 25 per cent lower than can be had elsewhere. Best baking powder, 15c.
ST. LOUIS TEA CO., 109 N. 5th st.

MILK THE Largest Retailers of Pure Illinois Milk in the city. Telephone No 3,132.
BOWMAN & CO.,
818 and 820 Morgan st.

GEORGE MILFORD'S
OYSTER HOUSE AND RESTAURANT.
Finest saddle-rock, blue points, and East River oysters, served in any style; also meats, fish and game cooked to order. Separate dining-rooms for ladies on second floor.

THORP'S OYSTER HOUSE, 512 Pine street, cannot be surpassed. Serves up oysters raw, stewed, fried and pan roast at 25 cents per dozen. Families supplied with can or bulk.

CITY ITEMS.

LADIES who are invited to the great ball of the Veiled Prophtes should, before committing themselves to the purchase of their ball dresses, look through the magnificent choice of evening silks now on sale at the Silk Department of D. Crawford & Co., all being the direct importations of this house. Send at once for the new illustrated catalogue and almanac; it won't cost you a cent.

THE only Complexion Powder in the world that is without vulgarity, without injury to the user, and without doubt a beautifier, is Pozzoni's.

Dr. E. C. Chase,
822 Olive street. Set of teeth, $3.

PRIVATE matters skillfully treated, and medicine furnished. Dr. Dinsbeer, 814 Pine street.

DR. WHITTIER, 617 St. Charles street, cures diseases of indiscretion, excesses, indulgencies. Call or write.

CITY NEWS.

The Executive Committee of the Trades' Association hold a meeting to-night to complete arrangements for the pageant.

Fifteen women were released last night from the Work House, and several of them were rearrested for celebrating their freedom by getting drunk.

A meeting of prominent Catholic gentlemen was held last evening at 818 West End place for the purpose of making arrangement for a proposed course of Catholic lectures during the winter months.

Henry Garnier, a printer living at No. 19 Targee street, while laboring under a temporary aberration of the mind last evening, jumped from the third story window into the street. Strange to say he was not seriously injured.

Detective Hobbs went up to Chicago last night to bring back "Prof." Keller, who was captured in that city and is wanted here for defrauding John Davis, a saloonkeeper, on Eleventh and Chestnut streets. Keller played the piano in houses of ill-repute.

John Logan, a colored roustabout, while playing cards at Union Hall last evening with several negroes quarreled with one of them about a point in the game and received a knife wound in the neck. The man who did the cutting was not arrested.

Burglars effected an entrance to Carl Crugar's residence, 1009 South Thirteenth street last night, but their noisy movements awakened Mr. Crugar, who in turn awakened the whole neighborhood by firing several shots which had the effect of causing the burglars to make a hasty retreat.

A stable belonging to John Gansey on the Olive Street road and Newstead avenue caught fire last night and were consumed. Two buggies and a lot of harness was also lost. Several horses which were quartered in the stable were rescued. The loss is estimated at $1,200. No insurance.

The Board of Directors of the Protestant Hospital Association met last evening. The following gentlemen were elected to vacancies in the board: D. B. Gould, G. H. Ten Broeck and Edward Bronson. The residence of Thomas Dyer on N. Eighteenth street has been purchased by the board, and will be turned into a hospital.

Thomas Muirhead, night engineer at Wm. Barr's Dry Goods Store, attempted to fix the engine last night with an iron rod, but a sudden escape of steam caused the rod to strike him in the face with such force that he was picked up insensible, and when examined by a physician, was found to have sustained serious internal injuries.

The new gymnasium at Webster Groves was opened last night. An excellent programme of vocal and instrumental music and a performance by a picked company from the Missouri Gymnasium was provided, and after that refreshments were served, and the affair closed with a dance. The new hall was handsomely decorated, and the most prominent citizens of the town with their families were in attendance.

Horsford's Acid Phosphate
For Wakefulness.
DR. WM. P. CLOTHIER, Buffalo, N. Y., says: "I prescribed it for a Catholic priest, who was a hard student, for wakefulness, extreme nervousness, etc. He reports great benefit."

HOTEL PERSONALS.

J. R. Tatum and wife; Miss Jennie Van Gundy and Miss Mary Tatum, Glasgow, Mo., and J. B. Edams, Philadelphia, are at Hotel Barnum.

H. Polleck, Cleveland, Ohio; B. Jewitt, Springfield, Mo.; C. M. Taylor, Sedgwick, Kan., and C. Bently, Mexico, Mo., are at the St. James.

M. McRoberts, Chicago; George Rice, New York; B. F. Von Behan, Evansville, Ind.; H. G. Bryant, Philadelphia, and C. G. Canfield, Cleveland, are at the Planters'.

T. A. Winfield, Warren, Ohio; O. M. Wilson, Lockwood, Mo.; Rev. Samuel Watson, Mexico; J. M. Hartsfield, Fort Worth, and E. M. Woodsworth, Chicago, are at the Laclede.

A. J. Krousbein, Fieldon, Ill.; G. M. Barbour, Chicago; S. N. Pierce, Centralia, Ill.; E. J. Beck, Boonville, Mo.; C. S. Henry, Quincy, Ill.; and C. G. Sullivan, Van Buren, Ark., are at Hotel Hunt.

L. B. Martin, Wheeling, W.Va.; M. C. Ware, Boston; A. C. Bartlett, Chicago; L. Hoocha, Cape Girardeau; M. C. Burk, Clinton, Mo., and J. E. Narvell, Henderson, Texas, are at the Southern.

Platt Adams, New York; J. J. Griffin, Philadelphia; Geo. J. Loomis, Hannibal, Mo.; Geo. F. Spalding, Boston; P. Gilmore, wife and daughter, New York; Capt. Wm M. Jack, Butte City, Mont.; J. H. Emery, Boston; Wm. Westlake and C. D. Cook, New York, are at the Lindell.

John Nelson, jr., wife and family, Springfield, Ill.; Mrs. Stevens, Columbus, Ill.; John Ashby, Owensboro, Ky.; E. S. North and family, Carbondale, Ill.; A. G. Reinhardt, wife and family, Centralia; S. A. Brown and wife, St. Paul; Mrs. Kellogg and Miss Wise, Clyde, Ohio, are at the Everett.

"No Physic, Sir, in Mine!"
A good story comes from a boys' boarding-school in "Jersey." The diet was monotonous and constipating, and the learned Principal decided to introduce some old-style physic in the apple-sauce, and await the happy results. One bright lad, the smartest in the school, discovered the secret mine in his sauce, and pushing back his plate, shouted to the pedagogue, "No physic, sir, in mine. My dad told me to use nothin' but Dr. Pierce's 'Pleasant Purgative Pellets,' and they are a doing their duty like a charm!" They are anti-bilious, and purely vegetable.

Select Oysters 25c per dozen,
at DELICATESSEN, 713 Olive street.

A Mysterious Murder.

A couple of farm hands on the farm of Harrison Tittle, near Ferguson Station, in St. Louis County, made a ghastly discovery on Monday evening. They were driving across Maline Creek on their way home, when one of them saw the body of a colored man half submerged in the water with a fence rail across his neck, as if it had been placed there to hold the head down. The body was badly bruised and cut, and about fifteen feet away evidences of a struggle were detected. The body was afterwards identified as that of John Prince, an old negro well known around town. An inquest was held, and the jury came to the conclusion that the man had been murdered by a party unknown.

You canal ways have hearty, robust health in your family at little cost by using Parker's Tonic. The popular hair preparation is Parker's Hair Balsam.

Crash in Roasted Coffees.
6 pounds good Rio $1.
7 pounds choice Santos $1.
6 pounds fine Mexican $1.
8 pounds best Guatemala $1.
4 pounds best Cuban Java $1.
Grand Atlantic Tea Co., 720 N. 5th street.

GRANT AND THE PRESS.

How the General Overcame the Prejudice of Newspaper Men.

Advice From Emory A. Storrs That Made President Grant the Most Accessible of Public Men to Newspaper Men—News in the Government Departments Denied to Representatives of the Press—Washington Gossip.

Special Correspondence of the POST-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, September 21.—When Emory A. Storrs was counsel for Gen. Babcock in the Whisky Ring cases, he spent several weeks in Washington in preparing testimony in the case. It was understood that Grant was to be summoned as a witness. That question has never yet been settled whether the President of the United States can be compelled by any court to appear before it to give evidence. The point was met in President Grant's case, as it probably would be in similar cases, should they arise in the future, by his giving his testimony through a deposition. Storrs had never been brought into intimate relations with Grant before he appeared here as counsel for Babcock. He found the President very much embarrassed in his mind by the developments against Babcock, and very unhappy over the continued attacks from nearly all of the newspapers of the country. He said to Mr. Storrs that it did not look as if he had a single friend in the newspaper offices of the country. The President was utterly at a loss how to account for the almost universal opposition to him from the leading newspapers of the country. Storrs took pains to investigate the subject, and one day he said to the President, "There is a very good reason for this unfriendly feeling towards you. From what I have seen since I have come here you have all been at work to create this very unfriendliness towards you in the newspaper offices of the country. I find that not a single one of the representatives of the leading newspapers here is admitted to the White House. Those who tried to come here in the beginning of your administration were either insulted and driven off by your private secretary or else treated as impertinent when admitted. The result of this is that they have all stopped coming here."

* * *

Mr. Storrs then went on to say: "I think it is the easiest thing in the world for any man of character and public station to retain the good will of the newspapers. I have always found newspaper people more than ready to meet courtesy with courtesy. The men working for the newspapers here in Washington had no special prejudice against your administration when you first began. But your treatment of these gentlemen has provoked a steady, sharp criticism of nearly every one of your administrative acts, so that to-day when you are in real trouble you have no one to parry the blows which come now from every quarter from those who are opposed to you." Gen. Grant was very much impressed by this talk with Mr. Storrs. It certainly produced a change in him, because up to that time he had never been interviewed. From the date of that period he was one of the most accessible of public men to newspaper men who were presented to him properly and who were disposed to treat him fairly. This change of policy made him a great many friends in the newspaper business, who stood by him in subsequent trying periods. Mr. Storrs has discussed this subject of the treatment of newspapers with a great many public men. This bright-minded Chicago lawyer used to say that it was the easiest thing in the world to subsidize a newspaper with news. Any public man who is ready to give fresh and early information to a newspaper in a cheerful spirit is certain to make warm and powerful friends.

* * *

This idea might well be carried out in the management of the departments. For a number of years the Republicans managed the departments exactly as if they were so many private corporations. Information was always considered contraband. Any clerk or minor official convicted of giving information to a newspaper would be almost certain to lose his place. This system of official secrecy afforded always a cover for the rogues and rascals in the public service. It was expected that when the Democrats assumed command of the departments there would be a change of policy toward the public. There has been no change in this regard. Information concerning the business of the departments is even more difficult to obtain than under Republican rule. Investigations of previous delinquencies of the Republicans are checked under this system of official secrecy. This system is all wrong. The business of the public should be transacted in open day. There is nothing or should be nothing done in the departments which needs the cover of secrecy. The public would be better and more honestly served if the acts of the officials were open to the scrutiny of every one.

* * *

A gossiping correspondent from Augusta discussed the possibilities of Mr. Blaine's being a candidate for Governor in Maine. Several years ago Mr. Blaine received a committee of politicians from his own State. They called upon him at his residence upon Fifteenth street in this city; it was just after his retirement from the State Department. They asked his consent to run him for Congress from his old district. They thought that he would like to have an opportunity to return to public life, and that he would prefer the House to anything else. Mr. Blaine has always held that the House was the place for any man ambitious of acquiring distinction. He told this delegation that he could under no circumstances accept their proposition. I heard afterwards from one of the gentlemen who was with this committee that Mr. Blaine said that he had no intention of ever becoming a candidate for any minor office again. He made nearly the same answer to another delegation which called on him afterwards to ask him if he would be willing to stand as a candidate for Governor. He refused in nearly the same language. Some of the enemies of Mr. Blaine say that he could not be elected Governor of Maine. This is the height of absurdity. Maine is naturally a strong Republican State, and Mr. Blaine is one of the most popular men in it. There are fewer so-called Independents in the State of Maine than would be found in any other State in the Union.

* * *

This district contains a number of insurance companies. Much of the insurance of Washington is carried in the local companies. One of the highest authorities in New York says that nearly all of these companies are doing business upon a very unsound basis and that one of them is notorious in insurance circles by the fraudulent character of its organization. Two or three of its leading officials are under indictment. One of them narrowly escaped the penitentiary in New York and came here on account of the lack of regulations for the control of insurance. Most of the companies here have a very small capital. The way they do their business is practically fraudulent, because they carry risks far beyond their means of meeting them, if there should be anything like a large fire here. One of the local companies with a capital of $150,000 is carrying a risk of $30,000 on a single frontage. Such a risk as this was refused only the other day by the Germania in New York, a company with a capital of $3,000,000. One fire in this very block would wipe out a third of the capital of this little company, which is carrying risks over the district to the amount of twenty times its original capital.

T. C. CRAWFORD.

Fresh Oysters
Received daily at F. A. Nagel's, southeast corner Sixth and St. Charles. Elegant ladies' restaurant up stairs.

Crash in Green Coffees.
10 pounds good Rio $1.
9 pounds fine Santos $1.
8 pounds choice Mexican $1.
7 pounds good Guatemala $1.
4 pounds best Arabian Mocha $1.
Grand Atlantic Tea Co., 720 N. 5th street.

THE NEOGA REUNION.

Col. Fred Grant Reads an Interesting Paper Written by His Father.

NEOGA, Ill., September 23.—The reunion of the veterans of General Grant's old regiment, the Twenty-first Illinois Volunteers, began here last night with a primary session, at which Col. Fred Grant was present and was accorded a very hearty reception. In response to requests for a speech the Colonel said: "I do not intend to make you a speech, for I have not been trained as a public talker. I have here a document that I would like to read you. It is the last line written by my father upon matters pertaining to the war, and has never before been made public. As he entered into the war with you as his first companions, and as he always spoke of your regiment with affectionate interest, it is meet that you should be the first to hear his parting words. This is what he wrote upon the pages I hold here: 'I feel that we are on the eve of a new era, where there is to be great harmony between the Federals and Confederates. I cannot stay to be a living witness to the correctness of this prophecy, but I feel it within me that it is to be so. The universally kind feeling expressed for me at a time when it was supposed that each day would prove my last seems to me the beginning of the answers to "Let us have peace." The expressions of these kindly feelings were not restricted to a section of the country nor to a division of the people. They came from individual citizens of all nationalities, from all denominations—the Protestant, the Catholic and the Jew—and from the various societies in the land—scientific, educational, religious or otherwise. Politics did not enter into the matter at all. I am not egotist enough to suppose all this significance should be given this matter because I was the object of it, but the war between the States was a very bloody and a very costly war. One side or the other had to yield principles dearer than life before it could be brought to an end. I commanded the whole of the mighty host engaged on the victorious side—it was no matter whether deservedly so or not—a representor of that side of the controversy. It is a significant and gratifying fact that Confederates should have joined heartily in this spontaneous move. I hope the good feeling inaugurated may continue to the end.'"

A general amen went up from the audience, and then the meeting quietly adjourned.

GILMORE'S BAND at the Exposition this evening.

SOLITAIRE DIAMOND RINGS
Of Rare Beauty, Fine Quality, and Remarkably Low Prices.
We ask the attention of all interested in diamond rings to examine our grand collection, and the rare value that we offer in them.
The prices range at $10, $12, $15, $18, $20, $25, $30, $35, $40, $50, $65, $75, $90, $100, $125, $150, $200 and $300, and in beauty and value for the prices can not be matched in the United States.
In solitaire diamond ear-rings, studs, lace pins, and collar buttons, we offer equal advantages. We ask a call.
MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO.,
Fourth and Locust.
100 visiting cards and copper plate, only $1 50.
Wedding cards; finest work, lowest prices.

RICH BOOTY.

A Post Office Burglarized—Burning of a Grain Elevator—Missouri Matters.

BOLIVAR, September 23.—The Post Office at Humansville was burglarized last night, the safe blown open and $331 in money and stamps taken.

ST. JOSEPH, September 23.—The Baritesu & Welch grain elevator at Mound City was destroyed by fire last night.

LEXINGTON, September 23.—The Clay brothers have been arrested on the charge of shooting James Johnson at Corder, a few nights since, during the progress of a dance. Johnson cannot recover.

KANSAS CITY, September 23.—Con O'Leary was arrested last night in a saloon for a double murder committed at Lake near Chicago. Four prisoners escaped last night from the Jail at Wyandotte. A posse started in pursuit.

JOPLIN, September 23.—Wm. E. McLane of Monticello, who is charged with embezzlement was arrested yesterday for robbing a brewery saloon.

PACIFIC, September 23.—Oscar Wilson, a well known resident of Catawissa was run over and killed on the track by the 'Frisco express.

CHARLESTON, September 23.—Bishop Granberry, with a party of St. Louis ministers, arrived here this morning to open, this afternoon, the St. Louis Conference of the Methodist Church, South. This Conference will decide on the appointments of the metropolitan pastors including Dr. J. W. Lewis, Dr. W. V. Tudor, Dr. Felix R. Hill, Rev. C. O. Jones, Presiding Elder Finney.

MORRILL, September 23.—The business men who were arrested by order of the Mayor for keeping open on Sunday have been granted a change of venus. The cases will be heard on Monday.

GILMORE'S BAND at the Exposition this evening.

A FATAL MISTAKE.

Found Dead in Bed—An Opera Company Stranded—Texas Topics.

DENISON, September 23.—The City Marshal last night mistook Police Officer Lee for a tramp and shot him through the head.

FORT WORTH, September 23.—The agent of the Bureau of Animal Industry has reported upon his investigation of Texas fever in the Panhandle. The reports have been exaggerated. John Livingston, a man 60 years of age, was found dead in bed at a hotel here. The cause of his death is a mystery. The Max Thomas Opera Company is stranded. Some of the female members engaged with the Variety Theater managers.

BOWIE, September 23.—A protracted religious meeting is being held here by the Methodists. The services are all well attended.

GILMORE'S BAND at the Exposition this evening.

Select Oysters 25c per dozen,
at DELICATESSEN, 713 Olive street.

VISITORS should not fail to see the Budweiser display, at Sixth and Locust; first-class restaurant, etc., attached.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

The army of Greece will be raised to its full power.

If Spain and Germany go to war the latter will seize upon Cuba.

Turks and Albanians lost heavily in a pitched battle at Djakko.

Mrs. Weldon's procession came off in London yesterday after all.

The demonstration of the London Socialists next Sunday promises to be a big thing.

King Alfonso's illness is growing serious, but politicians claim it is only a diplomatic ailment.

The Porte has protested against the continued persecution of Turkish subjects in Southern Russia.

Robert Fowler, the murderer of Miss Lida Burnett, has been sentenced to death at Montgomery, Ky.

George Miln, the preacher-actor, had a fist fight with A. N. Rousel, his treasurer, at Denver Col., yesterday.

Only 25,000 cattle remain on the Cheyenne and Arrapahoe reservations, and they will be driven off by October 1.

Capt. Wm. Jones of the Life Saving Service was accidentally drowned at Racine, Wis., while out practicing with his crew.

Yesterday was the first day of the encampment of the Dakota militia at Fargo. There were large numbers of visitors present.

Wm. Culbreath, suspected of being the murderer of a young man named Hammond, was lynched at Edgefield, S. C., yesterday.

A statue in memory of the late James T. Ridgley, Secretary of the Sovereign Grand Lodge, I. O. O. F., was unveiled at Baltimore.

The Dominion Minister of Militia has demanded an explanation of the burning of Riel in effigy the other night by the Kingston (Ont.) Volunteers.

Four Chinamen implicated in the murder and robbing of Daniel Frazier, at Pierce City, were taken from jail and hanged at Lewiston, Idaho, yesterday.

A. G. Merrill, teller of the Warren Savings Bank, shot and killed himself yesterday at Bradford, Pa. His accounts are straight and no cause can be assigned.

The Knights of Labor held a monster mass meeting in Omaha, Nebraska, last night. Over 2,000 Knights were present, and District Master Workman Neesham of Colorado presided.

Two wrecks occurred on the Vicksburg, Shreveport and Pacific Railway yesterday, one near Cypress Brook and the other at Delta, Miss. No lives were lost, but the damage was pretty heavy.

An attempt at train wrecking was made on the Memphis and Charleston Railway yesterday near Huntsville, Ill. Within four miles fifteen obstructions were placed on the track. One of the wreckers has been arrested and pretends to be insane.

The Northern Pacific passenger train from the Pacific coast was delayed six hours before reaching Bismarck, Dakota Territory, by prairie fires. At Carrington, Dakota, 25,000 bushels of grain were destroyed.

A faction of desperadoes known as the Wright party astonished Sheriff Drawn and posse on Sunday at Letcher County, and a bloody fight ensued. The full particulars are not known, except that Sheriff Drawn, Sam Cook and Sam Francis, of the posse, were killed.

The Anti-Horse-Thief Association of Kansas yesterday came upon Henry Johnston and George and Will Bothwell, three horse thieves, and a fight ensued. George Bothwell was killed and Johnston was captured and afterward made a confession implicating others. Will Bothwell escaped.

GILMORE'S BAND at the Exposition this evening.

Brownell, the Importer and Tailor,
Is now ready with a full line of goods for fall and winter trade. Early inspection solicited. 713 Olive street.

ANYTHING
A MAN OR BOY WEARS CAN BE FOUND AT
FAMOUS

We are WESTERN CLOTHING and OUTFITTING HEADQUARTERS. Our stock is mammoth in proportions, the variety is endless, and PRICES OUT OF REACH OF ALL COMPETITION. We are now showing the LATEST FALL NOVELTIES in
Men's and Boys' Suits and Trousers.
Men's and Boys' Hats and Caps.
Men's and Boys' Boots and Shoes.
Men's and Boys' Furnishing Goods.
Men's and Youths' Fall Overcoats.
Ladies' and Misses' Cloaks and Wraps.
Don't fail to see our grand Exposition Display of Modern Outfittings.
Our Illustrated Catalogue now ready for mailing, and sent free to any address.
"FAMOUS," BROADWAY AND MORGAN.

$3. A TRIFLING SUM. $3
And yet the value is there, unsurpassed by any House in the City.
Our Goat and Kid Button Boots for Ladies, in all styles,
$3.00.

Our Men's Genuine Sewed Calf Shoes, in Button, Lace and Congress, all the nobby shapes,

$3.00!
Joel Swope & Bro.,
311 N. Fourth Street.

The J. M. Ward Furniture Stove and Carpet Co.
1111, 1113 and 1115 Franklin Avenue.
Have now ready for inspection ELEGANT BEDROOM SETS in CHERRY, MAHOGANY and WALNUT; Handsome PARLOR FURNITURE, Beautiful CARPETS, RUGS and EVERYTHING NEEDED in HOUSEKEEPING, which they offer on EASY WEEKLY or MONTHLY PAYMENTS at bedrock prices. Call and be convinced. Open until 9 o'clock every evening.

WAS HE POISONED?

The Sudden and Strange Death of a Young Farmer.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

ONONVILLE, N. Y., September 23.—On Friday, after lunch, E. Wilman, who lived at the State line, Cataraugus County, complained of terrible pains in his stomach and bowels, and Dr. Hostester, of Corydon, Pa., was summoned. Wilman told the doctor that he had been poisoned, but the doctor could see no symptoms. Wilman grew worse, and in the night a messenger was sent for Dr. Tompkins, of Randolph, who arrived at 10 o'clock Saturday. Wilman died about 4 o'clock Saturday afternoon. An inquest was held Sunday, and the stomach was taken by Dr. Day for analysis. Wilman rented his farm this season to a young man named Staples, and Mrs. Wilman was hired by Staples to do the housework. Then Wilman discharged Staples, giving him a coil for the ungathered crop, and Staples gave Mrs. Wilman his note for her wages. Mr. and Mrs. Wilman were members of the E. A. U., an insurance order, and the insurance was in favor of the wife. The next day after the death the wife sent a letter to the insurance order. It is said that at the noon lunch Mr. Wilman ate pumpkin pie, and asked his wife to eat with him but she replied "No, I made that for you." The wife says that her husband had a package in his pocket for some time which he refused to let her see. The family were well to do and the community is much interested to know the cause of Wilman's death.

Choice Silk Umbrellas,
$3 50 to $15. Solid silver plate, and name engraved FREE, with each umbrella.
200 different styles to select from.
MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO.,
Fourth and Locust.
100 visiting cards and copper plate, only $1 50.
Wedding cards; finest work, lowest prices.

MOBILE BAY oysters per dozen 25c, per can 50c, at Et Cetera, 719 Olive.

A MISSING BOY.

Greenbacker Jackson Mourning the Loss of a Young Son.

George M. Jackson, the well-known Greenbacker, is short a 14-year-old son. The boy, whose name is Thomas E. Jackson, with eight other youngsters, went West last June intending to start a Buffalo Bill combination. The "combination" went West in an elegant palace box car loaded with gas and steam pipes, the jingle of which would have answered to scare the tamest horse into bucking. Eight-ninths of the young B. B.'s returned to their homes, but young Jackson declared he would not return until he re-organized a combination and returned to show it to the public. His mother is very anxious concerning him, but his father says the boy's pluck will give him a living anywhere, and were it not for his mother's grief he would let the boy have his trip out.

GILMORE'S BAND at the Exposition this evening.

Select Oysters 25c per dozen,
at DELICATESSEN, 713 Olive street.

A CANDIDATE FOR THE GALLOWS.

The Terrible Crime of a Young Man in Nodaway County, Mo.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

MARYVILLE, Mo., September 23.—John Pence of Atchison Township, Nodaway County, Mo., was arrested, charged with rape, accomplished by placing a drug in some candy and feeding it to four young ladies, all of whom suffered from its effects, and while Miss Alice Johnson was under its influence she was criminally assaulted.

GILMORE'S BAND at the Exposition this evening.

VISITORS should not fail to see the Budweiser display, at Sixth and Locust; first-class restaurant, etc., attached.

LADIES and children who wish to have their bangs cut should visit S. DE FRANCE & Co., 319 N. Broadway, under Mercantile Library Hall. We have on hand all kinds of hair goods; also, the Monte Christo perfumery, masks, etc., for beautifying the skin. All orders promptly attended to. Country orders done on short notice.

S. DE FRANCE & Co.

Select Oysters 25c per dozen,
at DELICATESSEN, 713 Olive street.

POND'S EXTRACT.
THE GREAT VEGETABLE
PAIN DESTROYER and SPECIFIC FOR INFLAMMATION AND HEMORRHAGES.
Rheumatism, Neuralgia. No other preparation has cured so many cases of these distressing complaints as the Extract. Our Plaster is invaluable in these diseases, Lumbago, Pain in Back or Side, etc. Our Ointment (50 cents) for use when removal of clothing is inconvenient, is a great help in relieving inflammatory cases.
Hemorrhages. Bleeding from the Lungs, Stomach, Nose, or from any cause, is speedily controlled and stopped. Our Nasal Syringe (25 cents), and Inhalers ($1.00), are great aids in arresting internal bleeding.
Diphtheria & Sore Throat Use the Extract promptly. It is a sure cure. Delay is dangerous.
Catarrh. The specific for this disease. Cold in Head, etc. Our "Catarrh Cure," specially prepared to meet serious cases, contains all the curative properties of the Extract; our Nasal Syringe, invaluable for use in catarrhal affections, is simple and inexpensive.
Sores, Ulcers, Wounds, Sprains and Bruises. It is healing, cooling and cleansing. Use our Ointment in connection with the Extract; it will aid in healing, softening and in keeping out the air.
Burns and Scalds. For allaying heat and pain it is unrivaled, and should be kept in every family ready for use in case of accidents. A dressing of our Ointment will aid in healing and prevent scars.
Inflamed or Sore Eyes. It can be used without the slightest fear of harm, quickly allaying all inflammation and soreness without pain.
Earache, Toothache and Faceache. When the Extract is used according to directions, its effect is simply wonderful.
Piles, Blind, Bleeding or Itching. It is the greatest known remedy; rapidly curing when other medicines have failed. Pond's Extract Medicated Paper for closet use is a preventive against Chafing and Piles. Our Ointment is of great service where the removal of clothing is inconvenient.
For Broken Breast and Sore Nipples, so cleanly and efficacious that mothers who have once used it will never be without it. Our Ointment is the best emollient that can be applied.
Female Complaints. No physician need be called in for the majority of female diseases if the Extract be used. Full directions accompany each bottle.
CAUTION.
Pond's Extract Has been imitated. The genuine has the words "Pond's Extract" blown in the glass, and our picture trade-mark on surrounding buff wrapper. Always insist on having Pond's Extract, put up in our bottles. Take no other preparation. It is never sold in bulk or by measure.
Price of Pond's Extract, Toilet Articles and Specialties.

POND'S EXTRACT	50c., $1.00, $1.75.		
Toilet Cream	1.00	Catarrh Cure	75
Dentifrice	50	Plaster	25
Lip Salve	25	Inhaler (Glass 50c.)	1.00
Toilet Soap (3 Cakes)	50	Nasal Syringe	25
Ointment	50	Medicated Paper	25

Family Syringe, $1.00.
Prepared only by POND'S EXTRACT CO.,
NEW YORK AND LONDON.

WYMAN'S TRANS-ATLANTIC PARCEL DELIVERY.
The only organization that provides for the transportation of minor packages of every description from all parts of Europe to St. Louis and the West, without detention, examination or expense at the Sea Ports. Our full practical and thorough business is of unrivaled facilities.
GEO. B. WYMAN, 108 Olive st., St. Louis, Mo.

BOYS' ENGLISH

ALWAYS AHEAD
JERSEY-SUITS!
Ages 4 to 10 in fine brown and blue goods, only $7. These are simply beautiful.
Boys' Long Pant Suits, 9 to 13 years, $5, $6 50, $7 50, $8 50 and $10—the best and cheapest Suits in St. Louis for the prices.
Kilt Suits in handsome variety. Prices range from $1 50 to $12.
Our Boys' and Children's Clothing is not only Elegant but it FITS.
F. W. HUMPHREY & CO.,
BROADWAY AND PINE.

SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES.
MISS CLARK'S SCHOOL FOR CHILDREN AND YOUNG LADIES, 2700 LOCUST STREET. Reopens September 21.
PENNSYLVANIA MILITARY ACADEMY, CHESTER, 24th year opens Sept. 16. New buildings, superior equipment, thorough instruction. A Military College. CIVIL ENGINEERING, CHEMISTRY, CLASSICS, ENGLISH. Catalogues of Thos. H. Lartia, esq., corner Anna and Main sts., city, or of Col. Theo. Hyatt, President.

SUFFERING WOMEN.
Read What the Great Methodist Divine and Eminent Physician Says of
DR. J. BRADFIELD'S
Female Regulator.
ATLANTA, GA., Feb. 20, 1884.
DR. J. BRADFIELD: Dear Sir—Some fifteen years ago I examined the recipe of Female Regulator, and carefully studied authorities in regard to its components, and then (as well as now) pronounced it to be the most scientific and skillful combination of the really reliable remedial vegetable agents known to science, to act directly on the womb and uterine organs, and the organs and parts sympathising directly with these; and, therefore, providing a specific remedy for all diseases of the womb, and of the adjacent organs and parts. Yours truly,
JESSE BORING, M. D., D. D.
CAUTION!
The country is flooded with quack nostrums, containing IRON and other injurious ingredients, which claim to cure everything—even FEMALE COMPLAINTS. We say to you, if you value your life, BEWARE OF ALL SUCH!
BRADFIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR
is a purely vegetable compound, and is only intended for the FEMALE SEX. For their peculiar diseases it is an absolute
SPECIFIC!
Sold by all druggists. Send for our treatise on the Health and Happiness of Woman, mailed free, which gives all particulars.
THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO.,
Box 26, Atlanta, Ga.

HOME COMFORT

To the Public.
In establishing our first factory, we had in view the manufacture of Wrought-Iron Ranges that would more fully supply the demand for something better in the way of a cooking apparatus than the ordinary cast-iron stoves or ranges—ranges that would be suitable and specially adapted for the largest hotels and institutions and for families—but we did not anticipate the very large demand for such a class of goods, and soon found it necessary to increase our manufacturing facilities. Our new factory (10th and Washington Avenue) was erected and equipped with all the improved machinery needed to produce the goods more expeditiously, economically, and more strictly first-class. During our stay in the old factory, and for some months after removing to our new one, we did not feel justified in reducing prices much below those of the ordinary wrought-iron ranges; but the time has now come when we feel that with our facilities we ought to furnish our goods not only below the prices of other wrought-iron ranges, but also very little in advance of any first-class cast-iron stove or range. We have arrived at this conclusion after due deliberation, feeling that our increased sales will more than cover the reduction in prices.
WROUGHT IRON RANGE CO.
Manufactory, 10th Washington avenue.
For sale at our Salesroom, 1006 Washington avenue, and by all dealers.